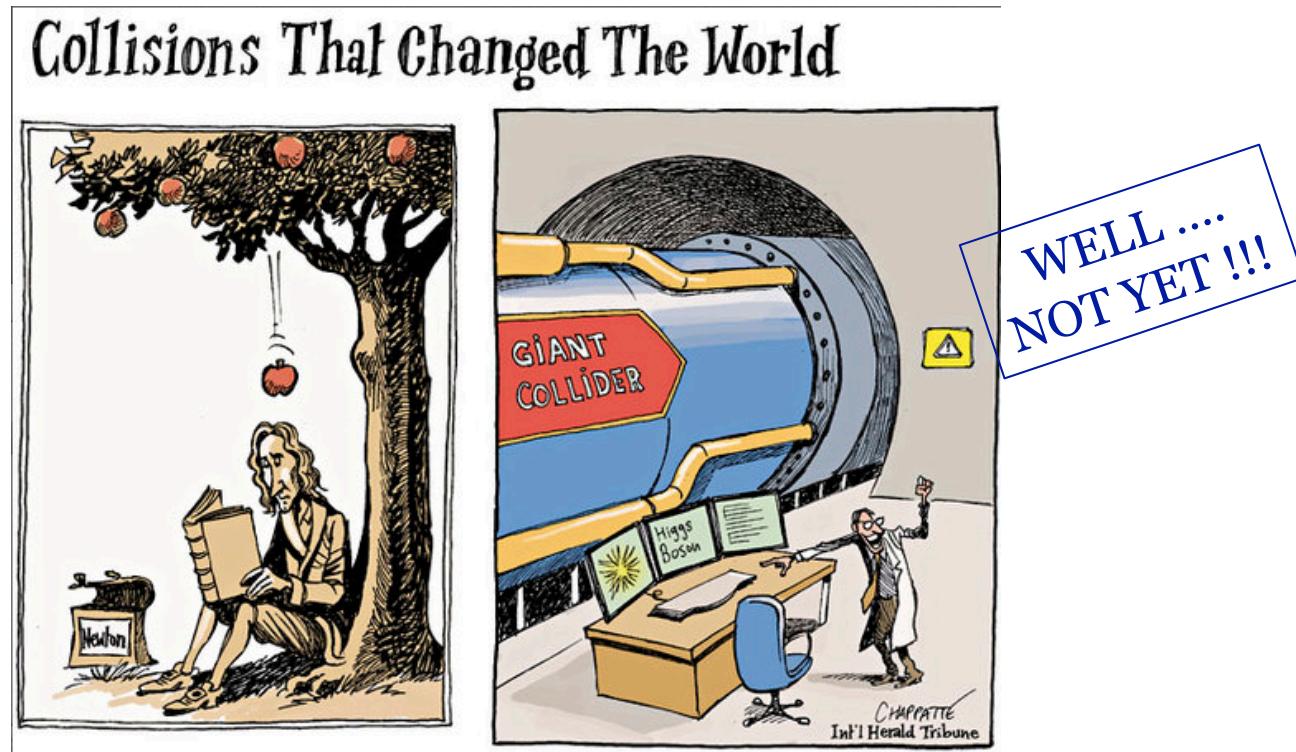


SM Higgs Boson searches in CMS



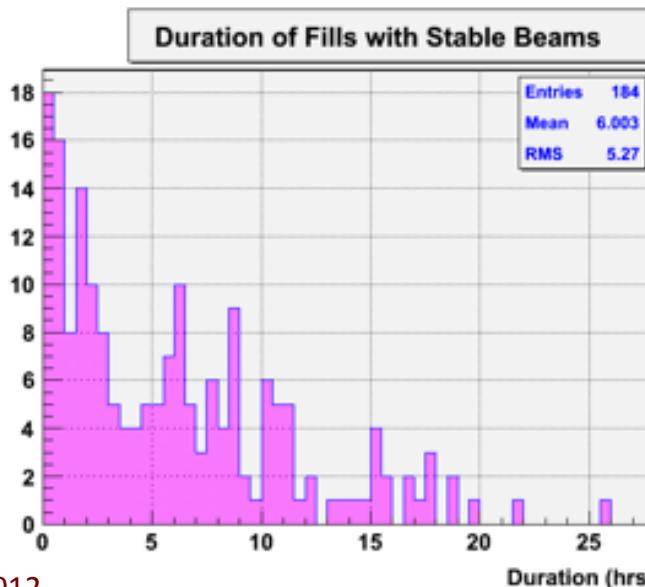
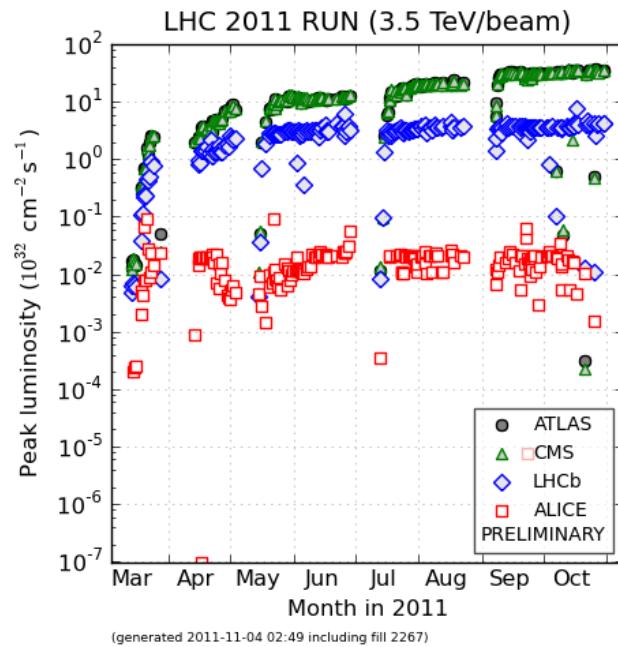
Chiara Mariotti
Origin of Mass 2012 – Nordita – Stockholm

Introduction

- The LHC started 9 years after the end of LEP.
- The detectors were ready and soon we realized that we were indeed understanding them.
- The start-up from the physics point of view was very successful and we got immediately tons of results!
- The statistical precision is enough already now to distinguish the relevance of Higher Order (NLO vs LO and more).
W.r.t. LEP, theoretical predictions are ready in advance and can match the experimental precision...
- There is still a long way to go (at 8 TeV, 14 TeV and ...) and we all hope to discover the Higgs (!) but also something new, maybe totally unexpected.

LHC in 2011

Peak Lumi
 3.3×10^{33}

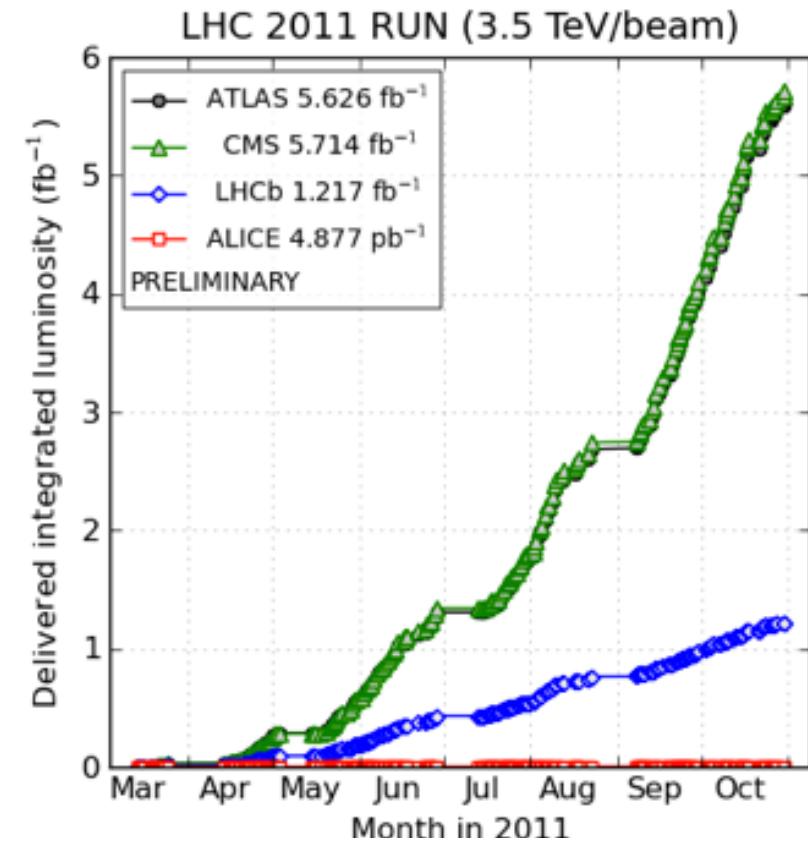


Best Fill

Stockholm 12/6/2012

Simply magnificent !!!

