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Associated charged  
Higgs and W boson  
production at LHC

Johan Rathsman

MSSM Higgs

$H^\pm W^\mp$  at LHC

Numerical results

Summary and Outlook

# Associated charged Higgs and W boson production at LHC

David Eriksson, Stefan Hesselbach, Johan Rathsman  
hep-ph/0612198, slides courtesy David Eriksson

High Energy Physics, Uppsala University

XIV Nordic LHC Workshop Stockholm, 2007-05-14

Higgs sector of MSSM

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# Higgs sector of MSSM

## Two Higgs doublet model

$$\Phi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1^+ \\ \phi_1^0 \end{pmatrix}, \Phi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_2^+ \\ \phi_2^0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- ▶ Two vacuum expectation values,  $v_1, v_2$ ,  $\tan \beta = \frac{v_2}{v_1}$

## Physical states

- ▶ Eight degrees of freedom
  - ▶ Three gives mass to  $W^\pm, Z$
- ▶ Five physical Higgs bosons
  - ▶ Three neutral and two charged

## Tree-level MSSM

- ▶ Only two parameters
- ▶  $\tan \beta$  and  $m_A$  ( $m_{H^\pm}$ )
- ▶ gauge couplings

## One-loop contributions

- ▶ SUSY parameters important
- ▶  $t/\tilde{t}$  dominates
- ▶ CP violation from phases of SUSY parameters



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# Experimental constraints on Charged Higgs

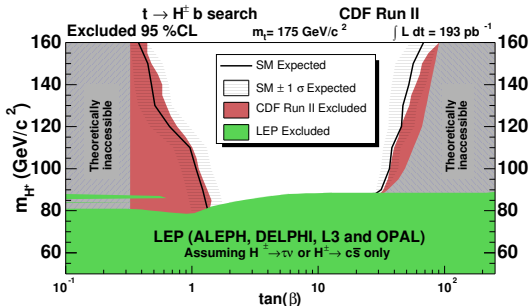
## Limits on the mass

LEP  $m_{H^\pm} \gtrsim 80$  GeV, model independent

Tevatron For  $m_{H^\pm} < m_t$ , slight model dependence

- ▶ Small and large  $\tan\beta$
- ▶ Large BR( $t \rightarrow H^\pm b$ )

B-factories Very model dependent



$m_h^{\max}$  scenario  
maximize  $m_h$

$$M_{\text{SUSY}} = 1000 \text{ GeV}/c^2, \mu = -200 \text{ GeV}/c^2, A_1 = A_2 = \sqrt{6} M_{\text{SUSY}} + \mu / \tan(\beta), A_3 = 500 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

$$M_1 = 0.498 M_2, M_2 = 200 \text{ GeV}/c^2, M_3 = 800 \text{ GeV}/c^2, M_0 = M_U = M_D = M_E = M_L = M_{\text{SUSY}}$$



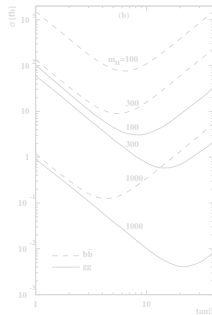
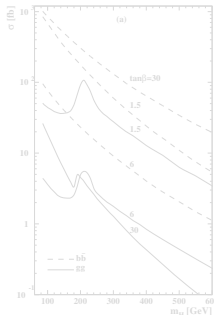
# $H^\pm$ production in association with a $W$

## Motivation

- ▶ Alternative channel
  - ▶ Standard production,  $t \rightarrow H^\pm b$ ,  $gb \rightarrow tH^\pm$ ,  $gg \rightarrow tbH^\pm$
- ▶ CP asymmetries, mixing of neutral Higgs
  - $\rightarrow \sigma(H^+ W^-) \neq \sigma(H^- W^+)$

## $H^\pm$ production in association with a $W$ at LHC

- ▶ Production modes
  - ▶  $b\bar{b} \rightarrow H^\pm W^\mp$
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- ▶  $b\bar{b}$  dominates for large  $\tan\beta$