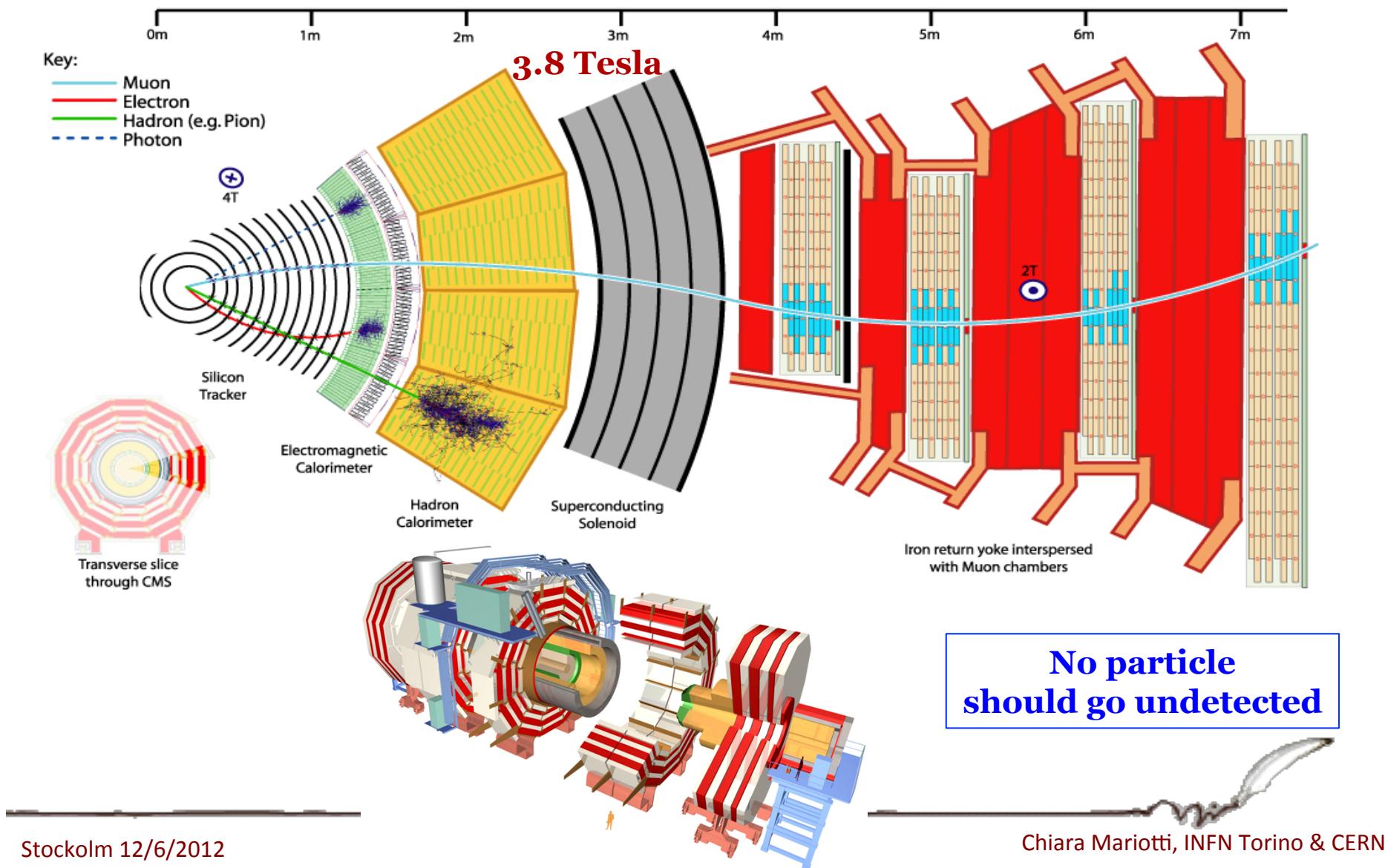
Total Lumi



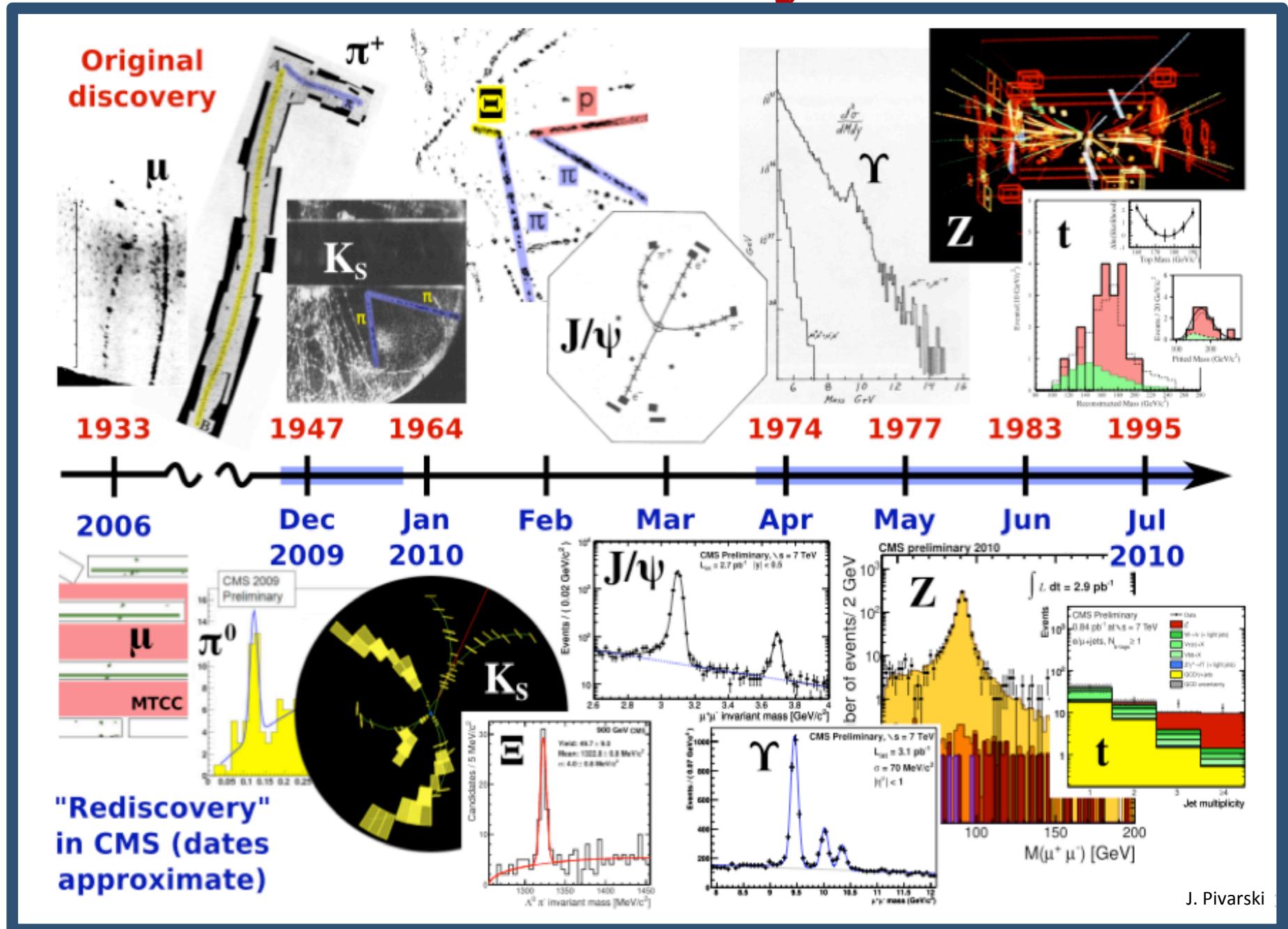
~90% recorded by the ATLAS and CMS

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The Experiments: CMS

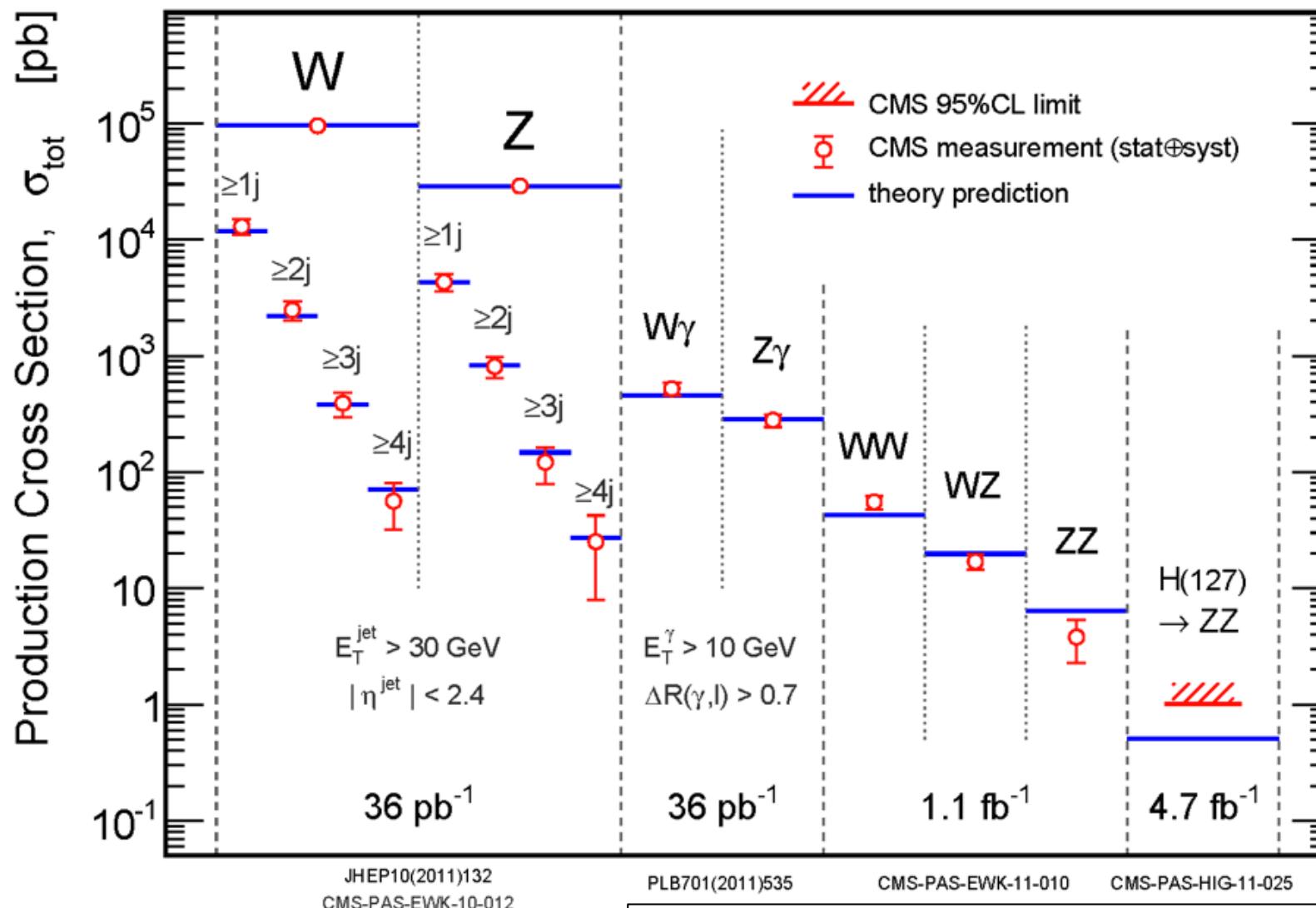


S.M. rediscovery in 2010



And more in 2011

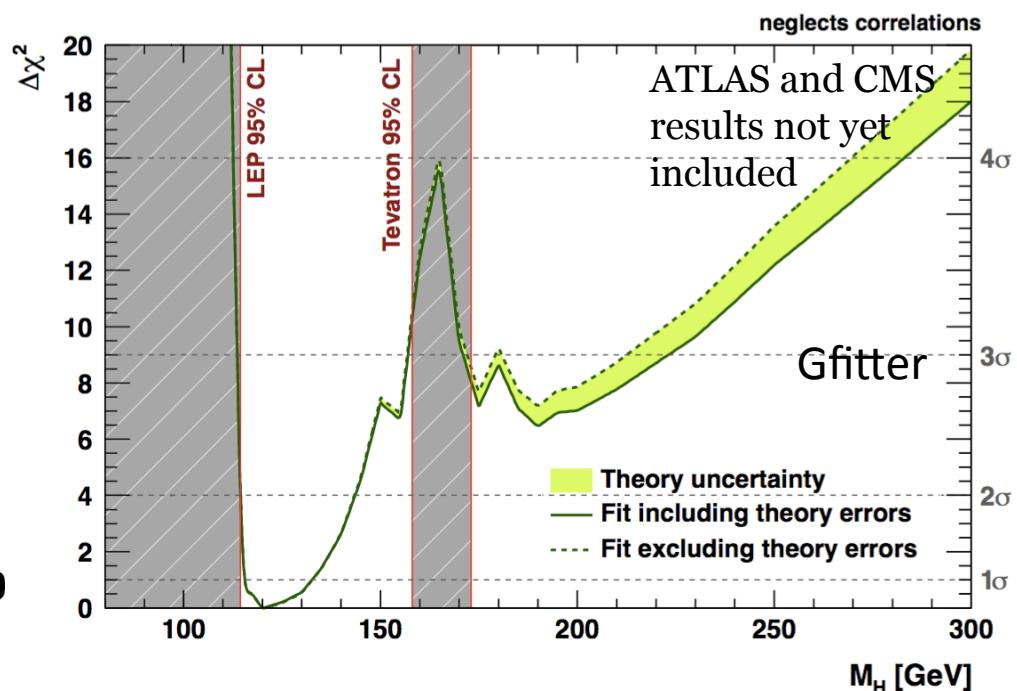
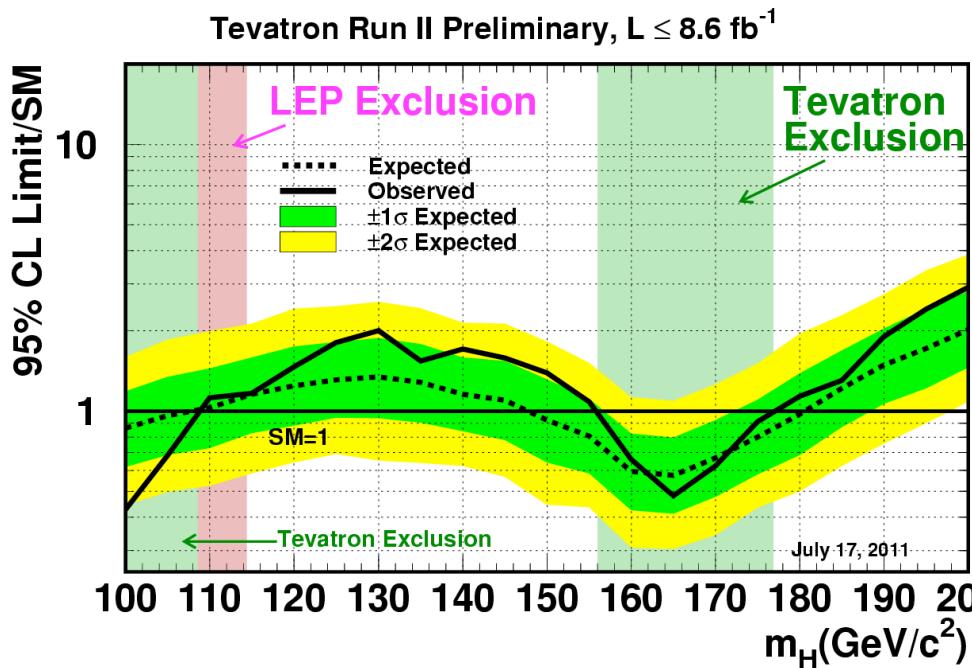
CMS



In our present dataset ($\sim 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) we have (after selection cuts):

- $\sim 30 \text{ M } W \rightarrow \mu\nu, e\nu$ events
- $\sim 3 \text{ M } Z \rightarrow \mu\mu, ee$ events
- ~ 60000 top-pair events

The Higgs before LHC



- Direct searches
 - LEP: $M_H > 114.4 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL
 - Tevatron: $|M_H - 166| > 10 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL
- Indirect constraints from precision EW measurements
 - $M_H = 96^{+31}_{-24} \text{ GeV}$, $M_H < 169 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL (standard fit)
 - $M_H = 120^{+12}_{-5} \text{ GeV}$, $M_H < 143 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL (including direct searches)

The LHC Higgs Cross Section WG

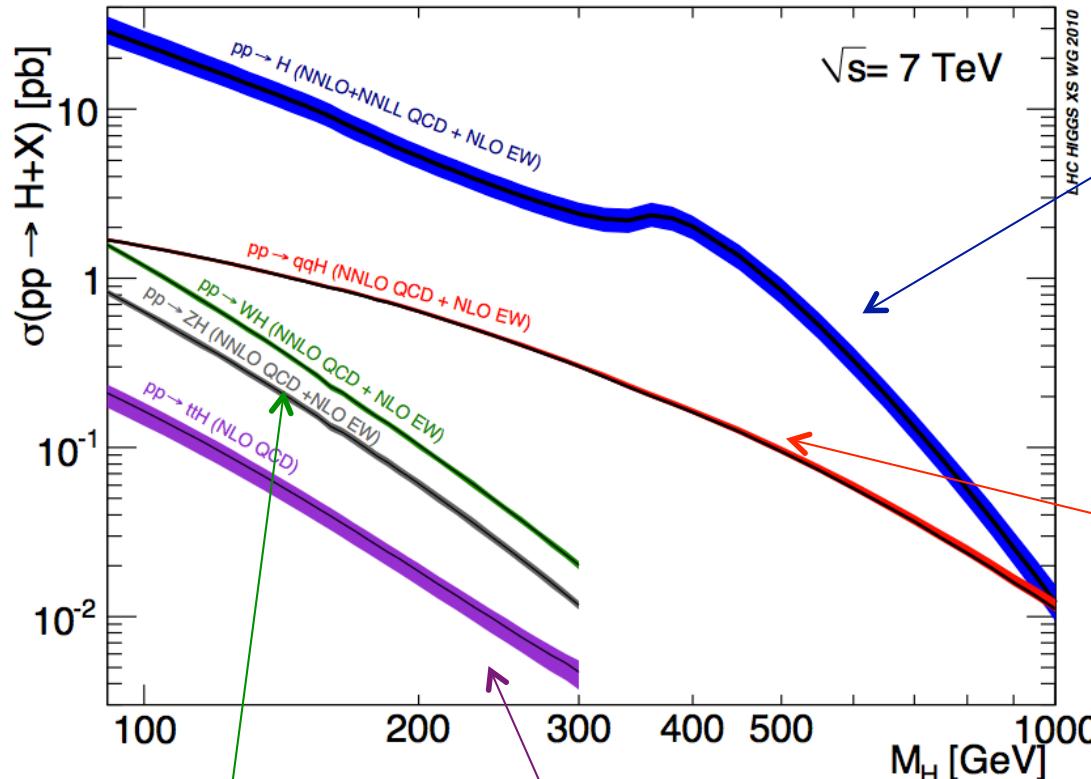
- About 2.5 years ago, exactly the day LHC was delivering the first collision to the experiments, a group formed by TH and EXP (the LHC Higgs Cross Section WG) was founded in order to provide precise Higgs predictions.
- The goal was to access the most advanced theory predictions for the Higgs Cross Section and Branching Ratio: central value and uncertainties



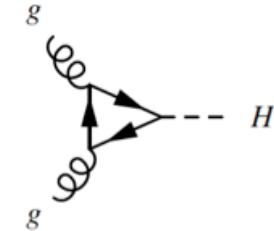
- Experiments are thus from day “1” coherently using the **COMMON INPUTS** provided by the LHC H XS WG (CERN-2011-002, “YR1”, and CERN-2012-002, “YR2”).
This facilitates the comparison and the combination* of the individual results

*LHC Higgs Combination group. Only experimentalists

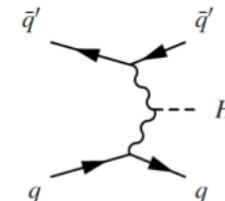
Inclusive Cross Sections



ggF: NNLO+NNLL QCD + NLO EW

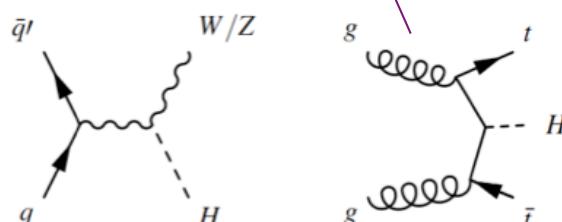


qqH: NNLO QCD + NLO EW



	$K_{\text{NNLO/NLO}} (K_{\text{NLO/LO}})$	Scale	PDF+a _s	Total error
ggF	+25% (+100%)	+12% -7%	±8%	+20 -15%
VBF	<1% (+5-10%)	±1%	±4%	±5%
WH/ ZH	+2-6% (+30%)	±1%	±4%	±5%
ttH	- (+5-20%)	+4% -10%	±8%	+12 -18%

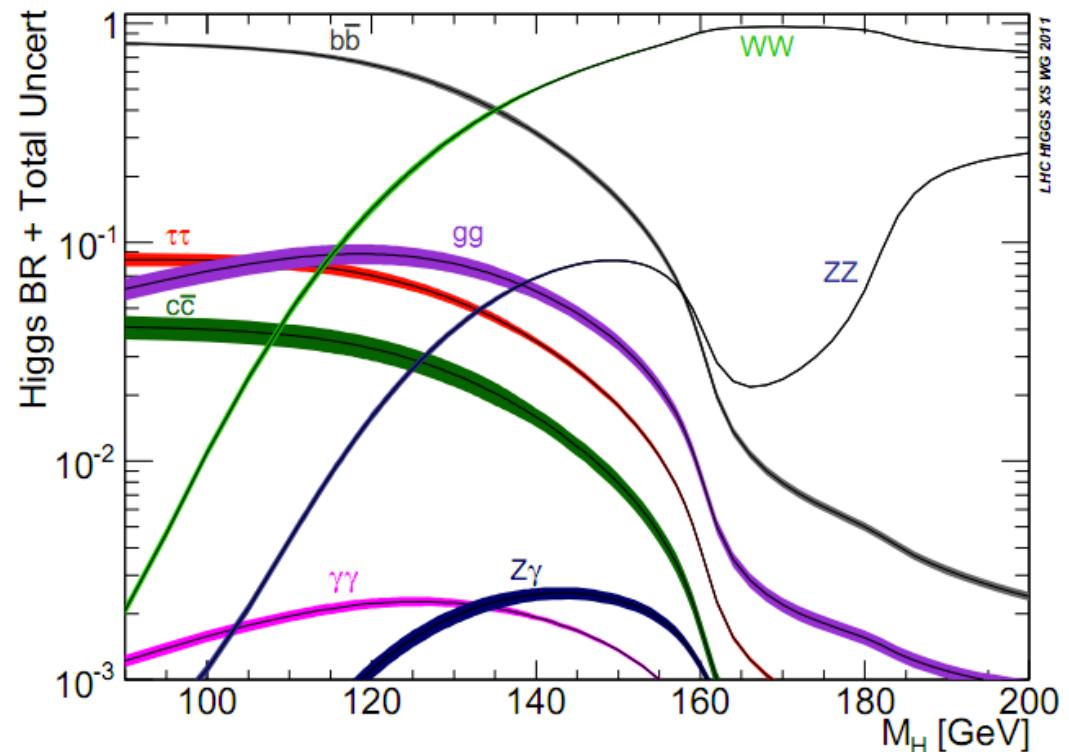
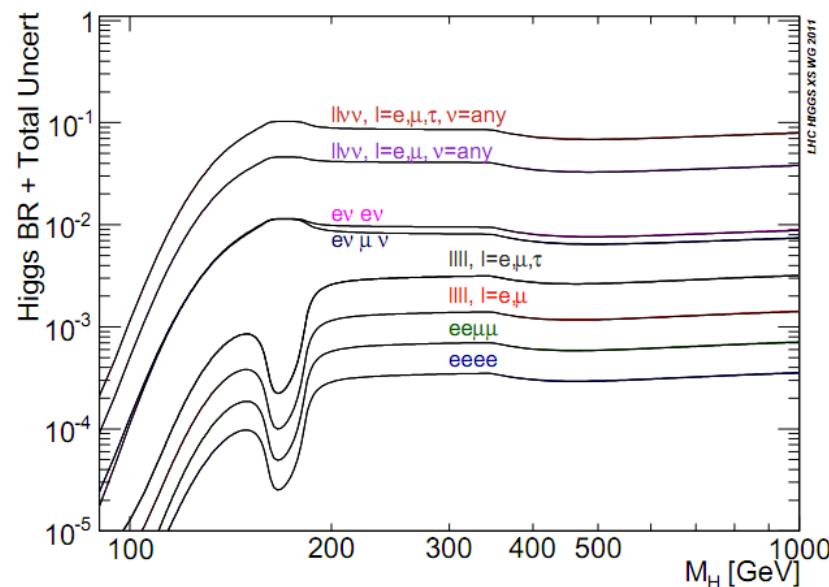
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Branching Ratios

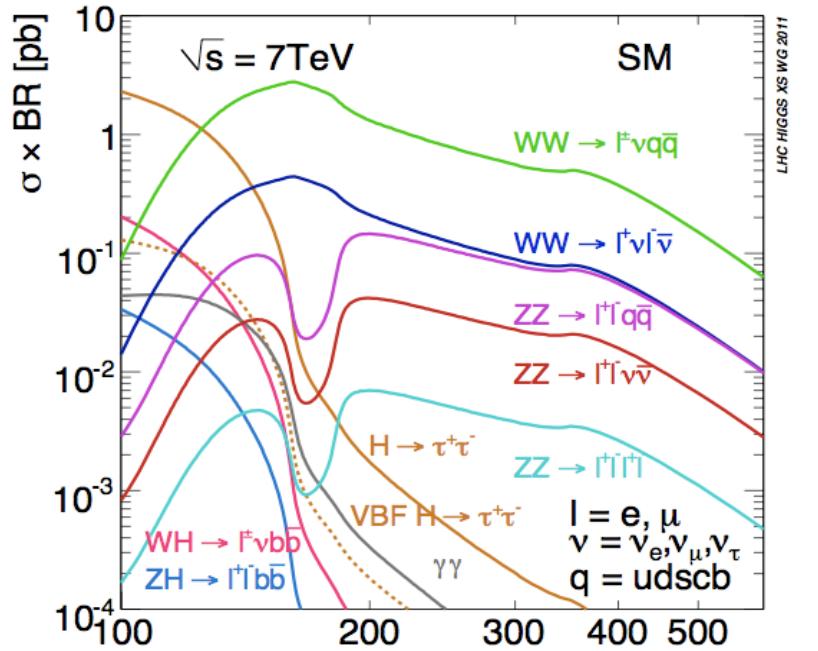
$$\Gamma_H = \Gamma_{\text{HD}}^{\text{HD}} - \Gamma_{\text{ZZ}}^{\text{HD}} - \Gamma_{\text{WW}}^{\text{HD}} + \Gamma_{4f}^{\text{Prophe.}} + \Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}^{\text{HD}} \delta_{\gamma f f}^{\text{QED}}$$

MH	Decay	THU	PU	Total
120 GeV	H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\pm 2.5\%$	$\pm 5.4\%$
	H $\rightarrow b\bar{b}$	$\pm 1.3\%$	$\pm 1.5\%$	$\pm 2.8\%$
	H $\rightarrow\tau\tau$	$\pm 3.6\%$	$\pm 2.5\%$	$\pm 6.1\%$
150 GeV	H $\rightarrow WW$	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.9\%$
	H $\rightarrow ZZ$	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.9\%$



HD=HDecay
Proph = Prophecy4f NLO QCD+NLO EW

Higgs search strategy

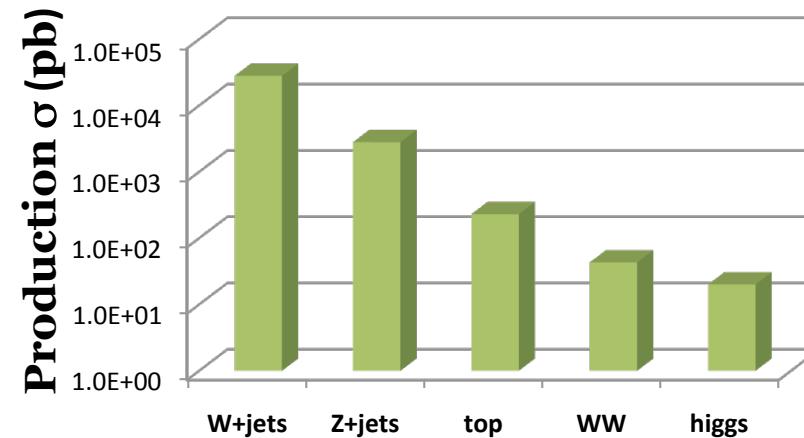


Events expected to be produced with $L=1\text{ fb}^{-1}$

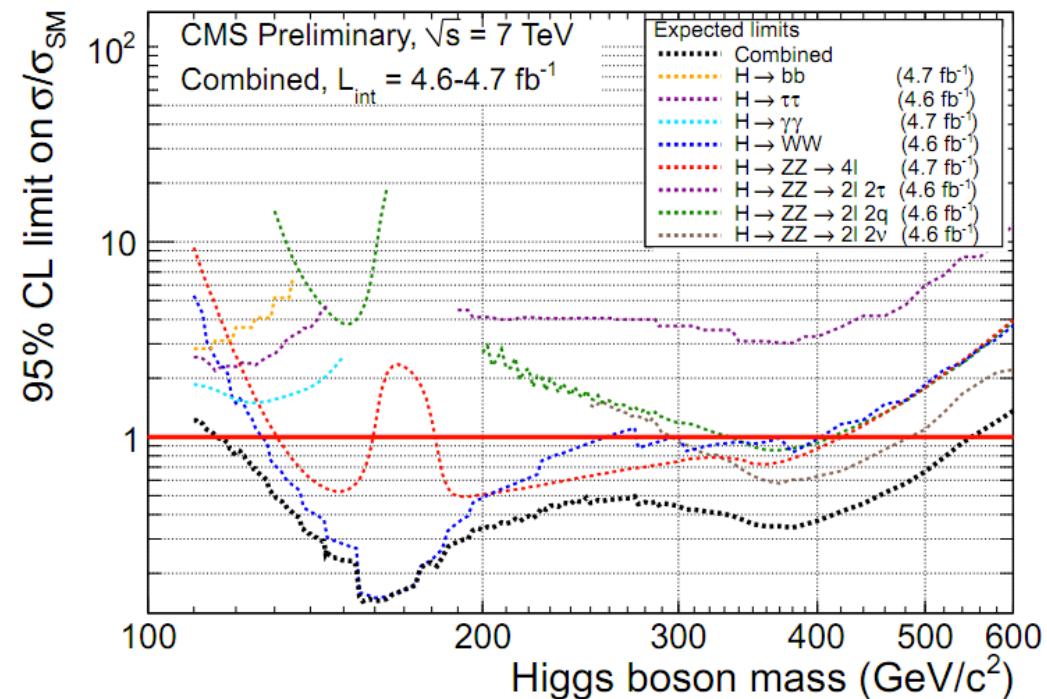
$m_H, \text{ GeV}$	$WW \rightarrow l l v v$	$ZZ \rightarrow 4l$	$\gamma \gamma$
120	127	1.5	43
150	390	4.6	16
300	89	3.8	0.04