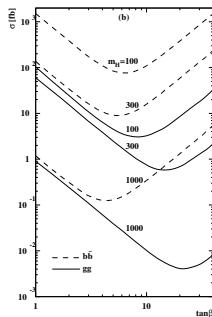
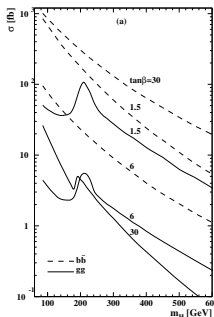
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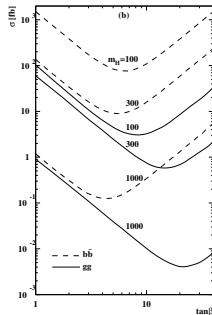
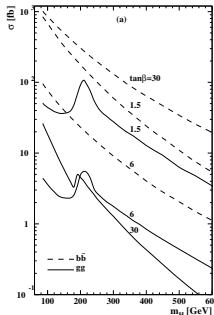
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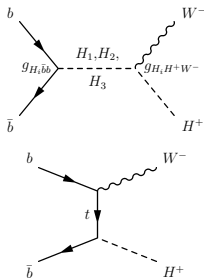




# Our study

$$b\bar{b} \rightarrow H^\pm W^\mp$$

- ▶ Hadronic decay,  $H^\pm \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ 
  - ▶ Study by Moretti et al
  - ▶ No detectable signal due to  $t\bar{t}$  background
- ▶ Leptonic decay,  $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau\nu$ 
  - ▶ Cleaner signal
  - ▶ BR  $\sim 10\%$  for  $m_t > m_{H^\pm}$  if large  $\tan\beta$
- ▶ Signature  $\tau_{\text{jet}} \cancel{p}_\perp + 2 \text{ jets}$



## Irreducible background

- ▶  $W + 2 \text{ jets}$ , generated with ALPGEN

## Feasibility study

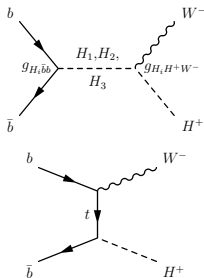
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- ▶  $\tau$ -decay with Taoula, MSSM scenario with FeynHiggs
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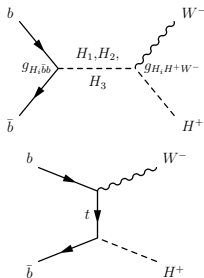
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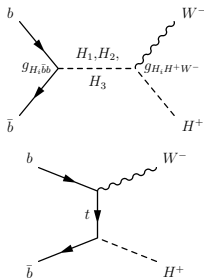
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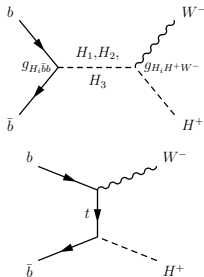
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# Signal selection

Signature  $\tau_{\text{jet}} \not{p}_{\perp} + 2 \text{ jets}$

## Basic cuts

$$|\eta_{\tau_{\text{jet}}}| < 2.5$$

$$|\eta_j| < 2.5$$

$$\Delta R_{jj} > 0.4$$

$$\Delta R_{\tau_{\text{jet}}j} > 0.5$$

$$p_{\perp \text{jet}} > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

## Additional cuts

$$p_{\perp \tau_{\text{jet}}} > 50 \text{ (100) GeV}$$

$$\not{p}_{\perp} > 50 \text{ (100) GeV}$$

$$70 \text{ GeV} < m_{jj} < 90 \text{ GeV}$$

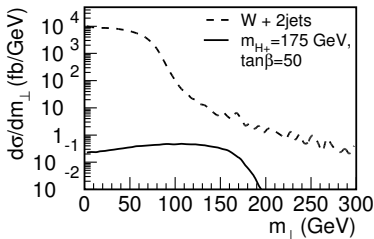
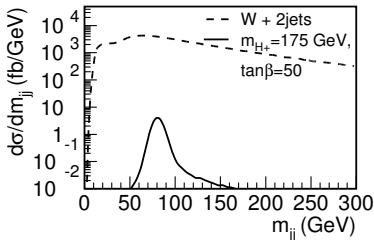
$$m_{\perp} > 100 \text{ GeV}$$

$$p_{\perp hj} > 50 \text{ GeV}, p_{\perp sj} > 25 \text{ GeV}$$

## Reducible backgrounds

alternative cuts on  $p_{\perp \tau_{\text{jet}}}, \not{p}_{\perp}$

$m_H^{\pm} = 175 \text{ GeV}$  and  $\tan \beta = 50$  used for signal selection



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Johan Rathsmann

MSSM Higgs

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Results for  $m_h^{\text{max}}$

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Results for complex MSSM

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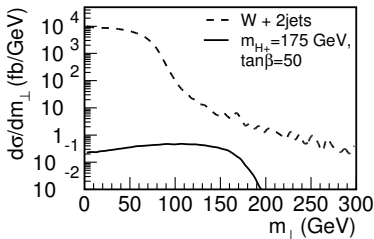
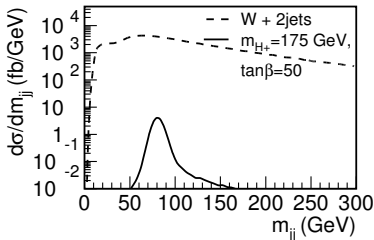
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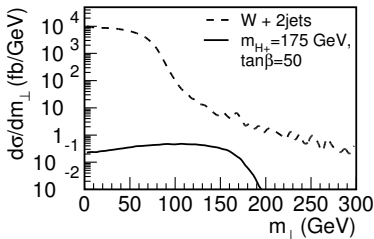
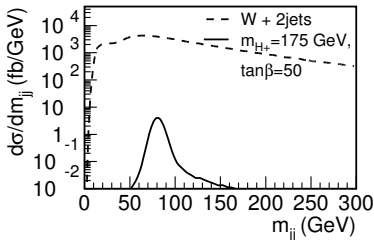
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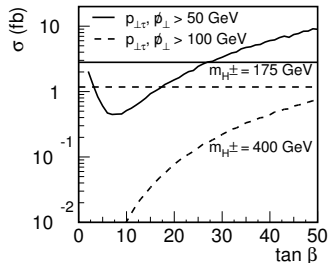
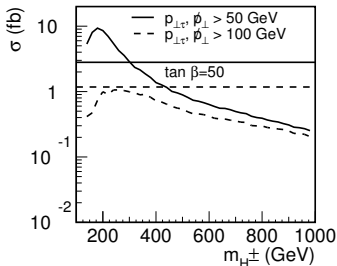
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## Results for MSSM, $m_h^{\max}$ scenario



### Significance

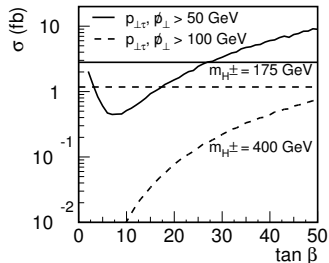
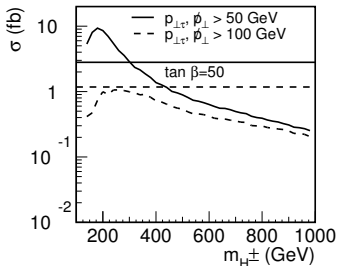
- ▶  $\int \mathcal{L} = 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  and a  $\tau$ -efficiency of 30%
- ▶ Horizontal lines correspond to  $S/\sqrt{B} = 5$