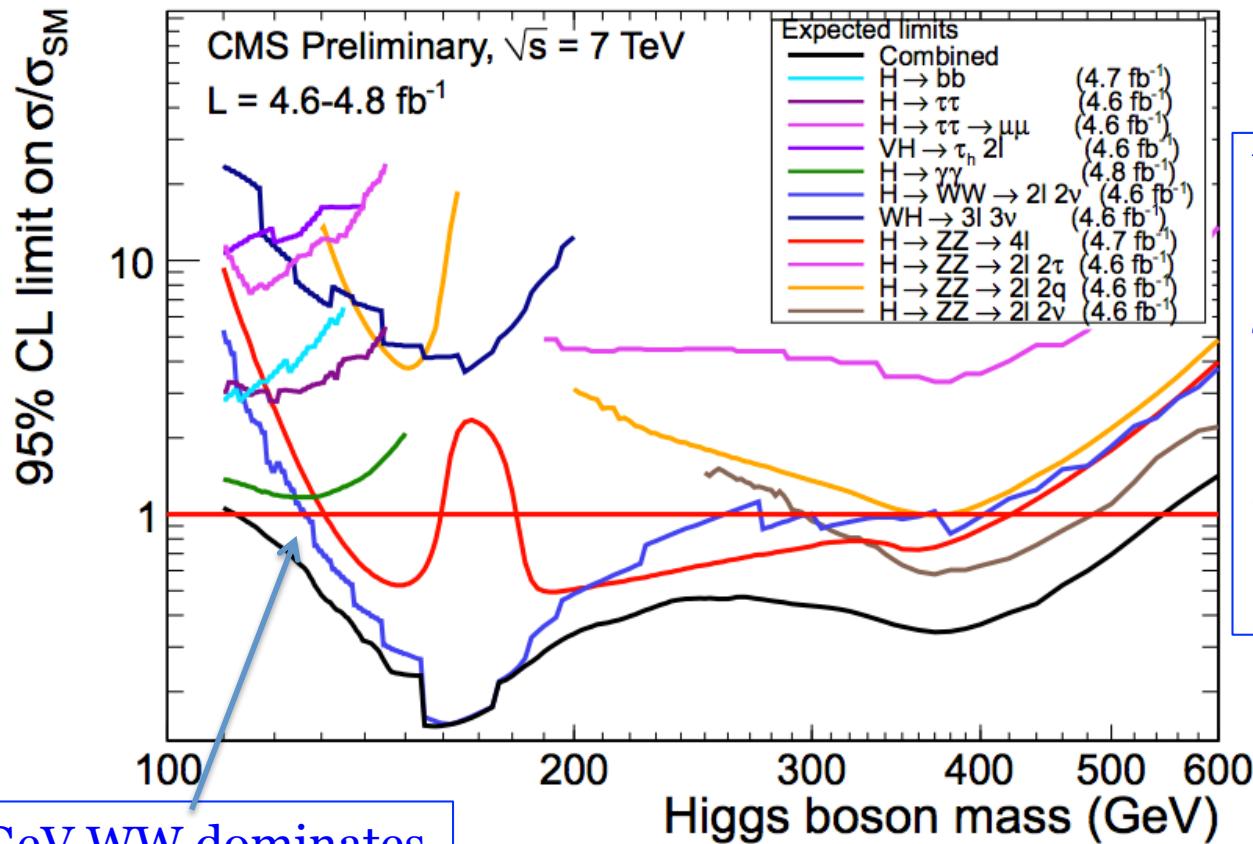
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Higgs production cross section tiny compared to other QCD and EWK processes



Higgs search strategy



bb/ $\tau\tau$ /WW
Poor mass resol

$\gamma\gamma$ and 4l
Excellent mass resol

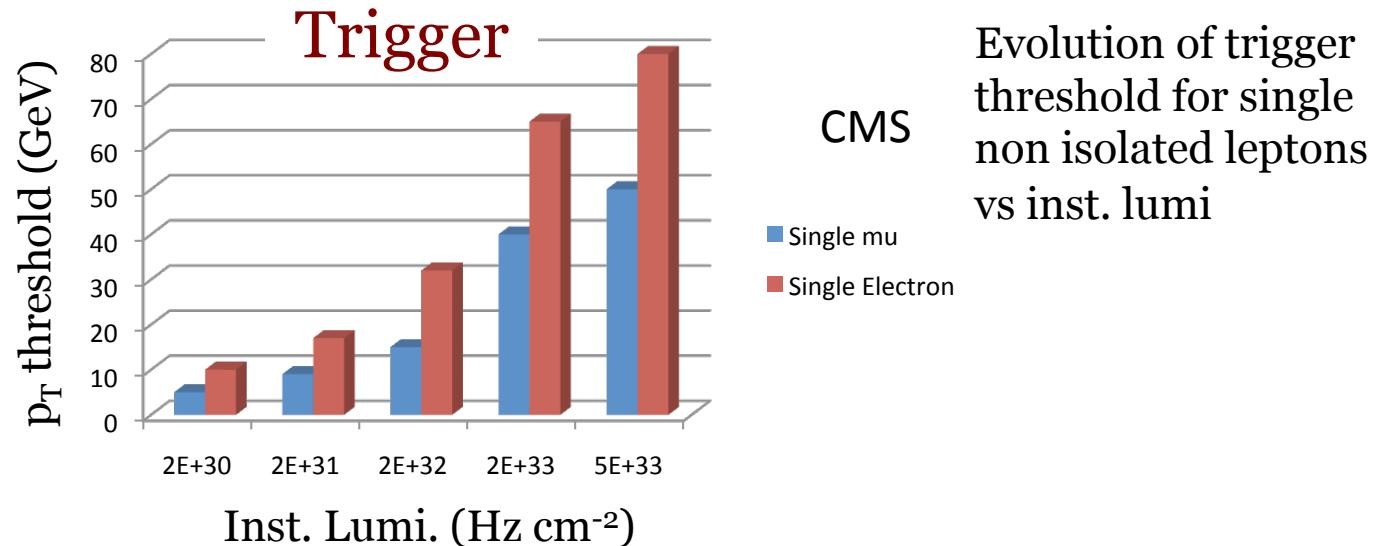
4l is \sim backg free
Single event has
an impact

$m_H < 135 \text{ GeV}$
 $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ exclusion and discovery
 $H \rightarrow 4l$ exclusion and discovery
 $H \rightarrow WW/\tau\tau/bb$

$140 < m_H < 180 \text{ GeV}$
 $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 2l 2\nu$
 $ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ also

$m_H > 180 \text{ GeV}$
 $H \rightarrow ZZ$ channels for
discovery
 $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu jj$

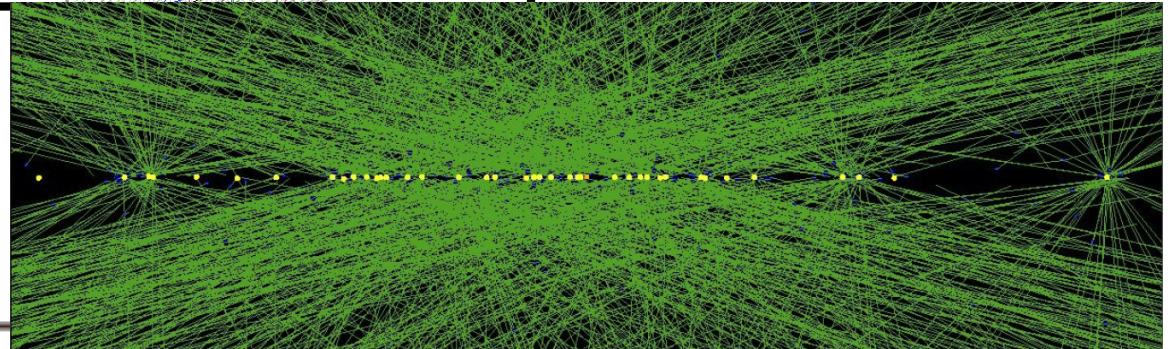
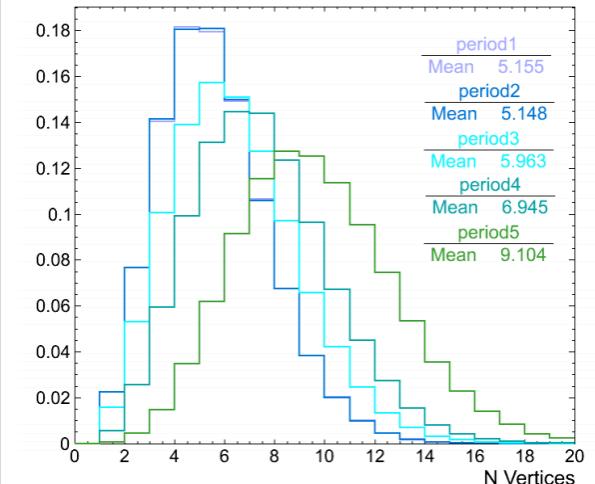
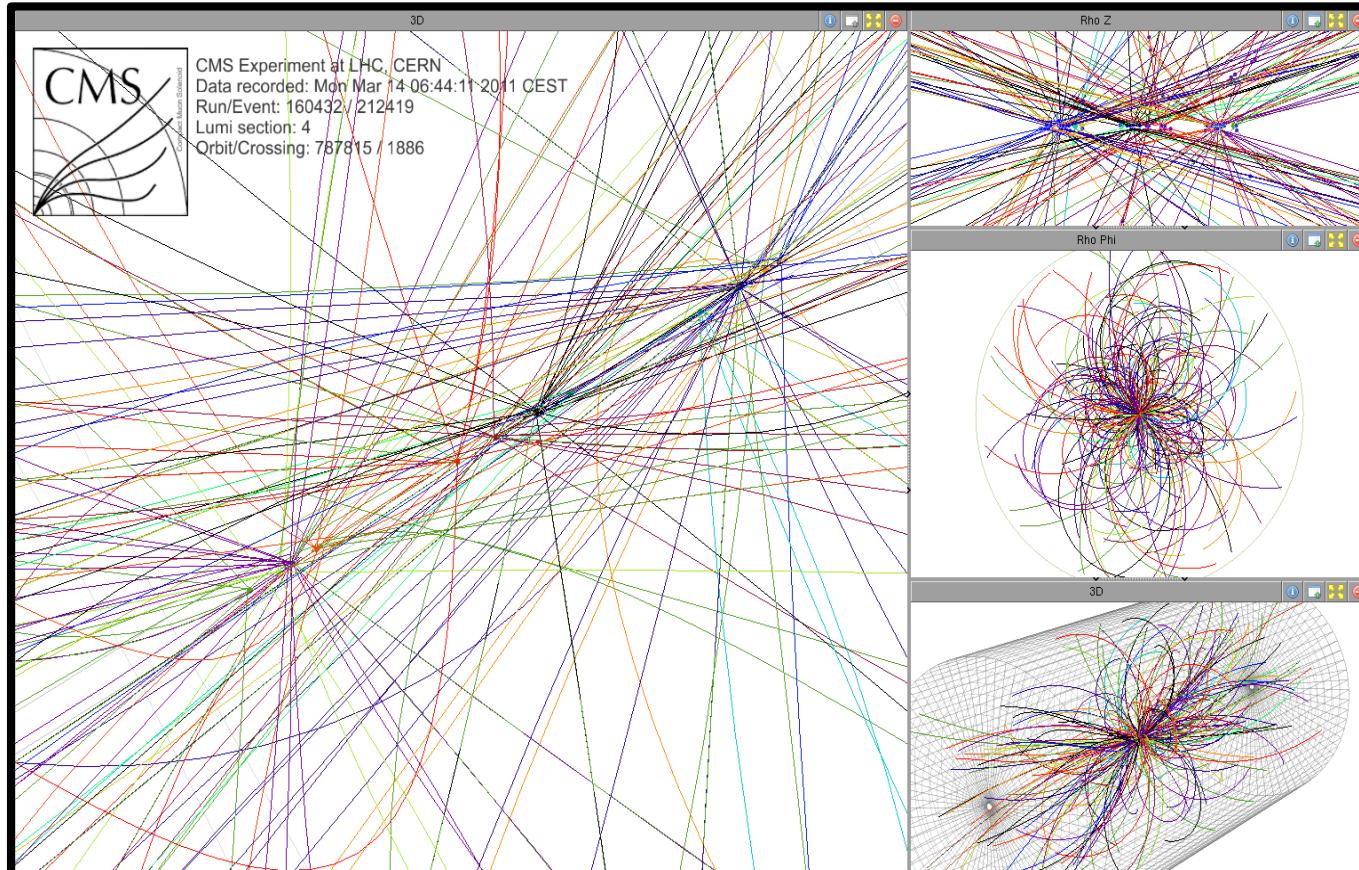
The challenge of the high Lumi



- Inclusive triggers have reached such high thresholds that can not be used anymore for many analyses
- In the context of each analysis dedicated triggers suitable for the specific final state have to be devised:
 - H->WW->llvv, H->ZZ-> 4l: Double mu and double electron thresholds at (17,8) GeV
 - H-> $\gamma\gamma$: Double photon (36,18) GeV
- Challenging for the low mass Higgs searches

Pile-up: a “manageable nuisance”

V.Sharma

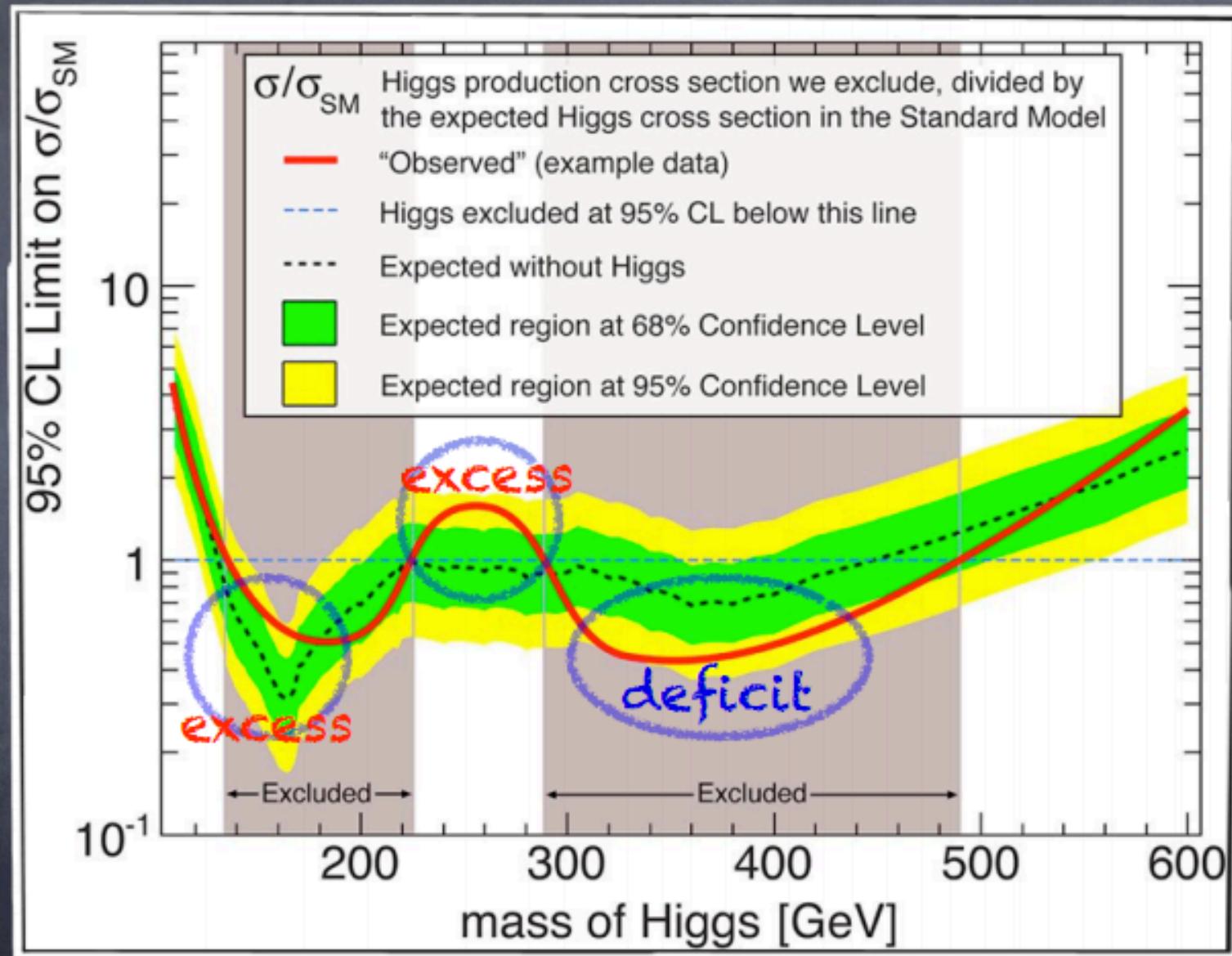


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Event with 40 reconstructed vertices from the high PU fill

Understanding The Yellow and Green Bands

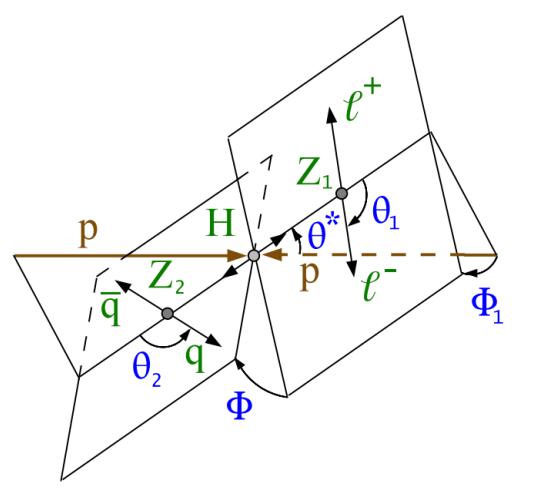
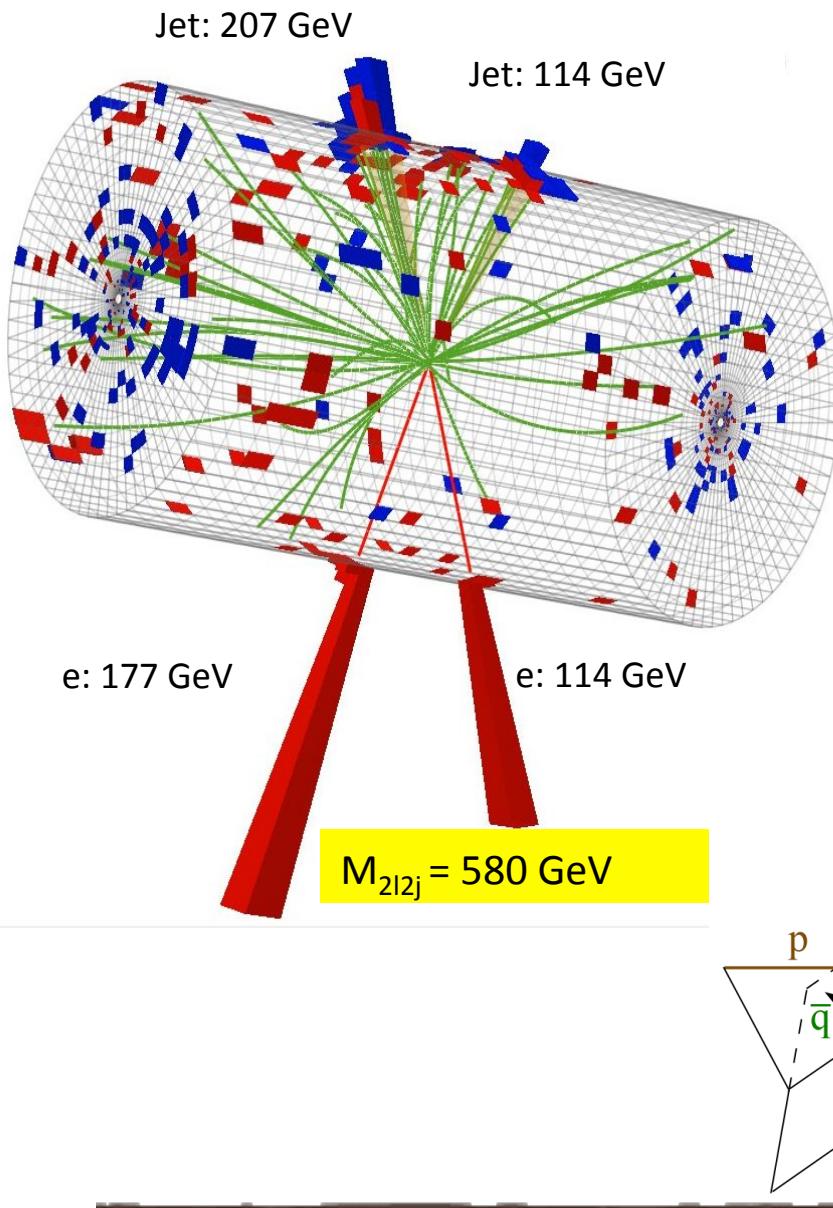
$$\mu = \frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{SM}}$$



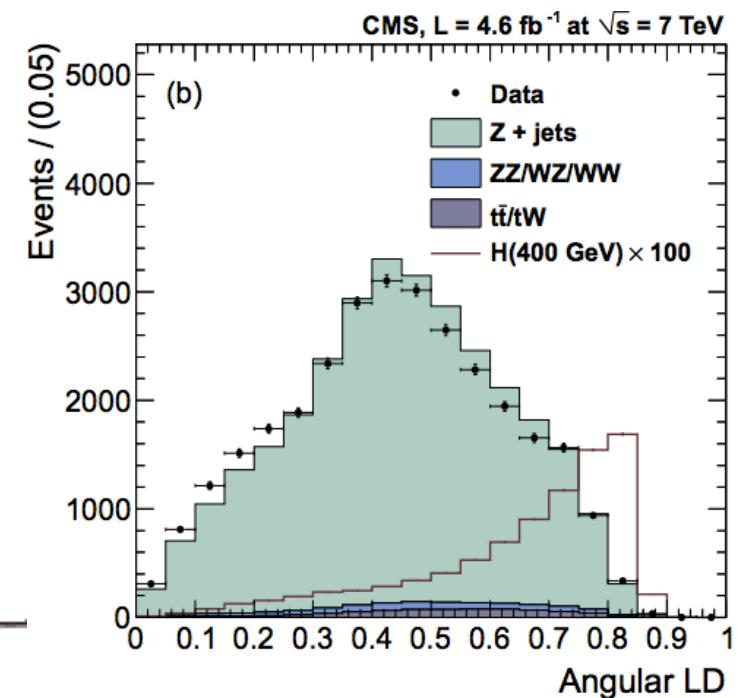
The High Mass



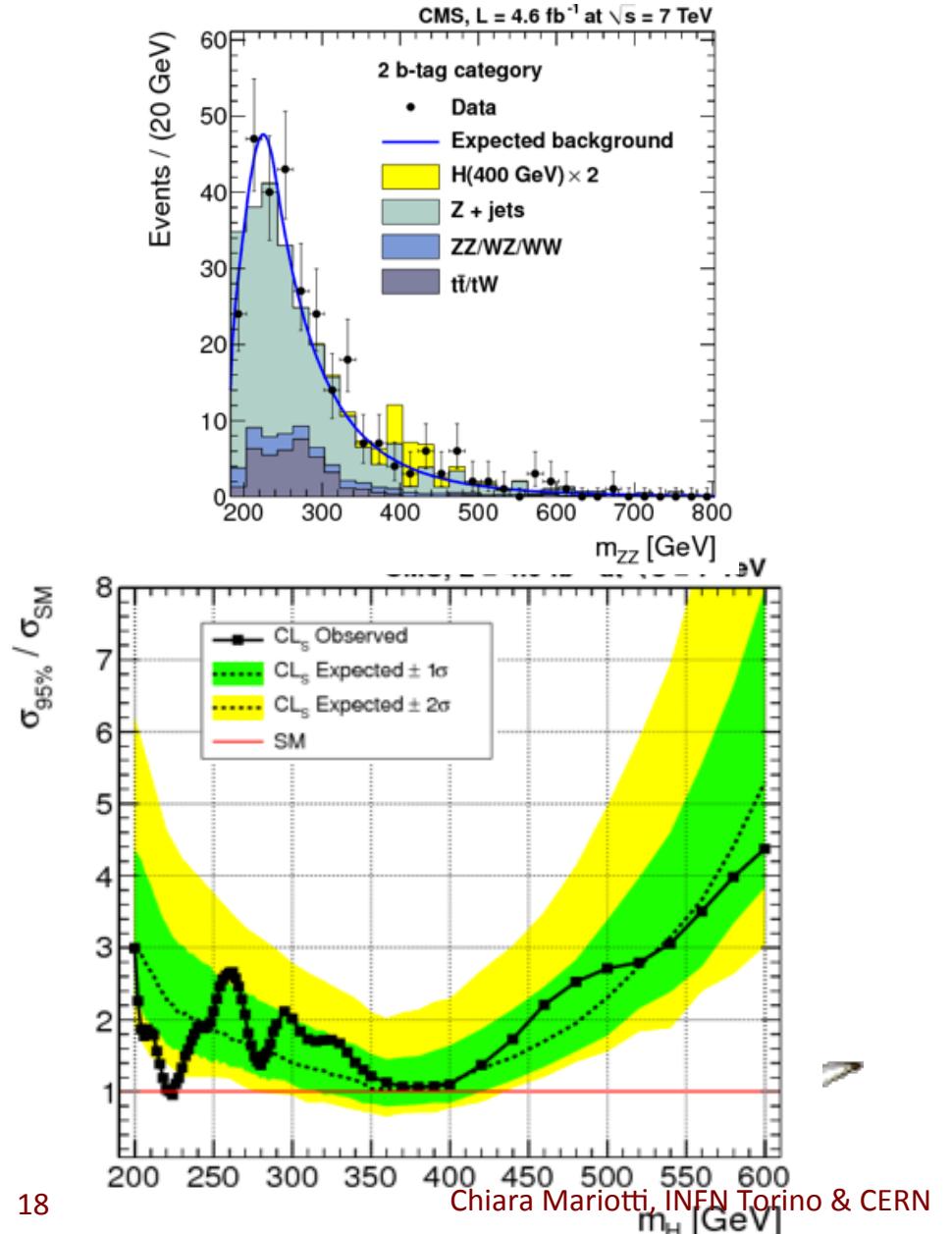
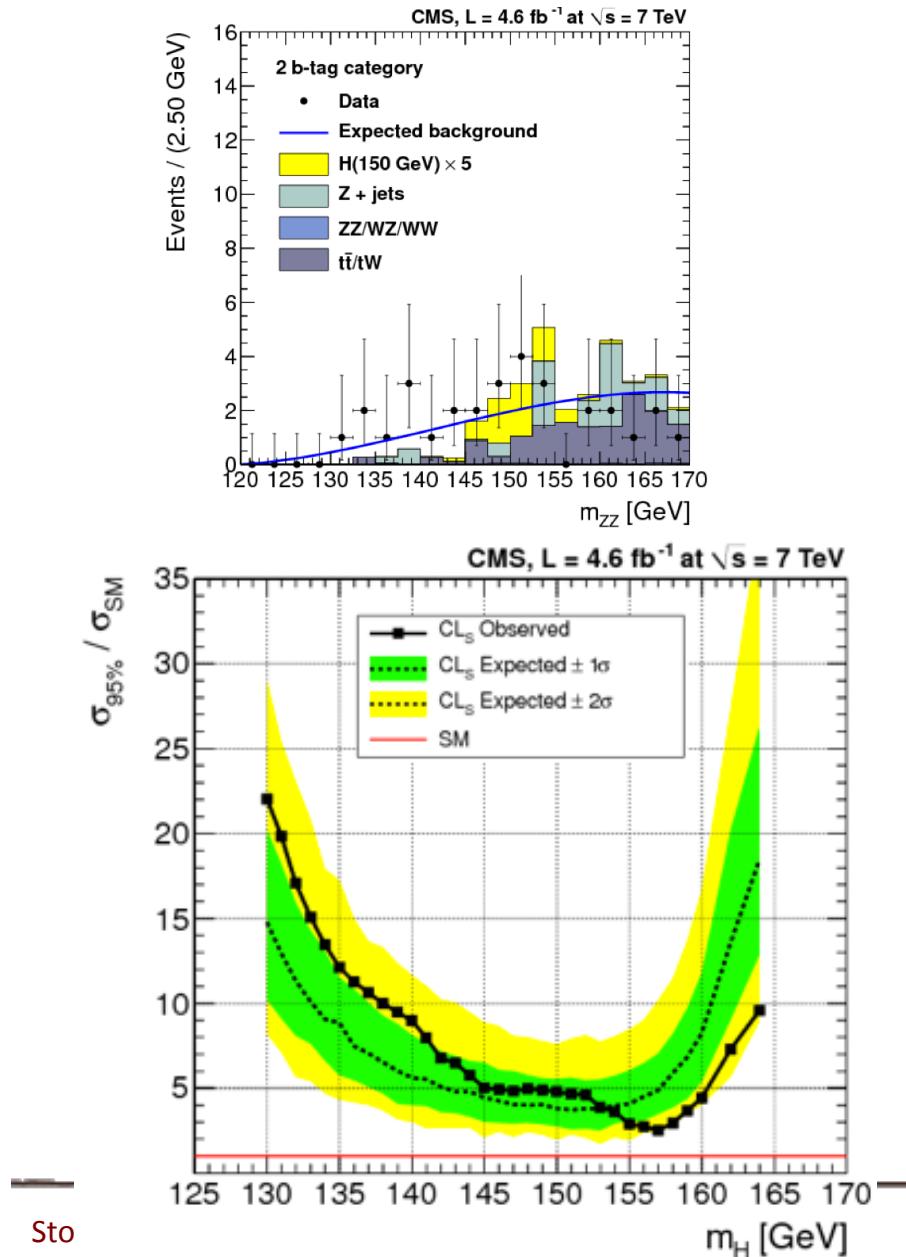
H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow llqq



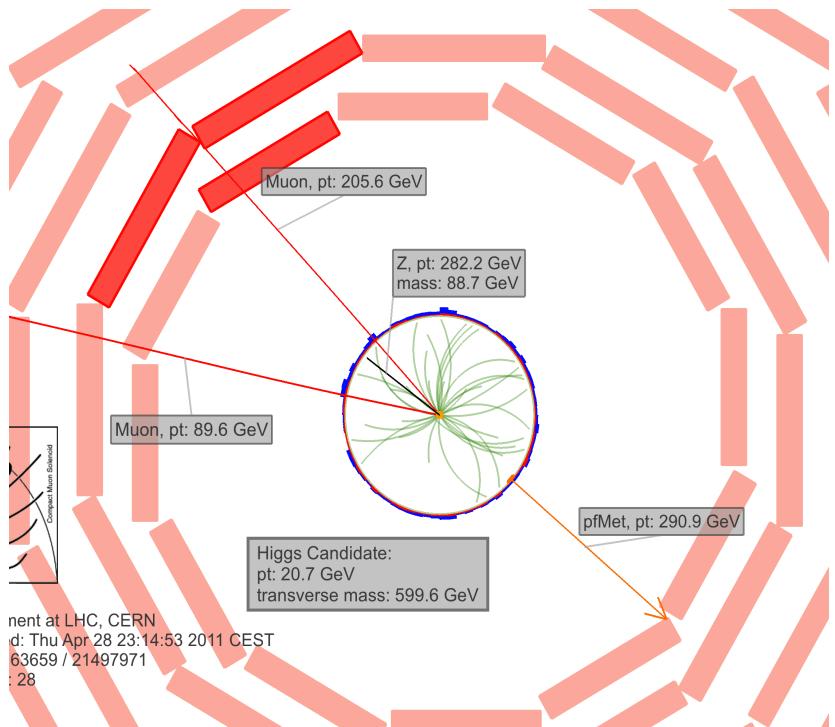
- Highest rate amongst all H \rightarrow ZZ final states
- Search for a peak ($\sigma \sim 10 \text{ GeV}$) in M_{2l2j} distribution
- Events categorized by presence of 0, 1, 2 b-jets
- Major background: Z+jets ; ttbar suppressed by ME_T requirement
- CMS: Use 5 angles of scalar H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2l2q in a likelihood discriminant
- Background shape, normalization \leftarrow data sideband



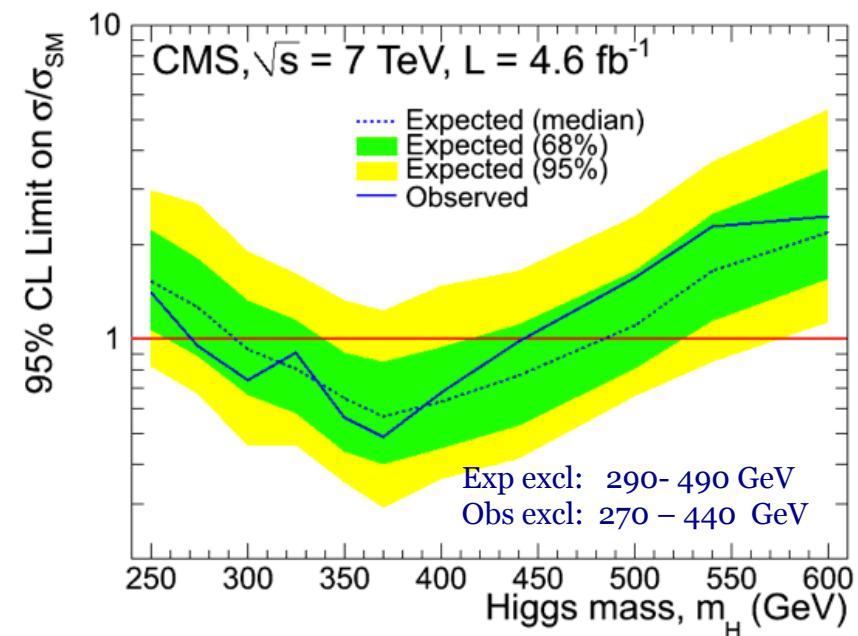
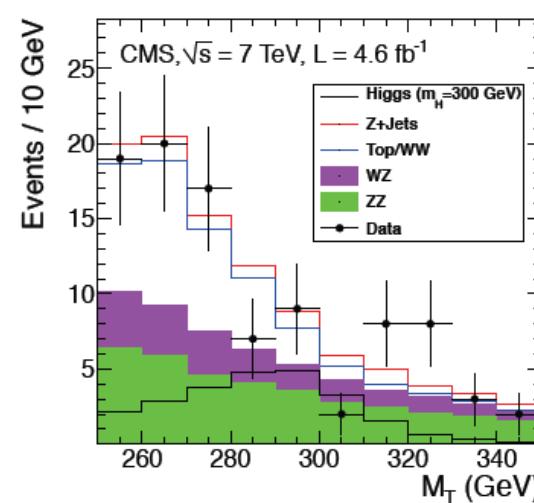
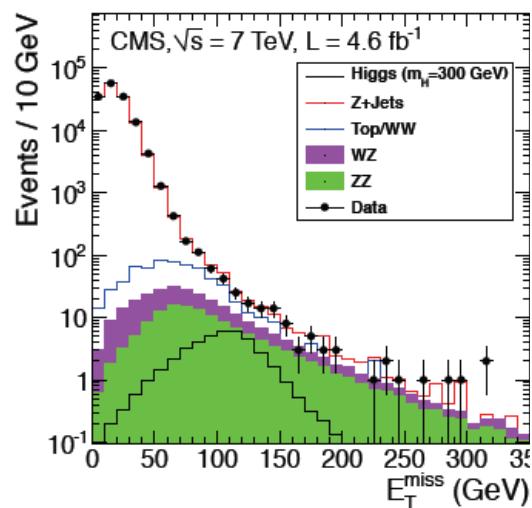
H → ZZ → llqq



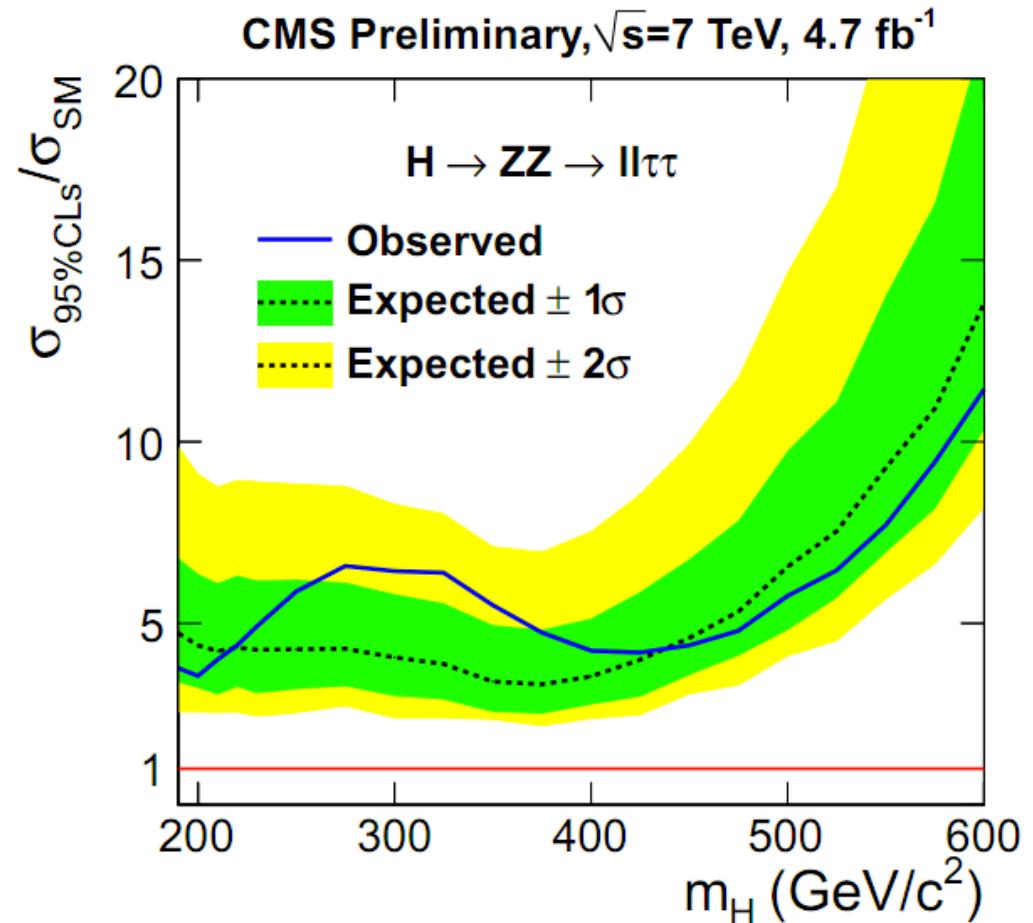
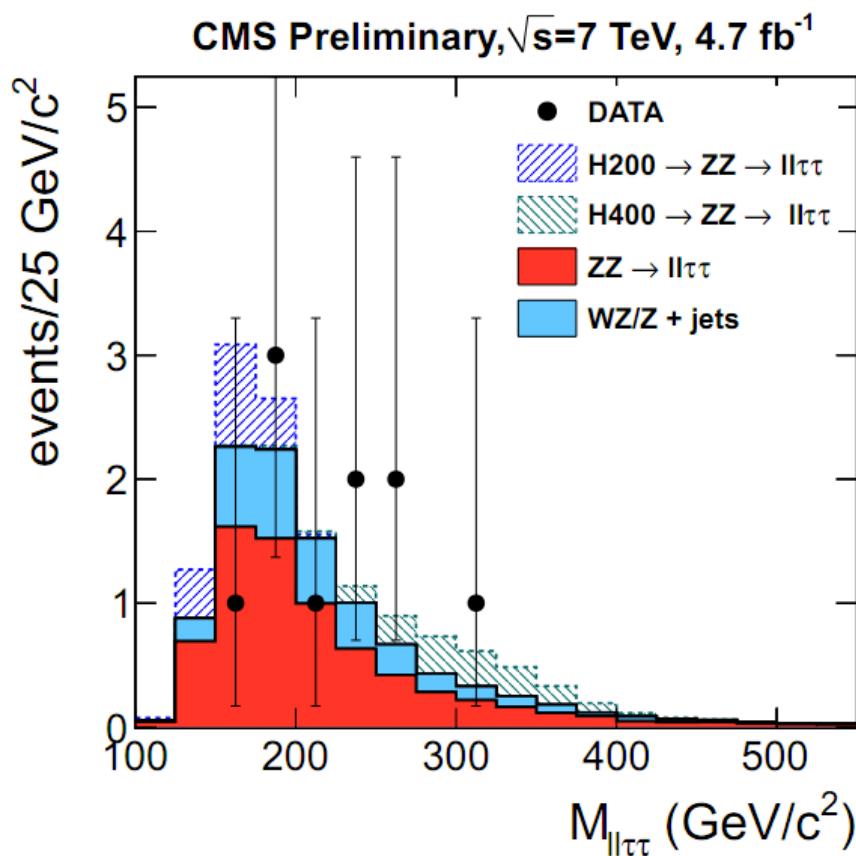
H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow llvv



- Z \rightarrow ll candidate : $M_Z \pm 15 \text{ GeV}$; $P_T(\text{ll}) > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- Use $M_T^2 = (\sqrt{P_{TZ}^2 + M_Z^2} + \sqrt{MET^2 + M_Z^2})^2 - (\vec{P}_{TZ} + \vec{MET})^2$
- Major backgrounds: Z+Jets, ttbar & WZ
 - ME_T requirement to suppress Z + jets by $\times 10^5$
 - Anti b-tag to suppress ttbar
- Residual ZZ, WZ background estimate from MC
- Residual backgrounds estimated from data
 - $\gamma + \text{jets}$ (for Z+Jets) ; e μ sample (for ttbar +WW)