### Viable signal

- ▶  $150 \text{ GeV} \lesssim m_{H^\pm} \lesssim 300 \text{ GeV}$  for  $\tan \beta = 50$  if softer cuts
- ▶  $\tan \beta \gtrsim 30$  for  $m_{H^\pm} = 175 \text{ GeV}$  if softer cuts



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# CP asymmetry

## CP violation

- ▶ Mixing in the neutral sector,  $H_1, H_2, H_3$
- ▶ Different cross-section for  $H^+$  and  $H^-$

## CP asymmetry

$$A_{\text{CP}} = \frac{\sigma(pp \rightarrow H^+ W^-) - \sigma(pp \rightarrow H^- W^+)}{\sigma(pp \rightarrow H^+ W^-) + \sigma(pp \rightarrow H^- W^+)}$$

## How large asymmetry can we get?

- ▶ Conditions
  - ▶ Mixing in the neutral sector
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- ▶ Kinematics of differential cross-section
  - ▶ 1 resonance:  $|A_{\text{CP}}| \sim \mathcal{O}(\frac{\Gamma}{m})$
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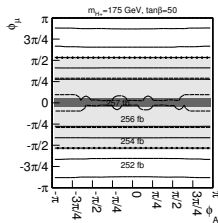
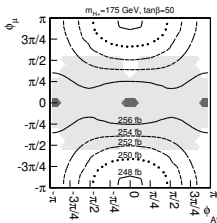
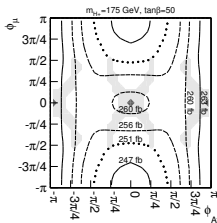
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# Results for MSSM with complex parameters

Total cross-section in different versions  $m_h^{\max}$  scenario

- ▶ Expect largest dependence on phases of  $\mu$  and  $A_t$



## Limits on phases

- ▶ Muon magnetic moment,  $|\phi_\mu| \lesssim \pi/2$  allowed
- ▶ The  $\rho$ -parameter, light shaded areas allowed
- ▶ Electric dipole moments, dark shaded areas allowed

## CP asymmetry

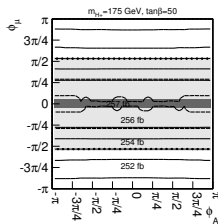
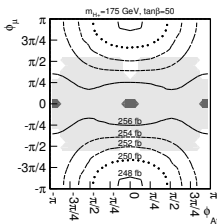
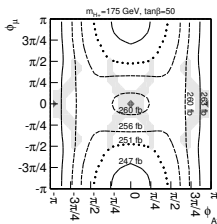
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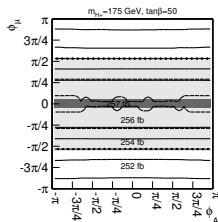
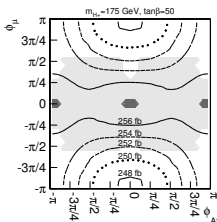
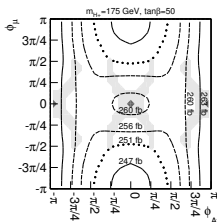




# Results for MSSM with complex parameters

Total cross-section in different versions  $m_h^{\max}$  scenario

- ▶ Expect largest dependence on phases of  $\mu$  and  $A_t$



## Limits on phases

- ▶ Muon magnetic moment,  $|\phi_\mu| \lesssim \pi/2$  allowed
- ▶ The  $\rho$ -parameter, light shaded areas allowed
- ▶ Electric dipole moments, dark shaded areas allowed

## CP asymmetry

- ▶  $|A_{CP}| \lesssim 0.3\%$



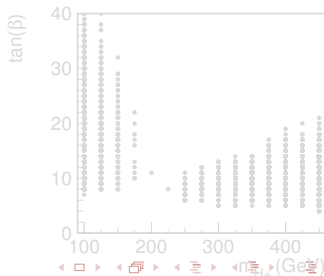
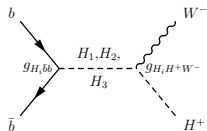
# Resonant enhancement