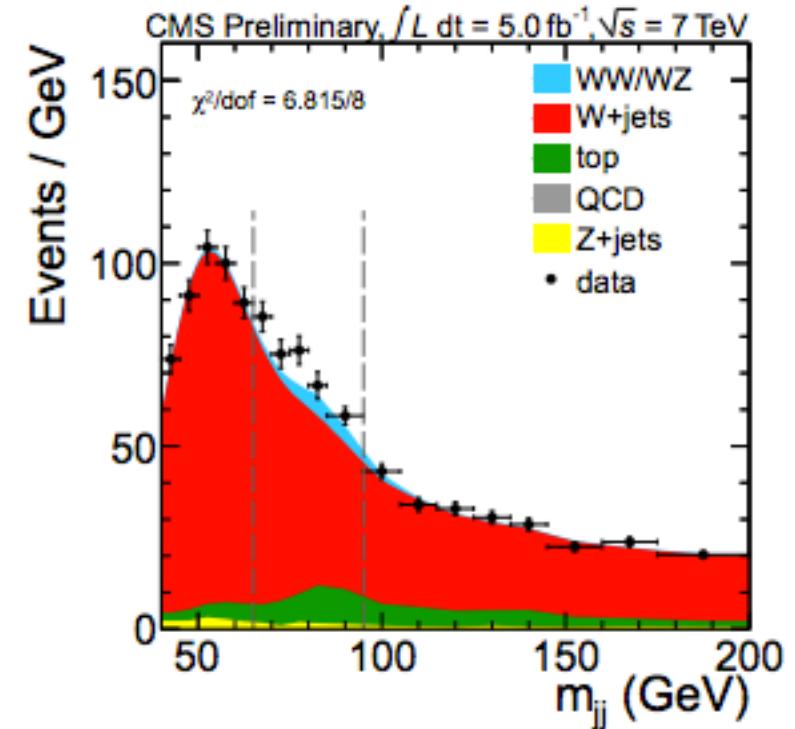
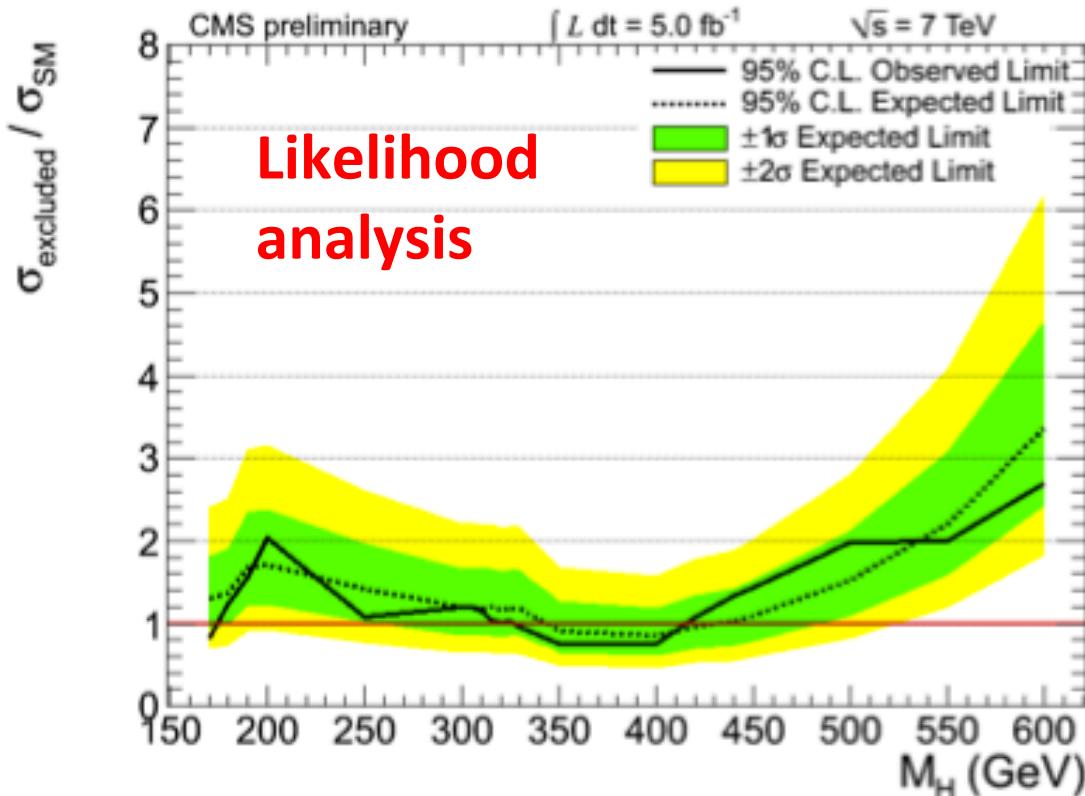
H → ZZ → 2l 2τ



- Using both $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ and $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_l$ final states
- Requires $30 < M_\tau < 80 \text{ GeV}$

H → WW → lvjj

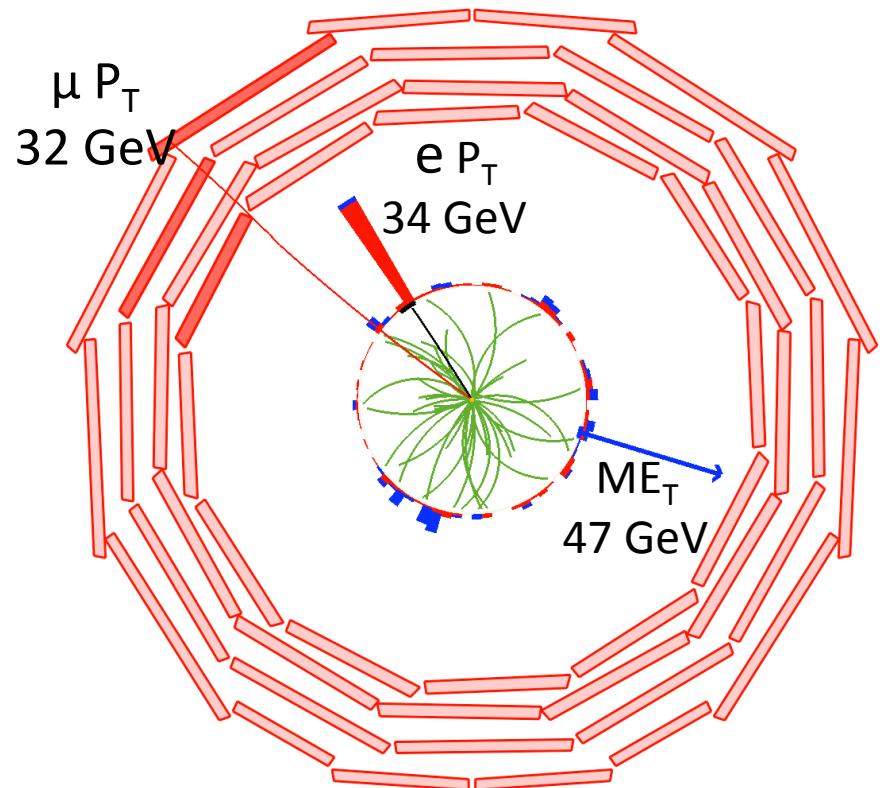
- New from CMS
- Studied mass range 170-600 GeV
- Mass shape analysis using M_{lvjj}
 - For the neutrino use MET and impose W mass constraint



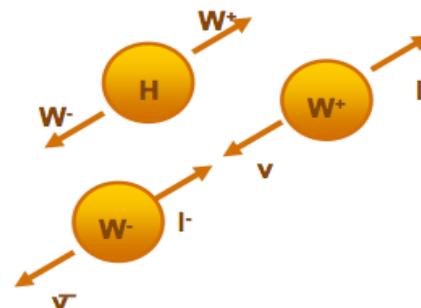
327-415 GeV excluded
at 95% CL

The Low Mass

H → WW → lνlν

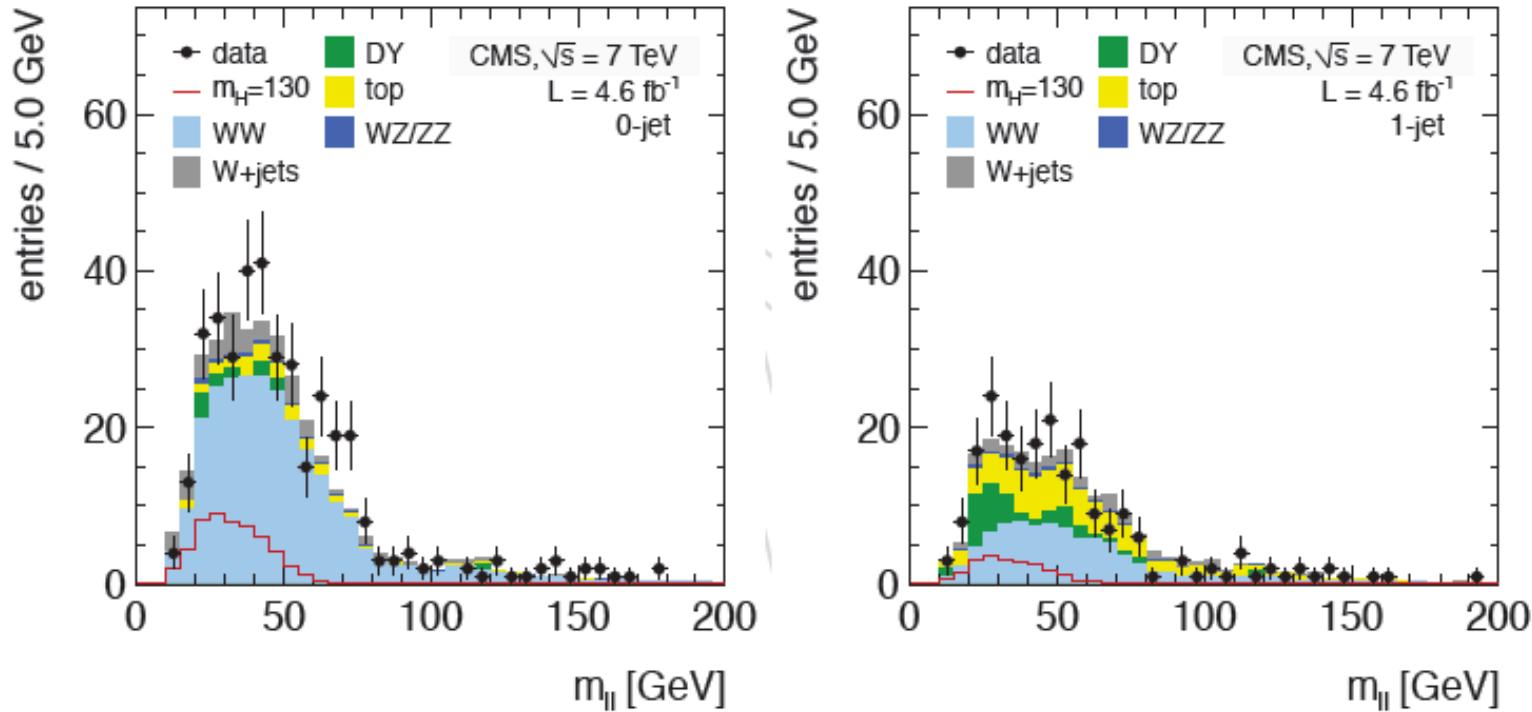


Vectors from the decay of a scalar and V-A structure of W decay lead to small leptons opening angle (especially true for on-shell Ws)



- Channel with highest sensitivity
- No mass reconstruction, signal extraction from event counting
- Clean signature:
 - 2 isolated, high p_T leptons with small opening angle
 - High ME_T
 - Analysis performed on exclusive jet multiplicities (0, 1, 2-jet bins)
- Analysis optimized depending on the Higgs mass hypothesis
 - p_T^l , M_{ll} , M_T , D_f as discriminating variables
 - VBF selections for the 2-jet case

H → WW

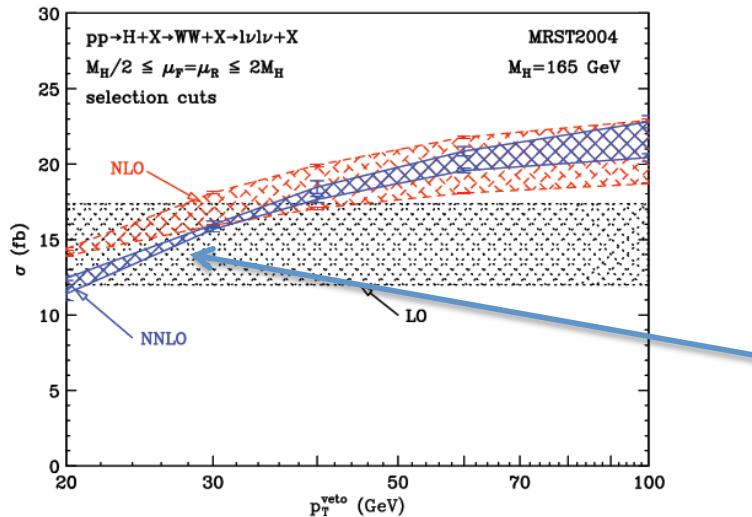


- Drell –Yan: Suppressed by M_{ll} and ME_T cuts (pileup affect MET)
- W+jets (with one jet faking a lepton): lepton ID is important
- Top (tt and single top): b-tag veto (or additional soft muon)
- WW: $M(ll)$, MT and $\Delta\phi$

All the background are estimated from DATA in “control regions”

WW+ 0, 1, 2 jets

The NNLO band overlaps with the NLO one for $p_T^{\text{veto}} \geq 30$ GeV



- WW + 0 jet: Veto jet of $p_T > 30$ GeV
- WW + 1 jet: 1 jet of $p_T > 30$ GeV
- WW + 2 jet: 2 jets of $p_T > 30$ GeV - VBF like

Asking jet veto, means “eliminate” diagrams with real gluon emission

The HWW analysis is divided in 3 regions: +0, +1 and +2 jets.

To get the correct TH uncertainty on the XS in the three regions:

Theoretically we can compute: σ_{total} , $\sigma_{\geq 1}$, $\sigma_{\geq 2}$, thus

$$\sigma_0 = \sigma_{\text{total}} - \sigma_{\geq 1}, \quad \sigma_1 = \sigma_{\geq 1} - \sigma_{\geq 2}, \quad \sigma_{\geq 2}$$

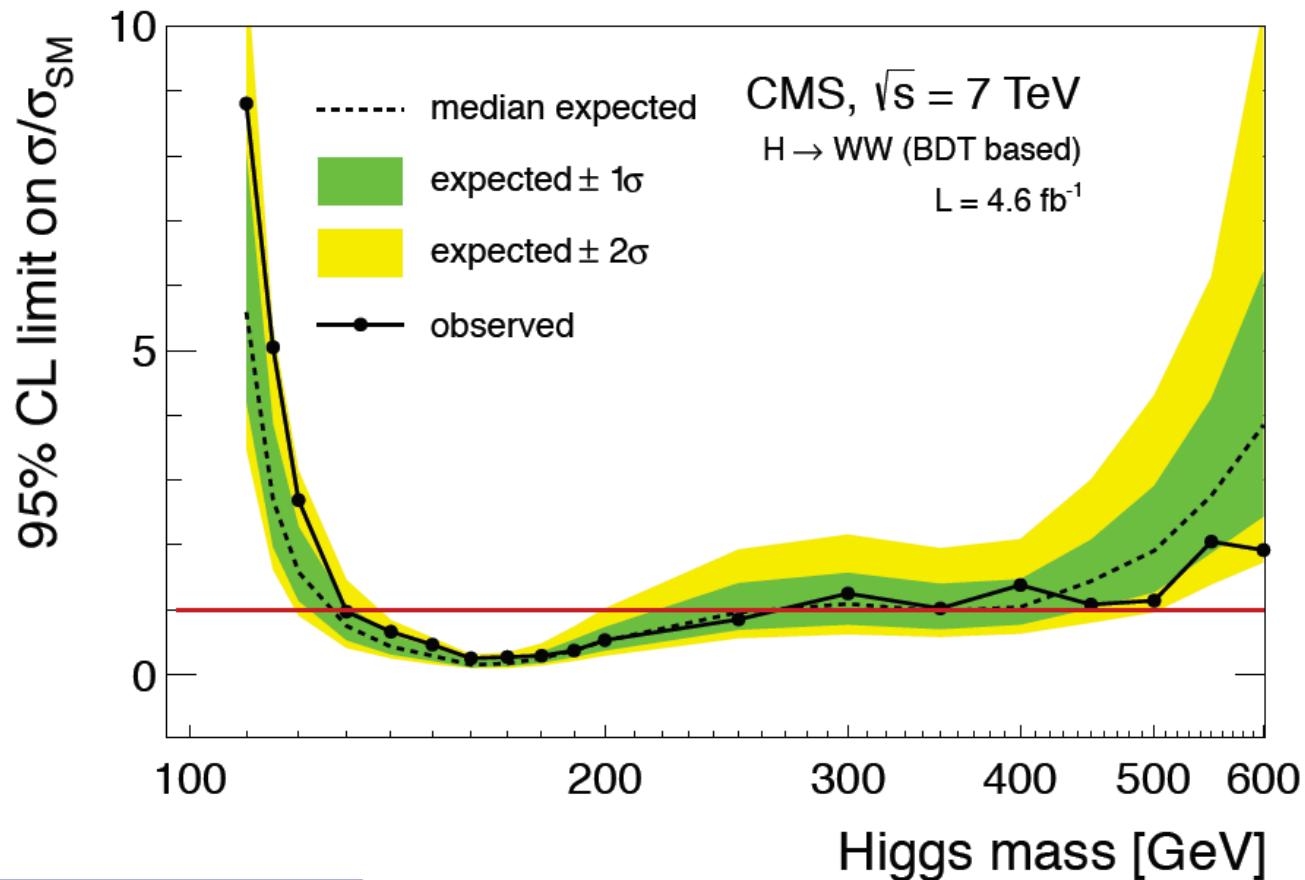
TH uncert:

- $\delta\sigma_{\geq 0} = \delta\sigma_{\text{total}}$ From Yellow Report (i.e. HNNLO/FEHIP)
- $\delta\sigma_{\geq 1}$ HNNLO/FEHIP or MCFM (identical)
- $\delta\sigma_{\geq 2}$ HNNLO/FEHIP gives LO, MCFM NLO

$\delta\sigma_{\geq 0}$	+12-7%
$\delta\sigma_{\geq 1}$	±20%
$\delta\sigma_{\geq 2}$	±30% (NLO) ±70% (LO)



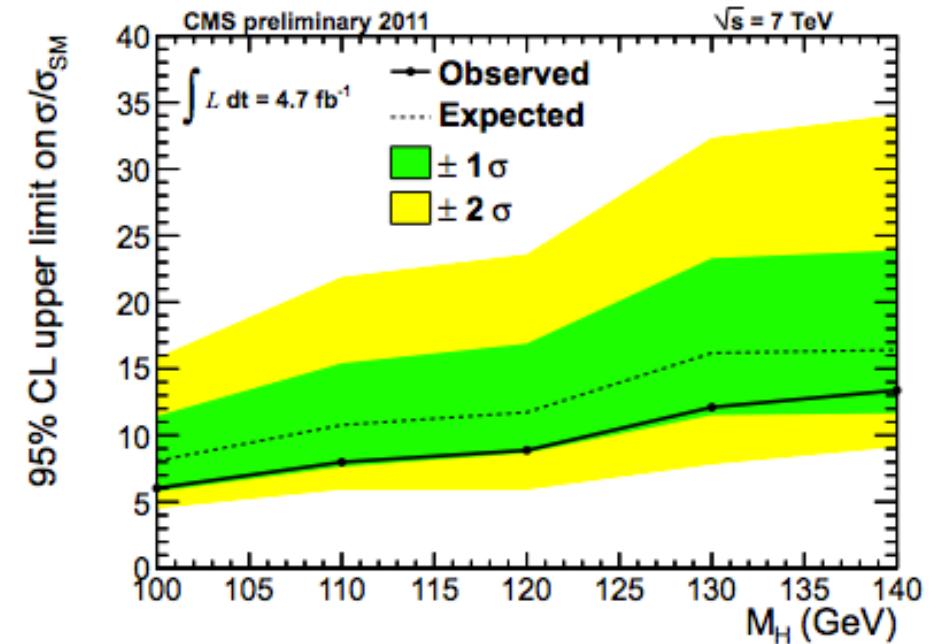
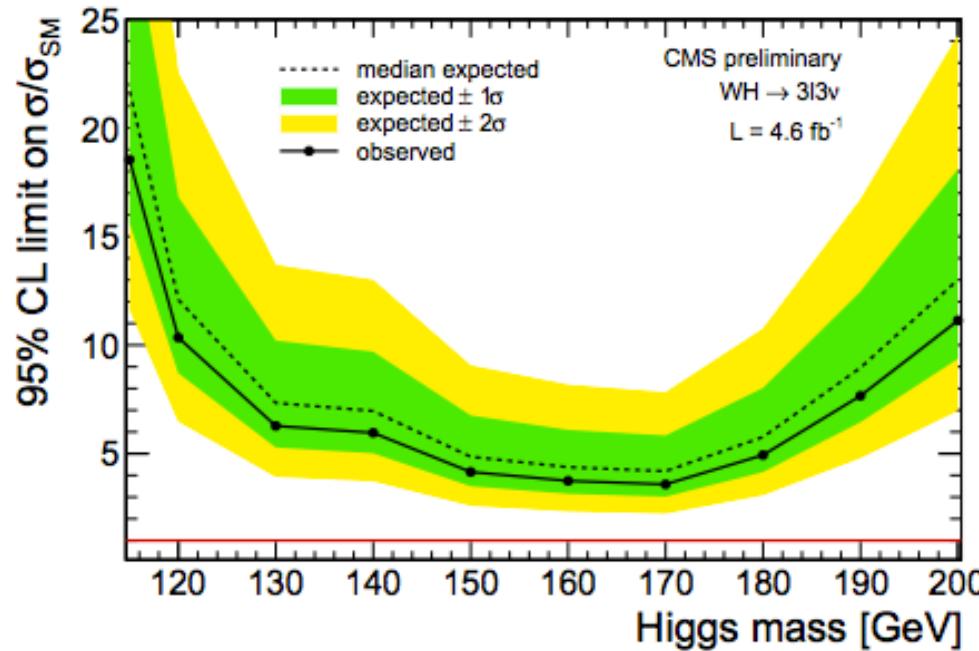
H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow lv lv



Exp excl: 127 – 270 GeV
Obs Excl: 129 – 270 GeV

Category	H mass	Data	All MC	$H \rightarrow WW$
0 jets	130	193	191.5 ± 14	45.2 ± 2.1
1 jets	130	105	79.9 ± 7.7	17.6 ± 0.8
2 jets	130	10	13.3 ± 4	2.7 ± 0.2

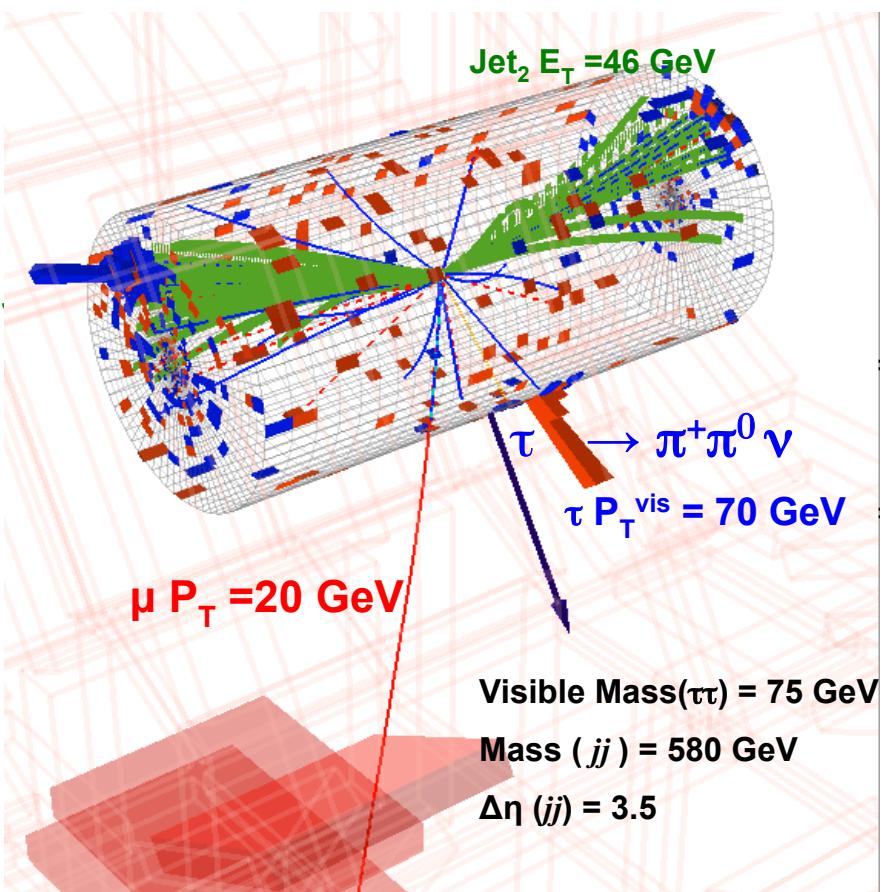
VH \rightarrow 3l3 ν



HW \rightarrow WWW \rightarrow 3l(e, μ) + 3 ν

HW \rightarrow WWW \rightarrow e/ μ + μ + τ + 3 ν
HW \rightarrow $\tau\tau$ W \rightarrow e/ μ + μ + τ + 3 ν

Combination of all VH processes soon published



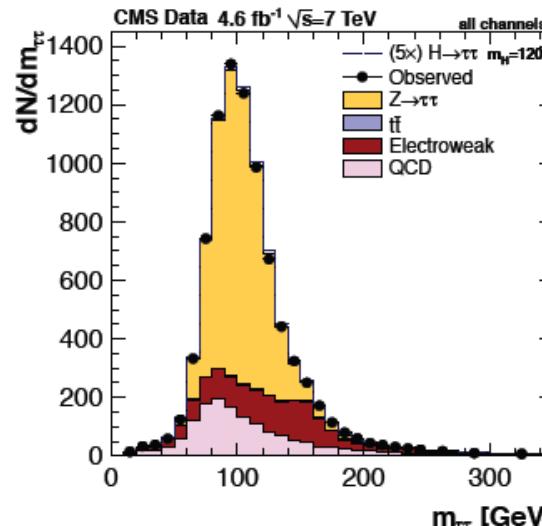
Search in
 $\tau_e + \tau_h, \tau_\mu + \tau_h, \tau_e + \tau_\mu$

Background:
 QCD,
 EWK $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (irreducible)

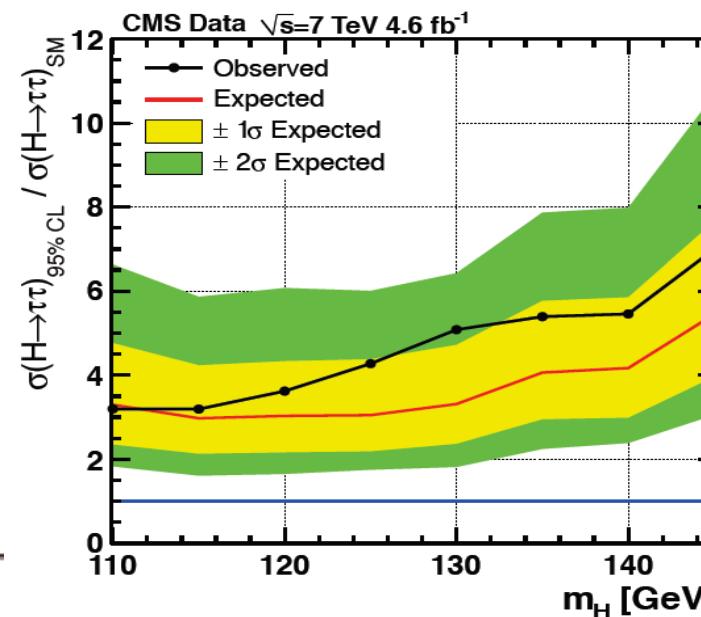
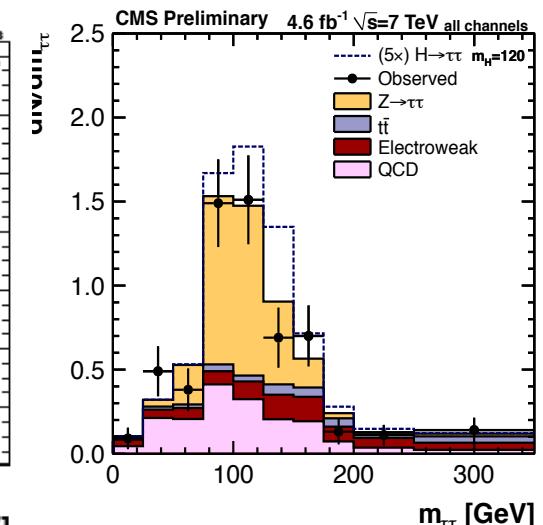
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H → $\tau\tau$

Inclusive / 1 boosted jet



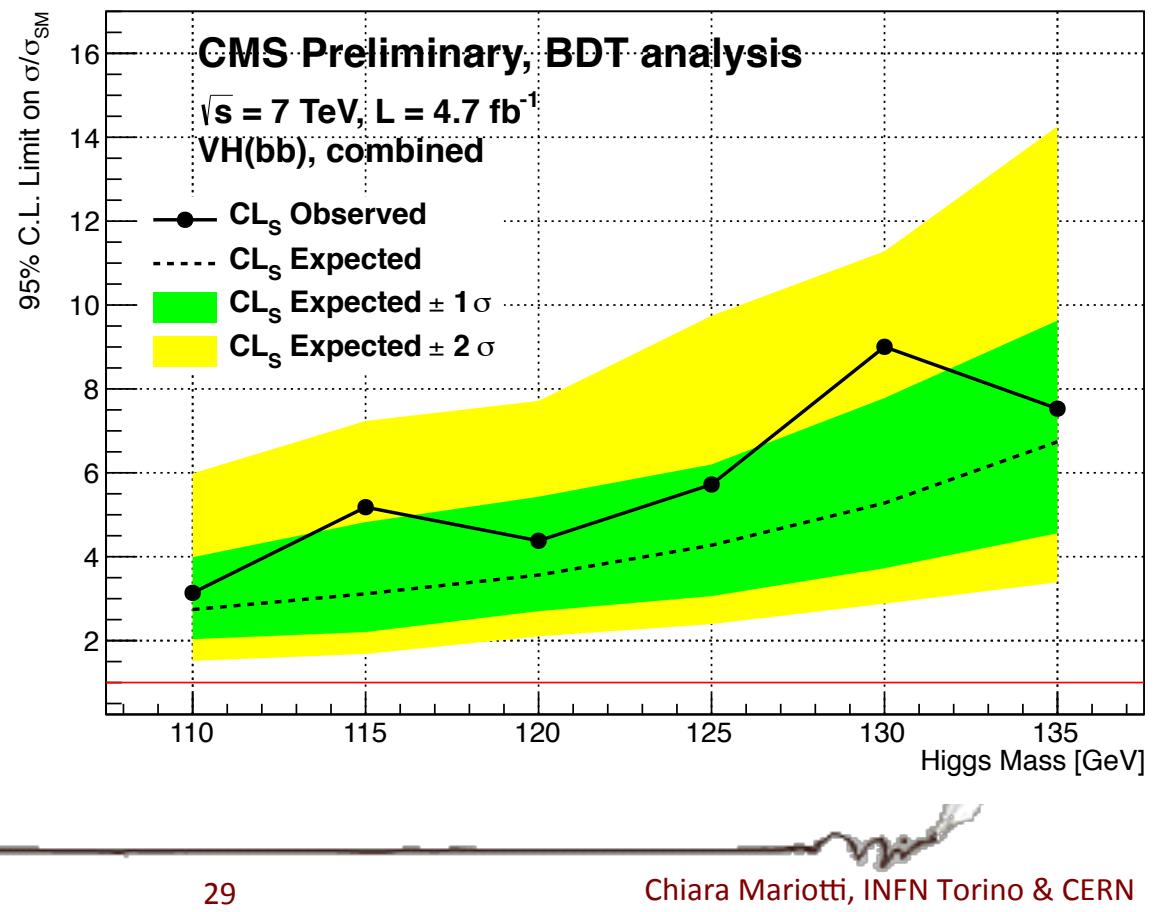
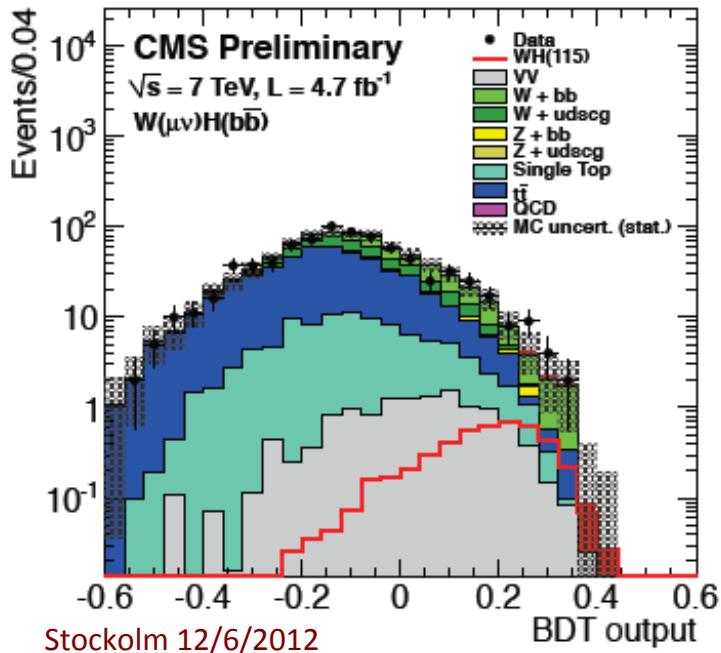
VBF modes are cleanest



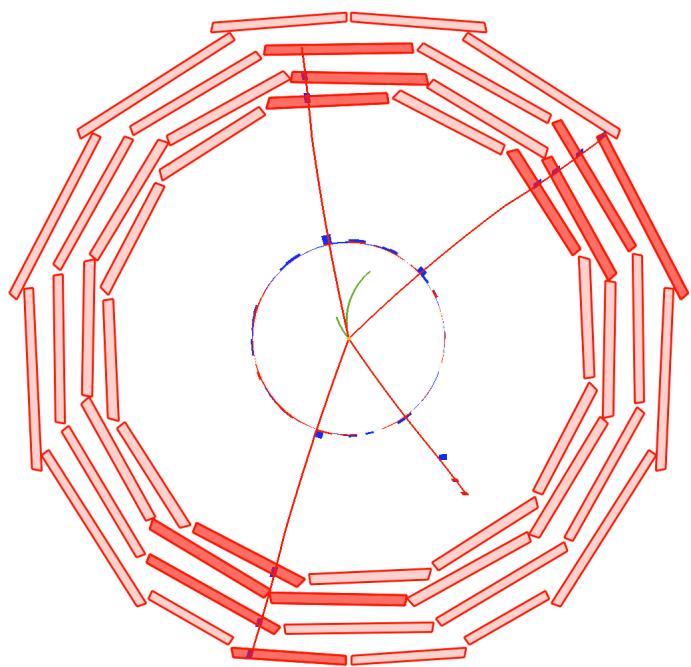
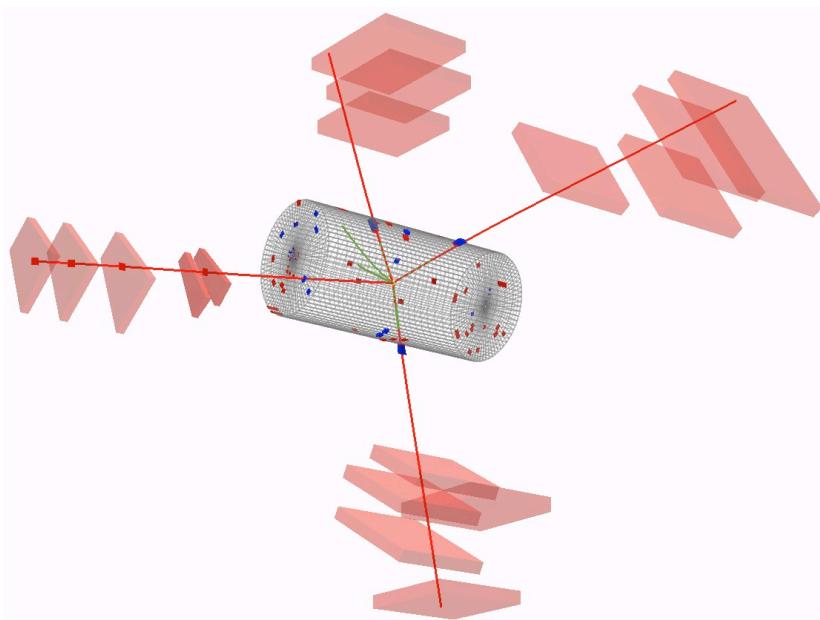
| Torino & CERN

VH → bb

- CMS exploits the W/Z+H associate production with the Higgs heavily boosted
 - Require $p_T^{bb} > 100$ (150) GeV for ZH (WH)
- Topology is very clear, several final states considered:
 - $l\nu bb, llbb, \nu\nu bb$
 - $\Delta\phi(V,H)$, tight b-tagging