## Special MSSM scenarios

- ▶ Large 1-loop and 2-loop corrections
- ▶ Large mass splitting between  $A$  and  $H^\pm$
- ▶ Resonant  $m_A > m_{H^\pm} + m_{W^\mp}$

### How special?

- ▶ Perturbative stability
- ▶ Fine tuning
- ▶ Parameter scan



	$m_h^{\max}$	Resonant scenario		
	full	tree-level	1-loop	full
$m_{h^0}$	136	89	95	118
$m_{H^0}$	151	157	188	168
$m_{A^0}$	<b>151</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>258</b>
$m_{H^\pm}$	<b>175</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>175</b>



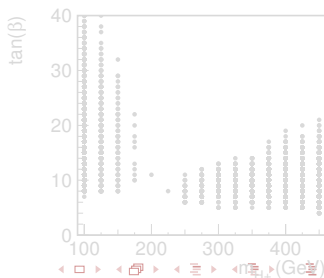
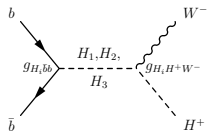
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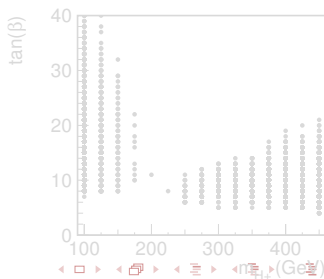
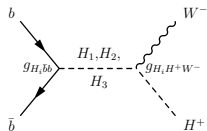
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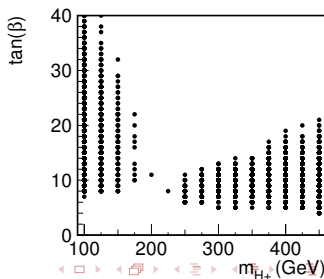
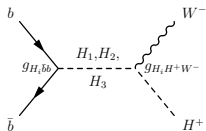
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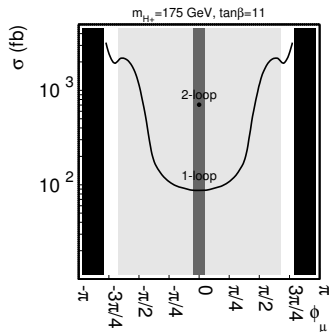
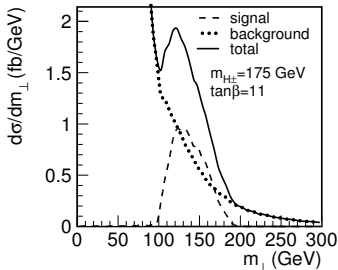
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## Resonant scenario



## Results for resonant scenario

- ▶ Large enhancement of cross-section from resonant effects
- ▶ Higher significance,  $S/\sqrt{B} = 56$
- ▶ Large dependence on CP phase,  $\phi_\mu$
- ▶ Small CP asymmetry, with 1-loop calculation



# Summary and Outlook

## Summary

- ▶  $H^\pm$  is a clear new physics signal
- ▶  $pp \rightarrow H^\pm W^\mp$  supplementary channel
- ▶  $m_h^{\max}$ , “Standard MSSM”, softer cuts
  - ▶  $150 \text{ GeV} \lesssim m_{H^\pm} \lesssim 300 \text{ GeV}$  for  $\tan \beta = 50$
  - ▶  $\tan \beta \gtrsim 30$  for  $m_{H^\pm} = 175 \text{ GeV}$
  - ▶ CP violation hard to detect
- ▶ Resonant MSSM scenario
  - ▶ Large enhancement of cross-section from resonant effects
  - ▶ Large dependence on complex phases

## Outlook

- ▶ Only parton level so far
- ▶ General Two Higgs doublet model or NMSSM
  - ▶ Tree-level resonance
  - ▶ Enhanced cross-section from resonant production
  - ▶ Enhanced CP asymmetries



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