H → ZZ → 4l

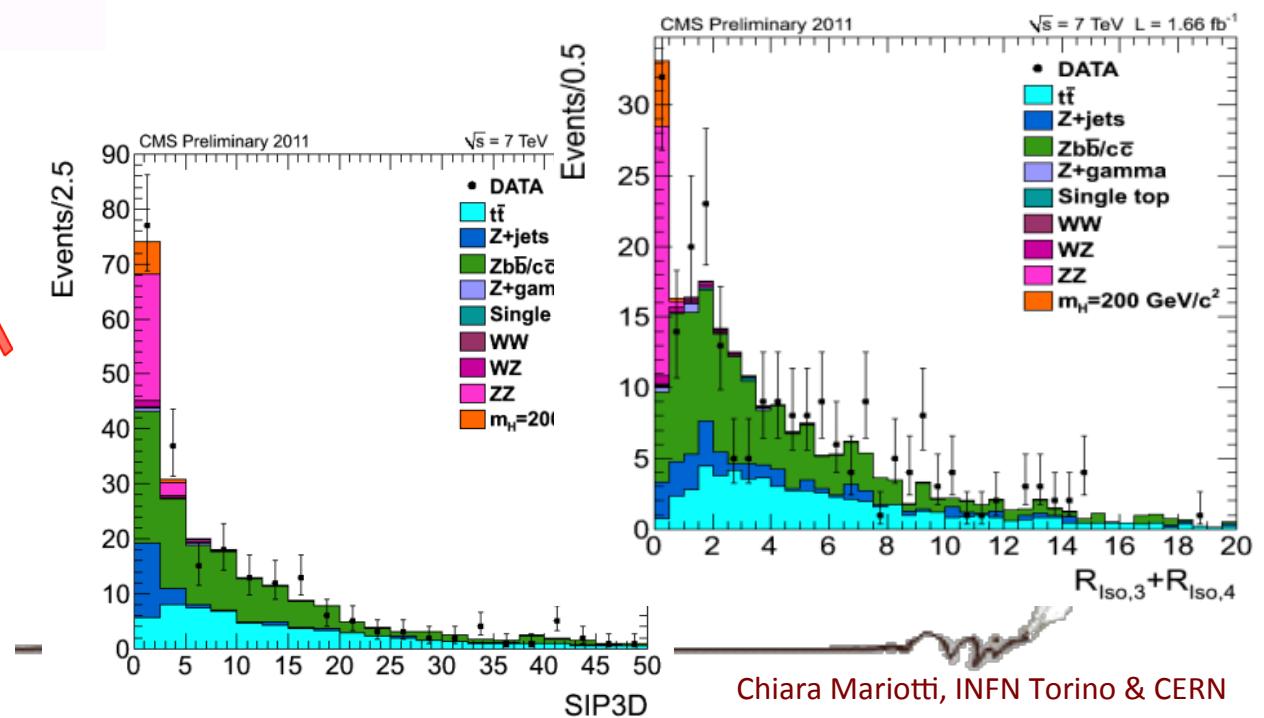


The final states considered are 4μ , $4e$, $2e2\mu$

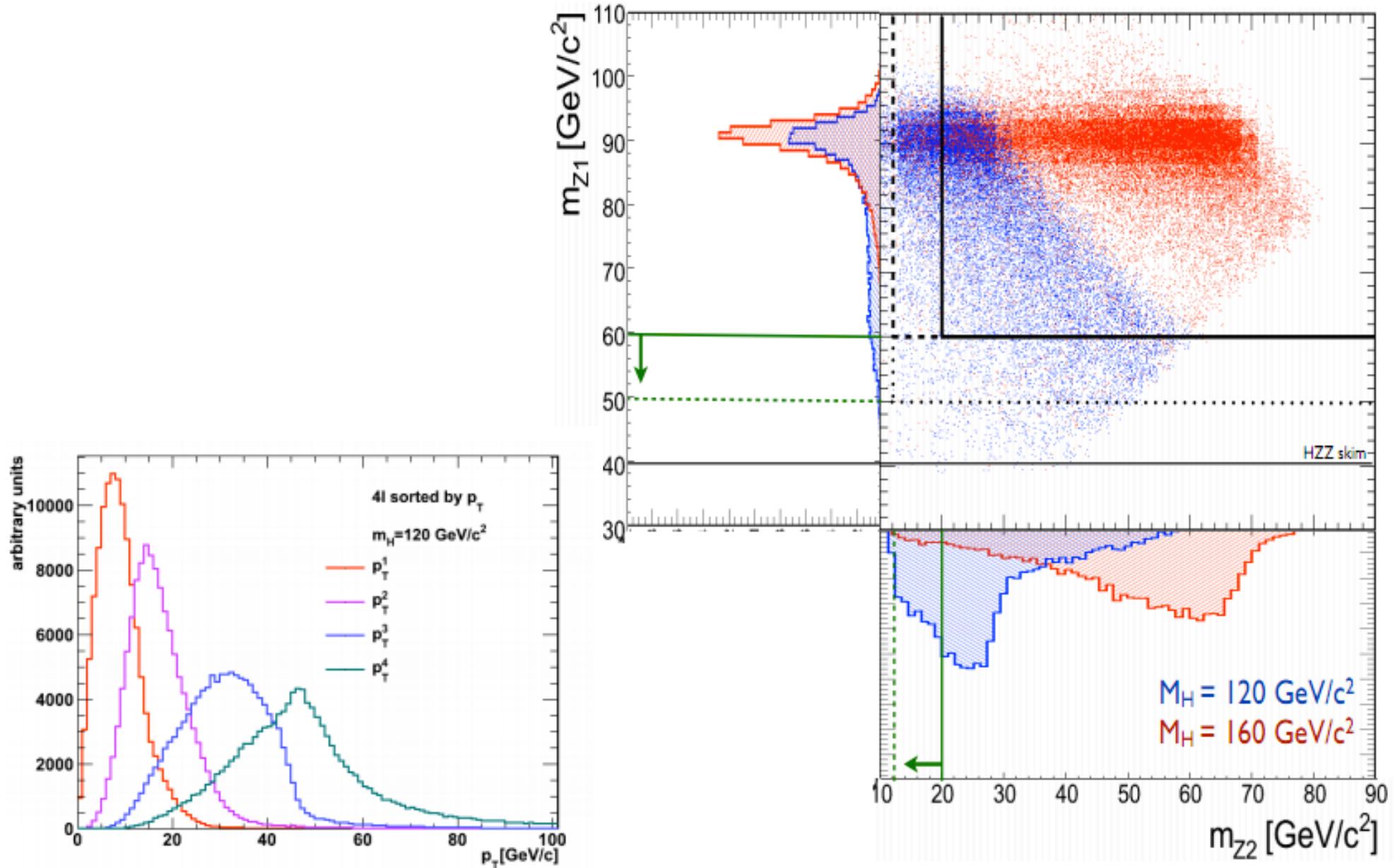
Very tiny cross section ->
thus highest efficiency must be conserved

Very clean final state:

- 4 leptons of high p_T ,
- isolated
- coming from the primary vertex



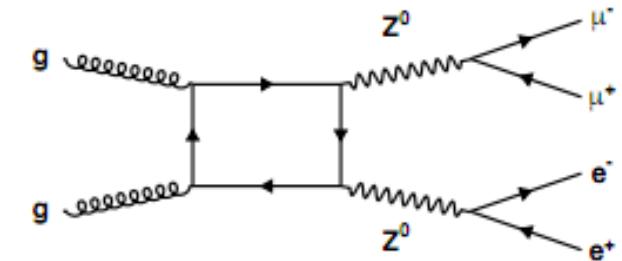
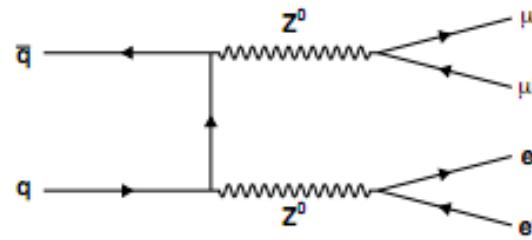
M_{Z1} vs M_{Z2}



The background

Irreducible background:

$$\begin{aligned} q\bar{q} &\rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l \\ gg &\rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l \end{aligned}$$

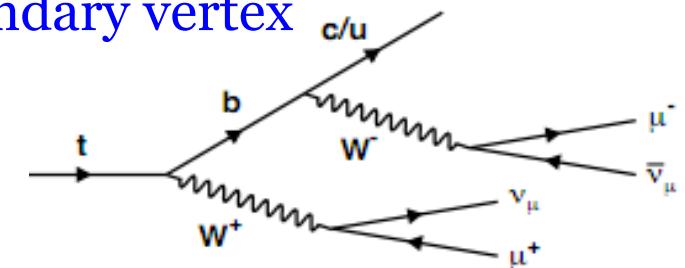


Reducible background:

Zbb/Zcc and **tt** pair production.

I.e. events with B hadrons decaying semileptonically

Leptons are inside jets and originating from secondary vertex

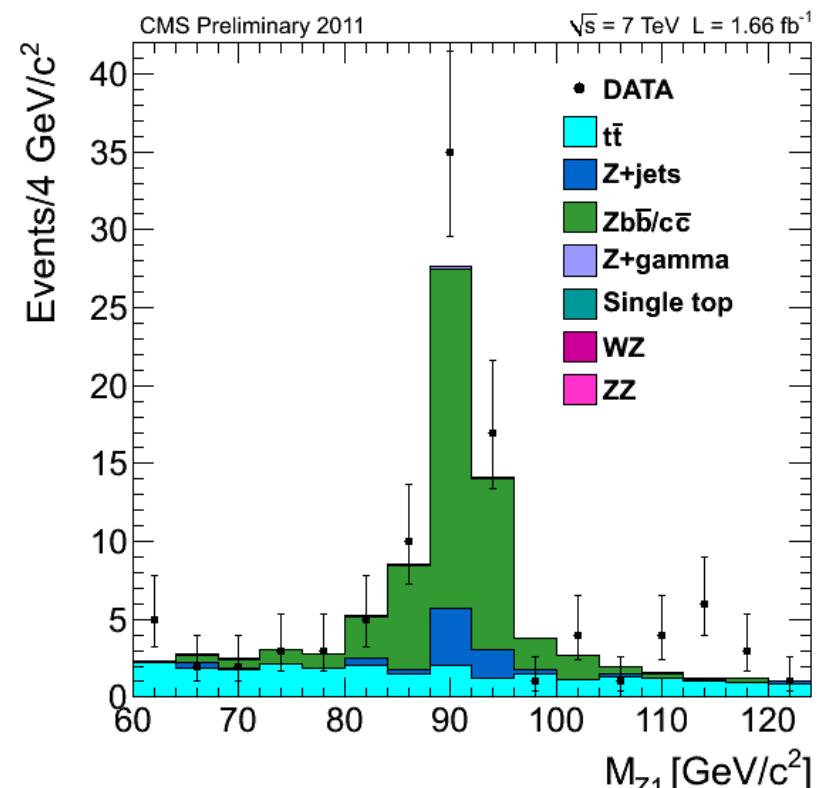


Instrumental background:

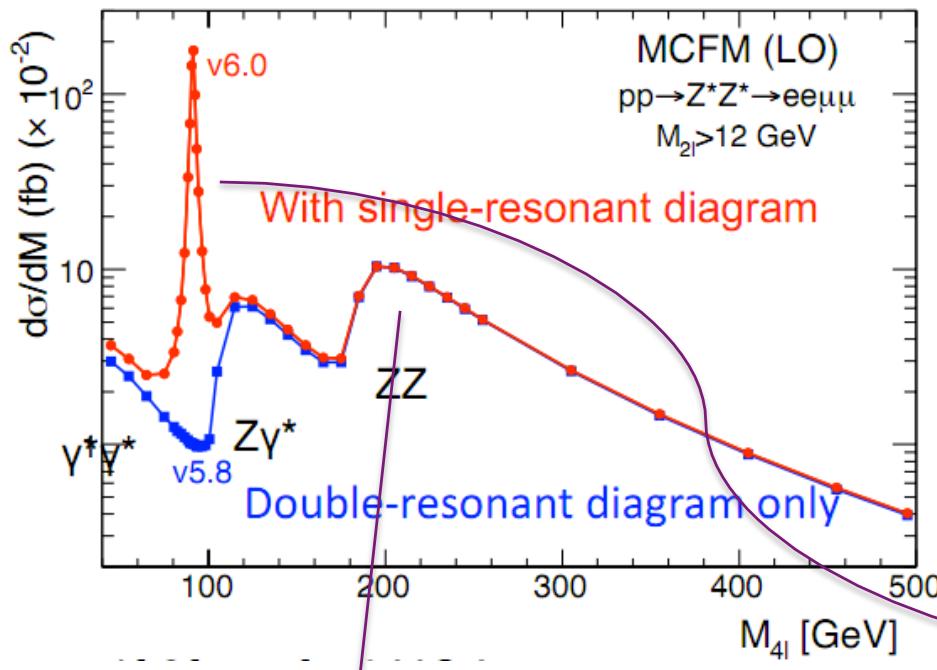
QCD and **Z/W+light jets**. Events with jets faking leptons (mostly electrons)

Zbb + tt → 4l

- Reducible backgrounds (Zbb/tt) is measured in a dedicated control region:
 - Same requirements for the on-shell Z candidate as for the signal
 - Relaxed selections on charge, flavor and isolation and inverted IP cut for the other lepton pair
 - From this plot we can disentangle Zbb from tt, by fitting the “Z peak” and a polynomial for tt.
 - Comparing data/MC, we can get the k-factor (MC are at LO or NLO)



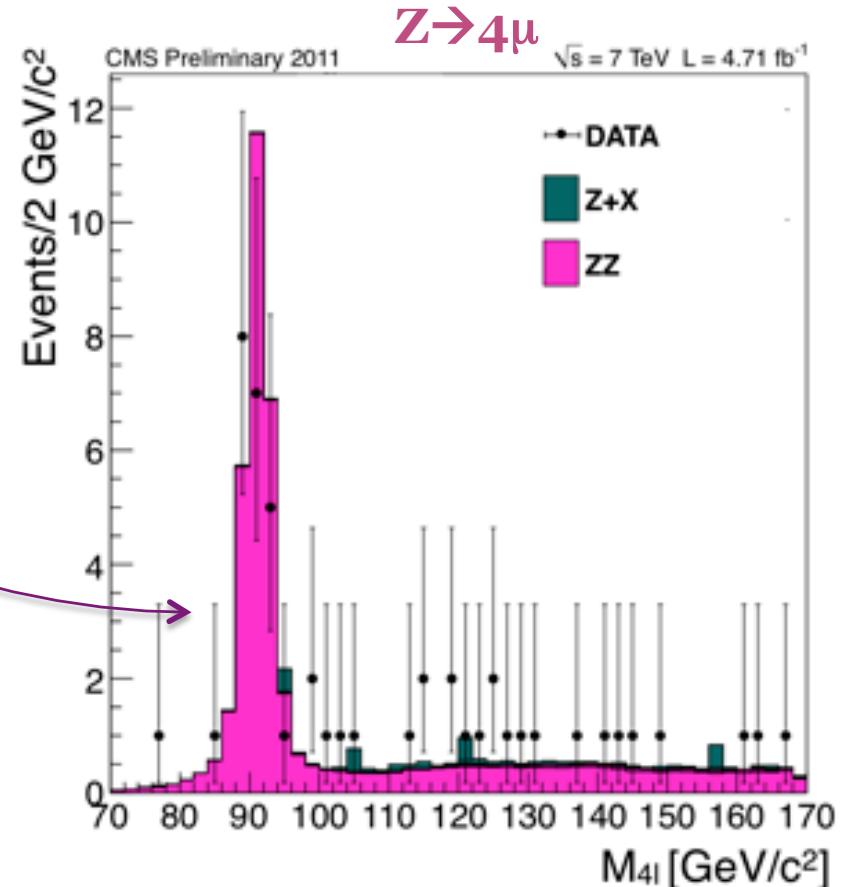
pp → 4l



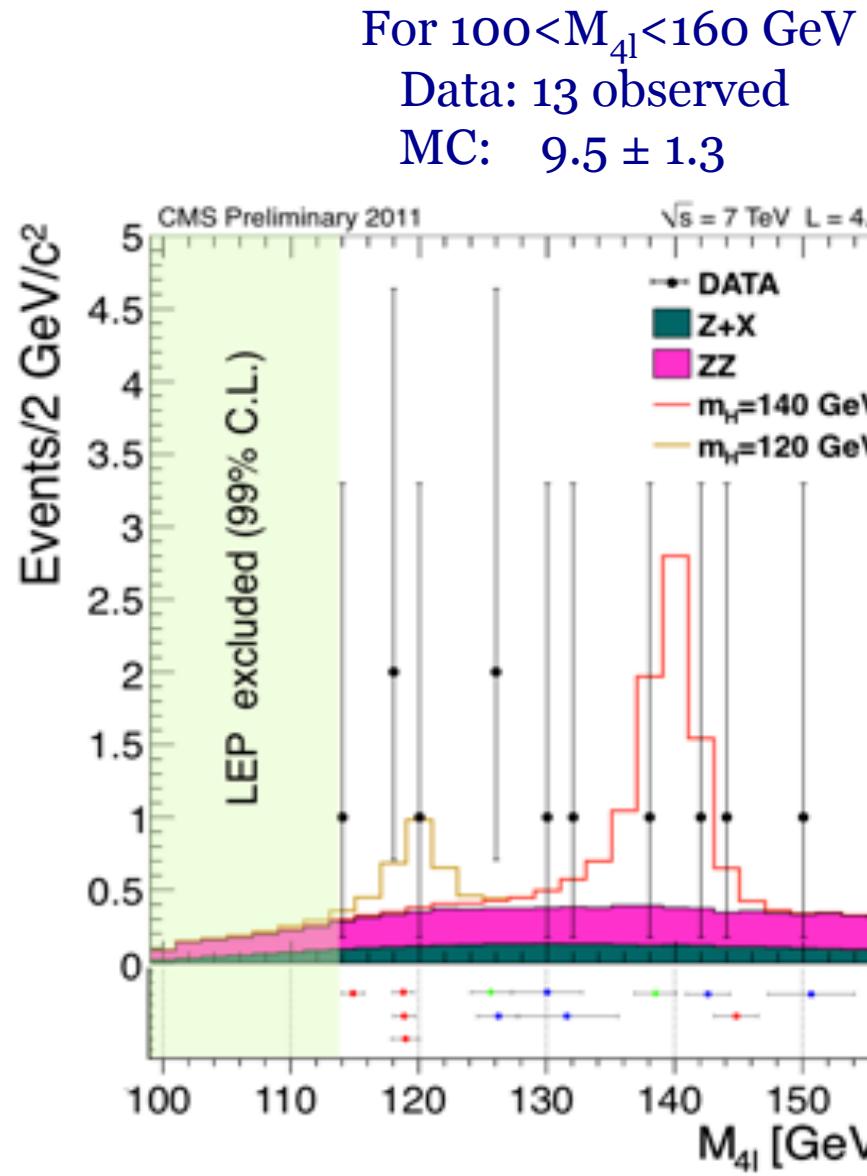
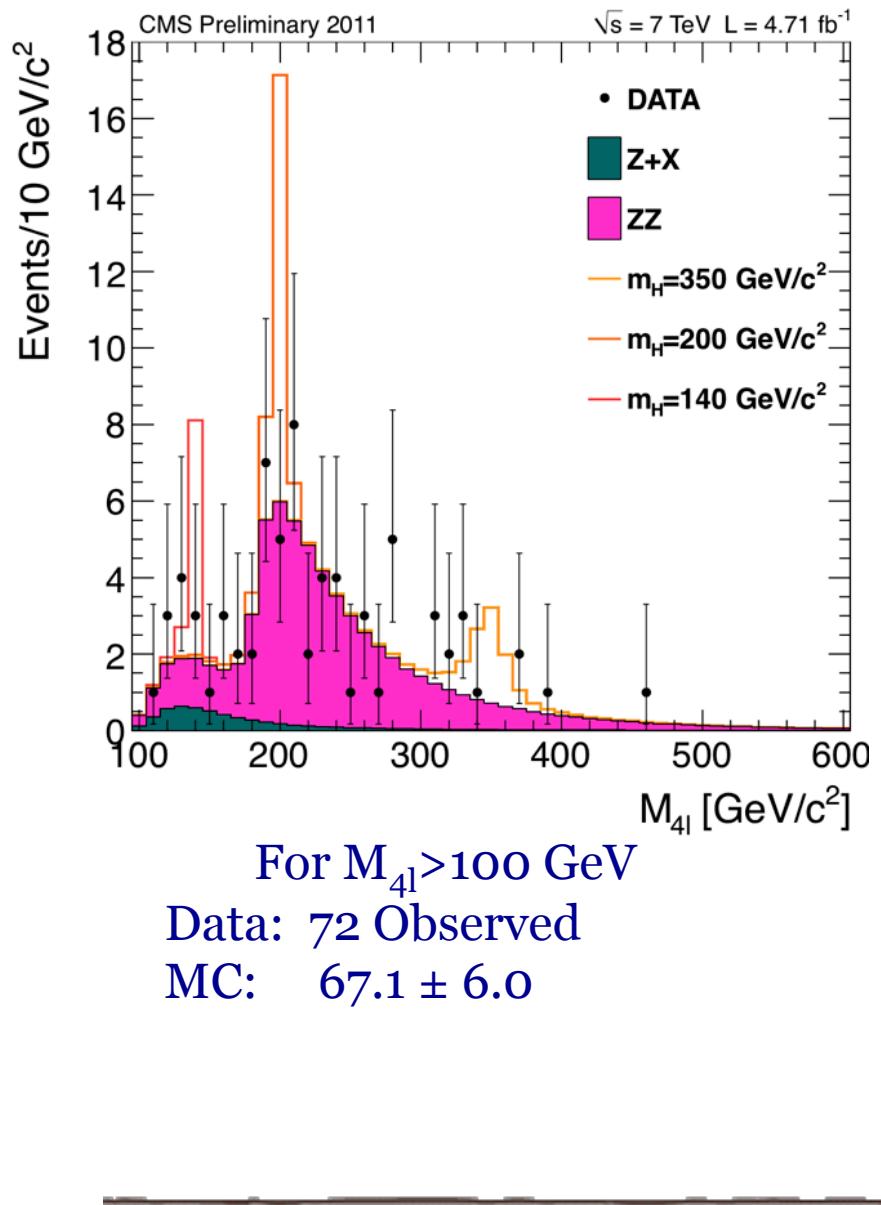
Measurement of the ZZ cross section
with both Z on shell ($60 < M_Z < 120$):

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow ZZ + X) \times \mathcal{B}(ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell) = 28.1^{+4.6}_{-4.0}(\text{stat.}) \pm 1.2(\text{syst.}) \pm 1.3(\text{lumi.}) \text{ fb}$$

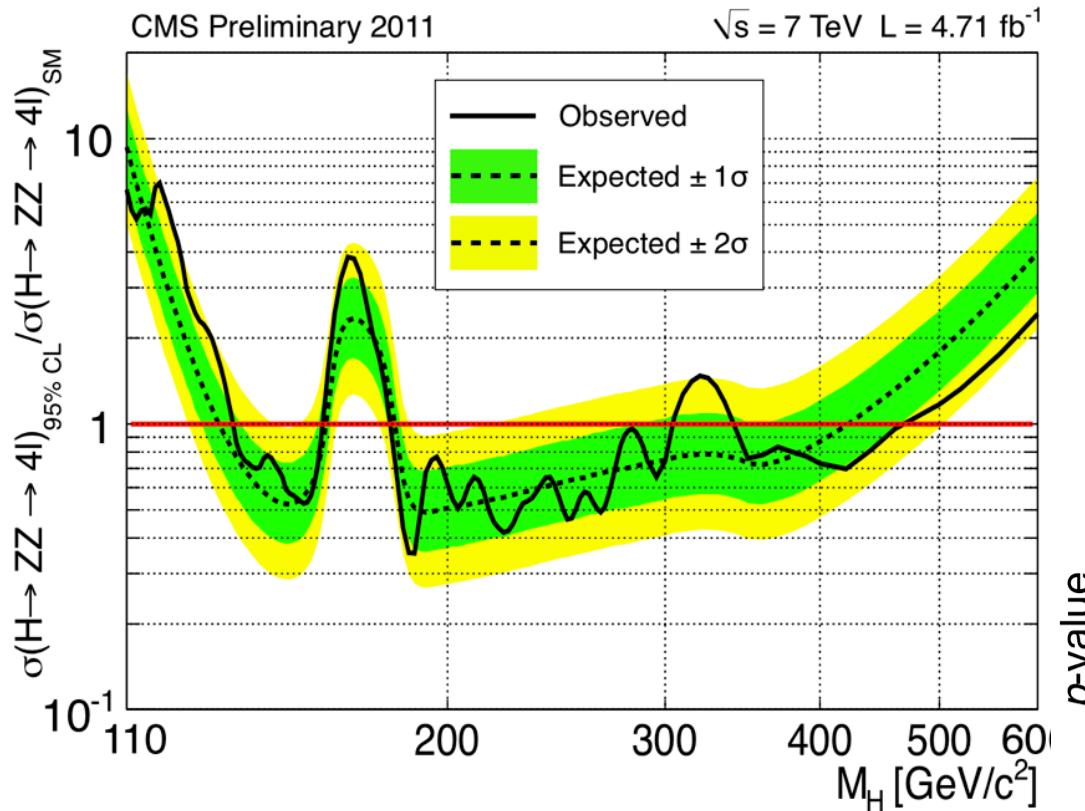
To be compared with the SM XS = $27.9 \pm 1.9 \text{ fb}$



Results: H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l

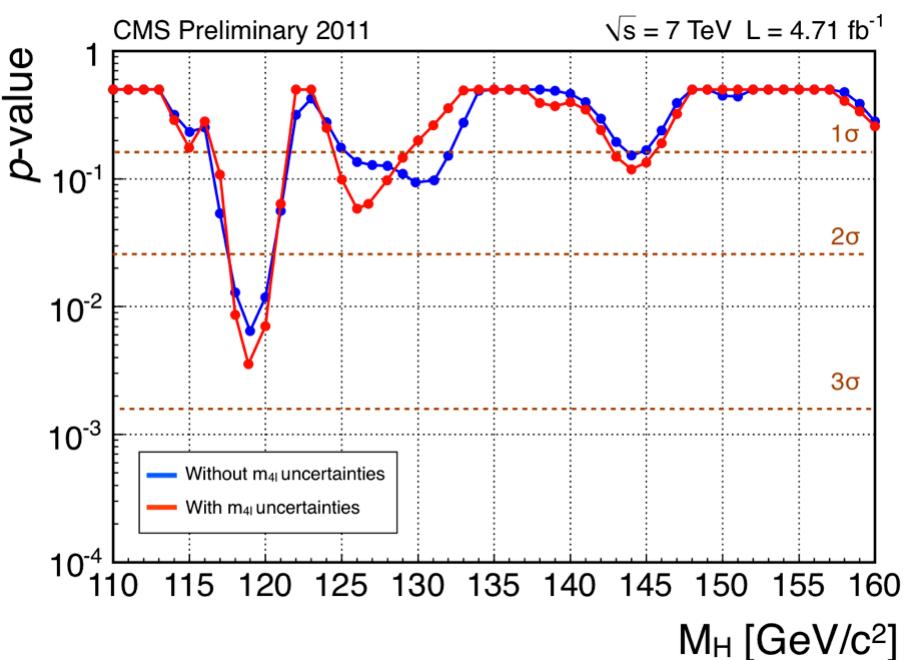


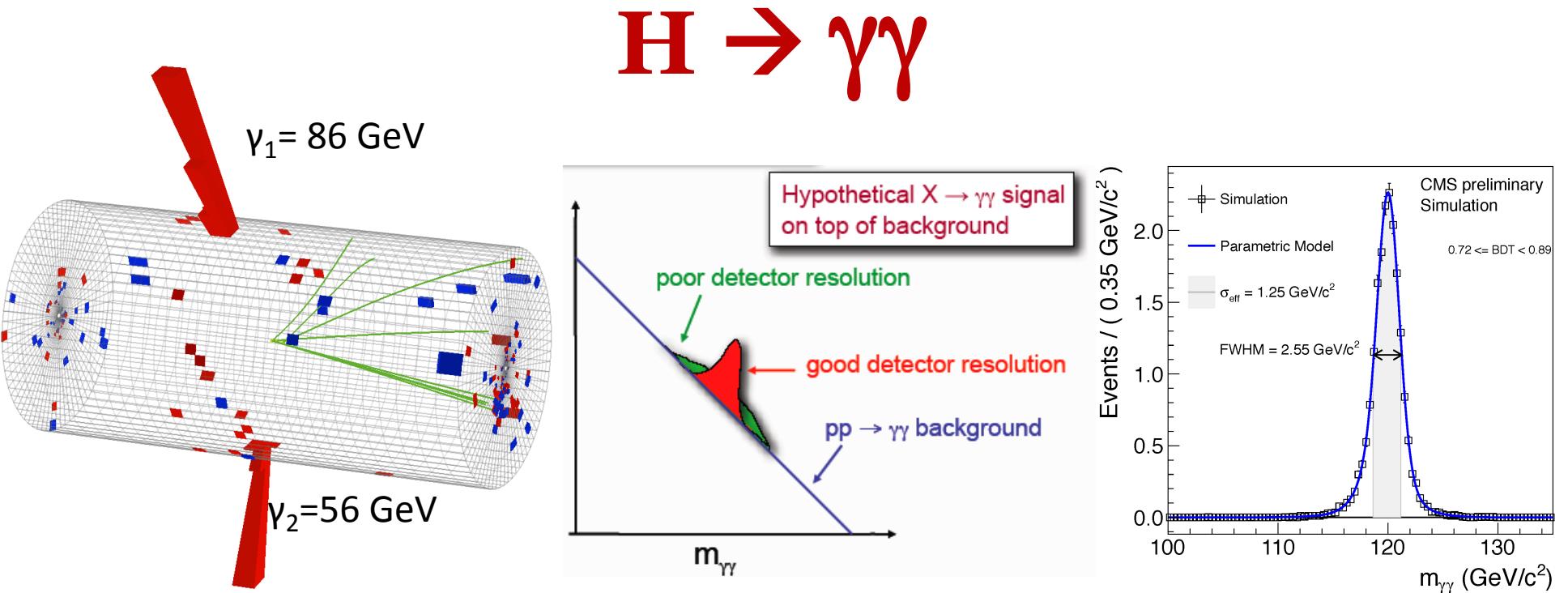
Results



Excluded:
 $134 < m_H < 158 \text{ GeV}$,
 $180 < m_H < 305 \text{ GeV}$
and $340 < m_H < 460 \text{ GeV}$.

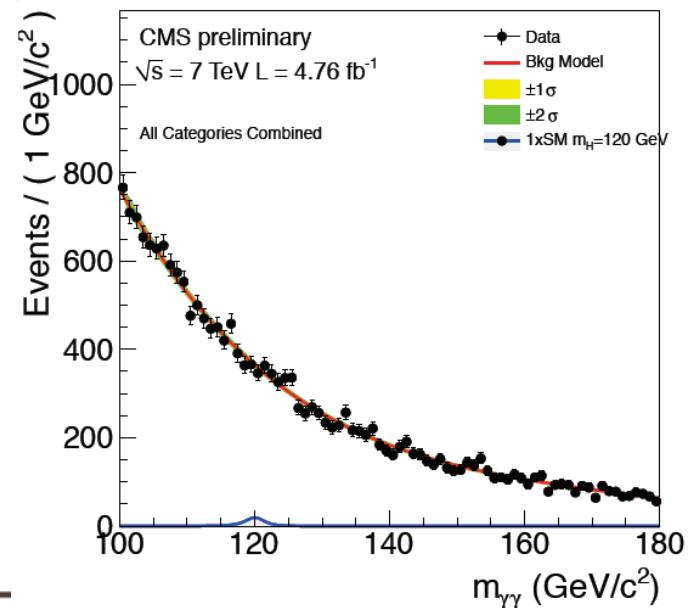
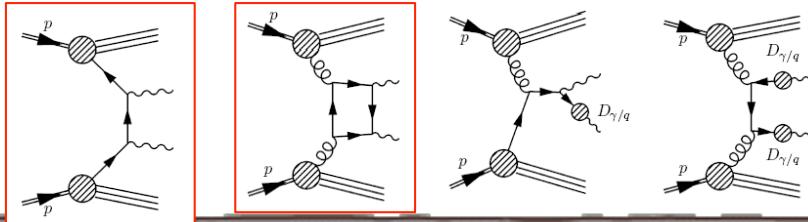
P-value: The significance of the local fluctuations with respect to the standard model expectation. To reject a background only hypothesis.





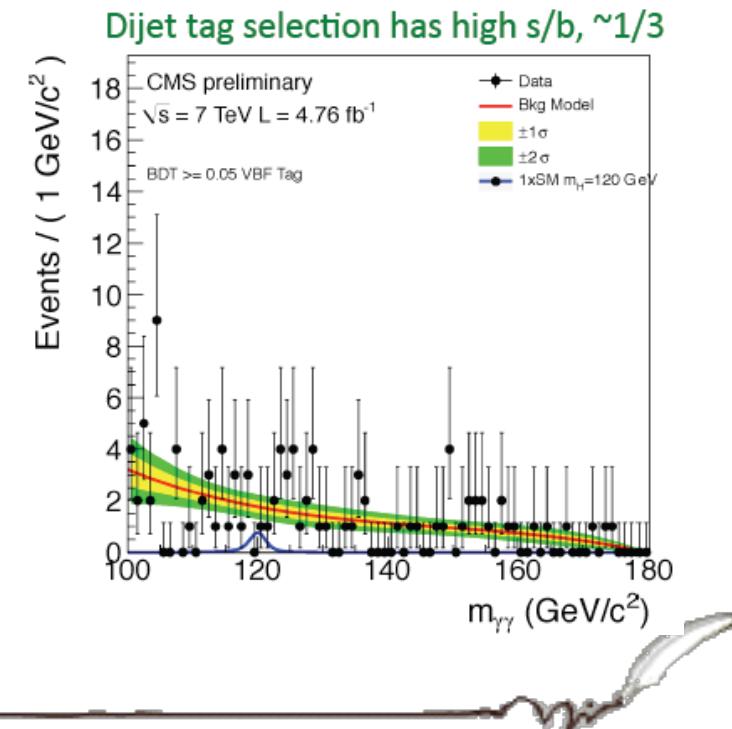
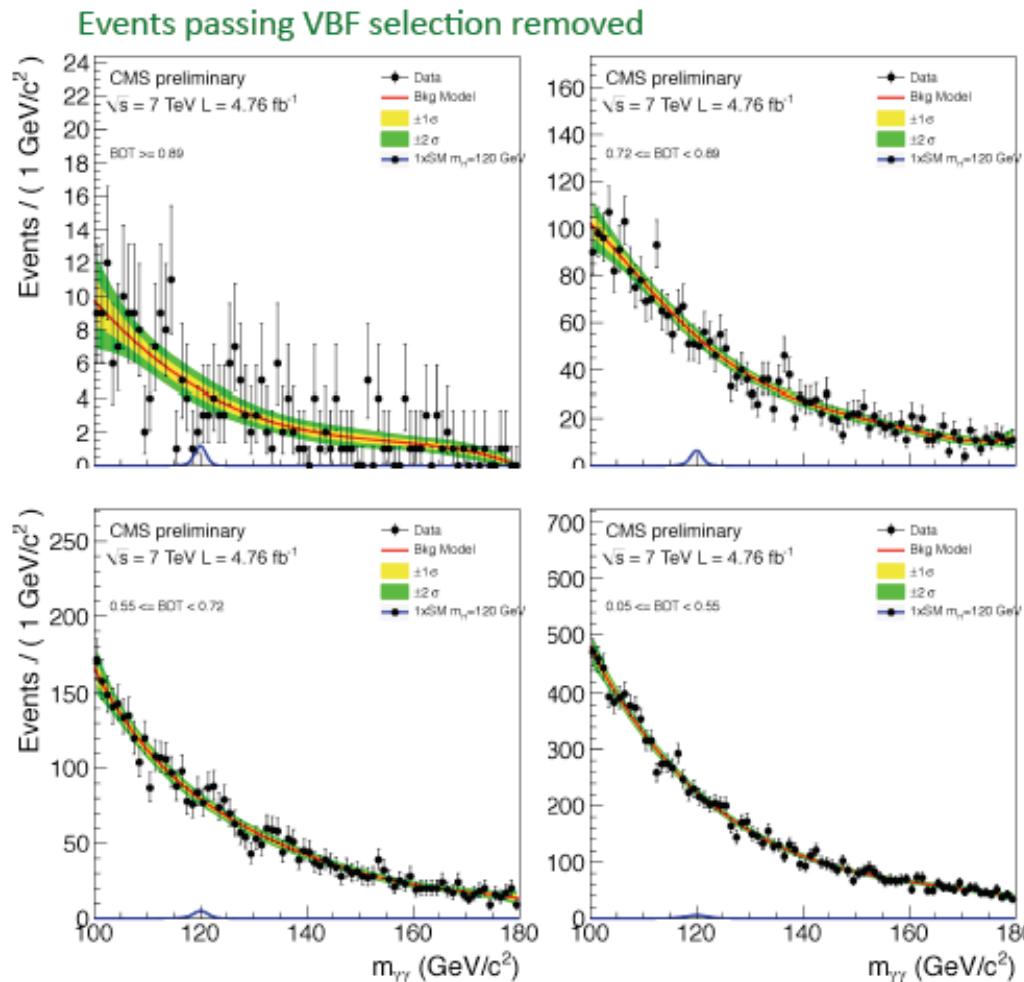
Signature: 2 energetic,
isolated γ , narrow mass peak

Background: Large & partly irreducible QCD.
Measured from $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ sidebands in data



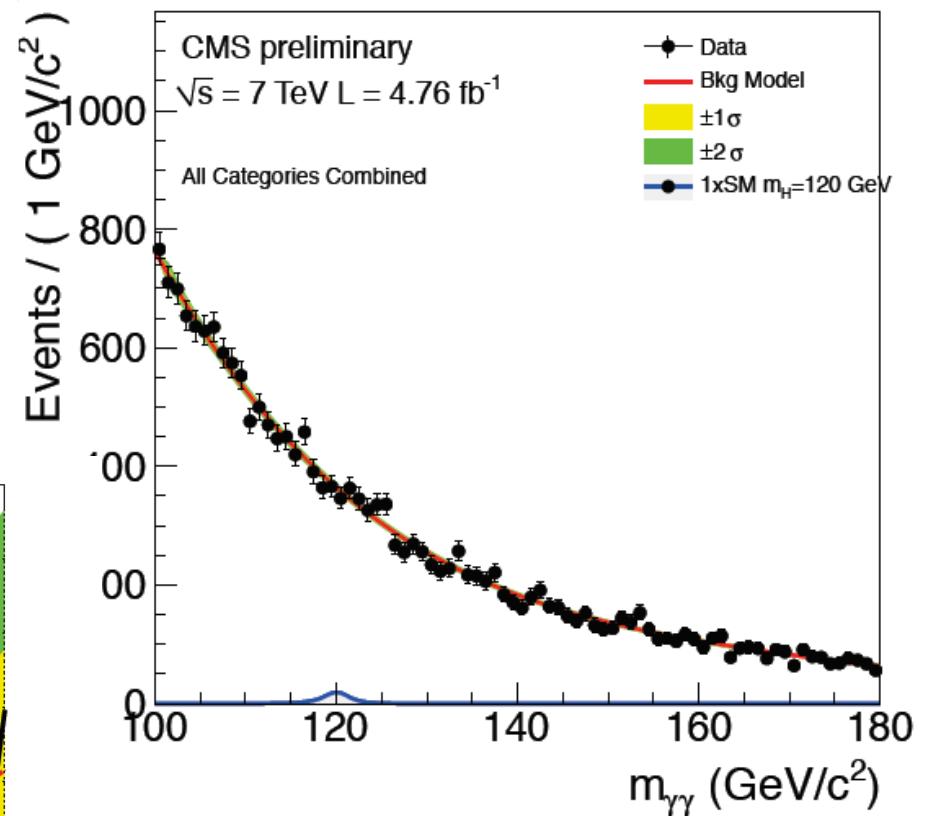
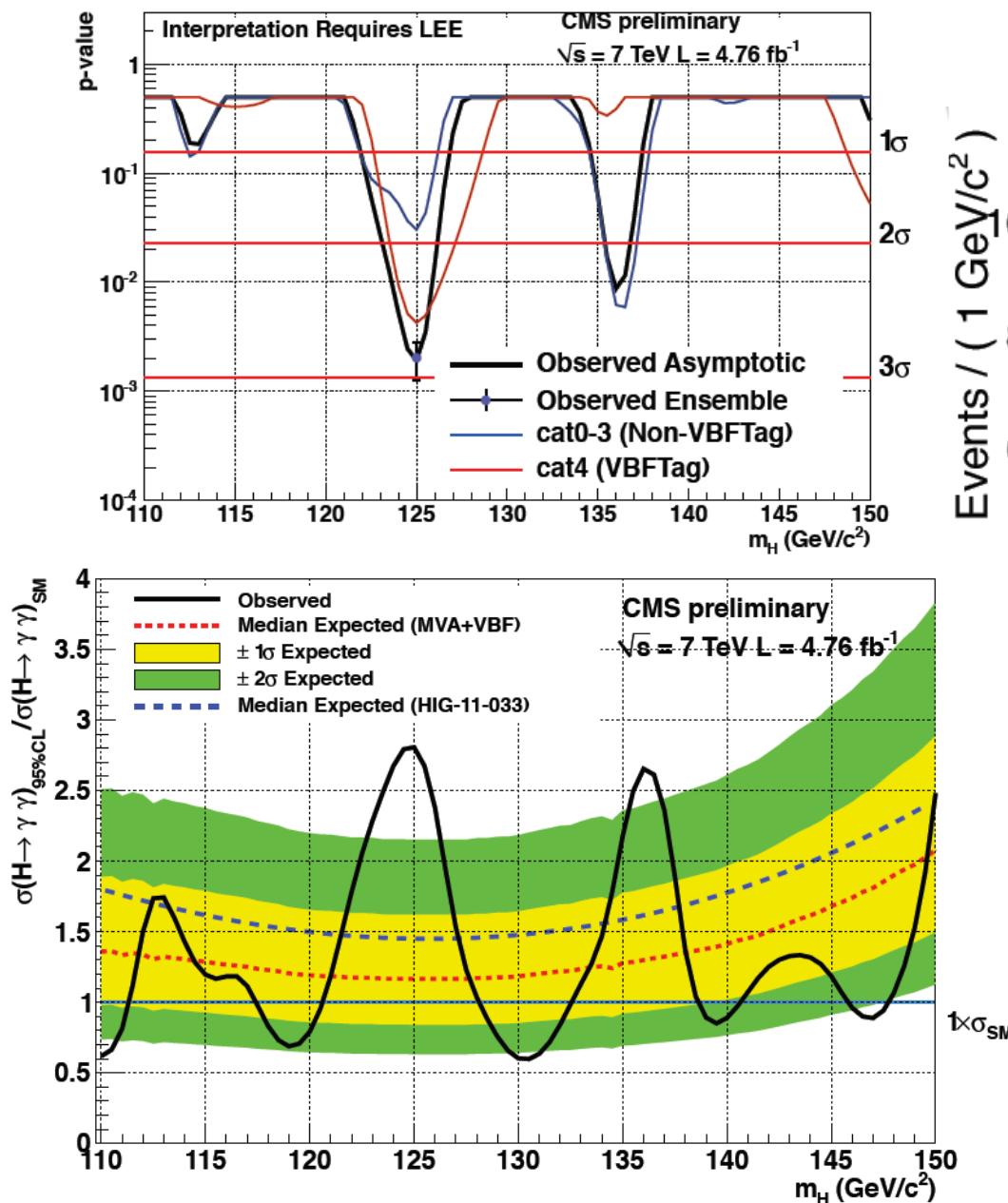
CMS: H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$

- A new analysis: variables combined in a BTD
- Sensitivity improved by about 40% in integrated luminosity
- 4 classes of events (by varying S/B) plus the VBF category.



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Results $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



Fit to the background:
5 order polynomial

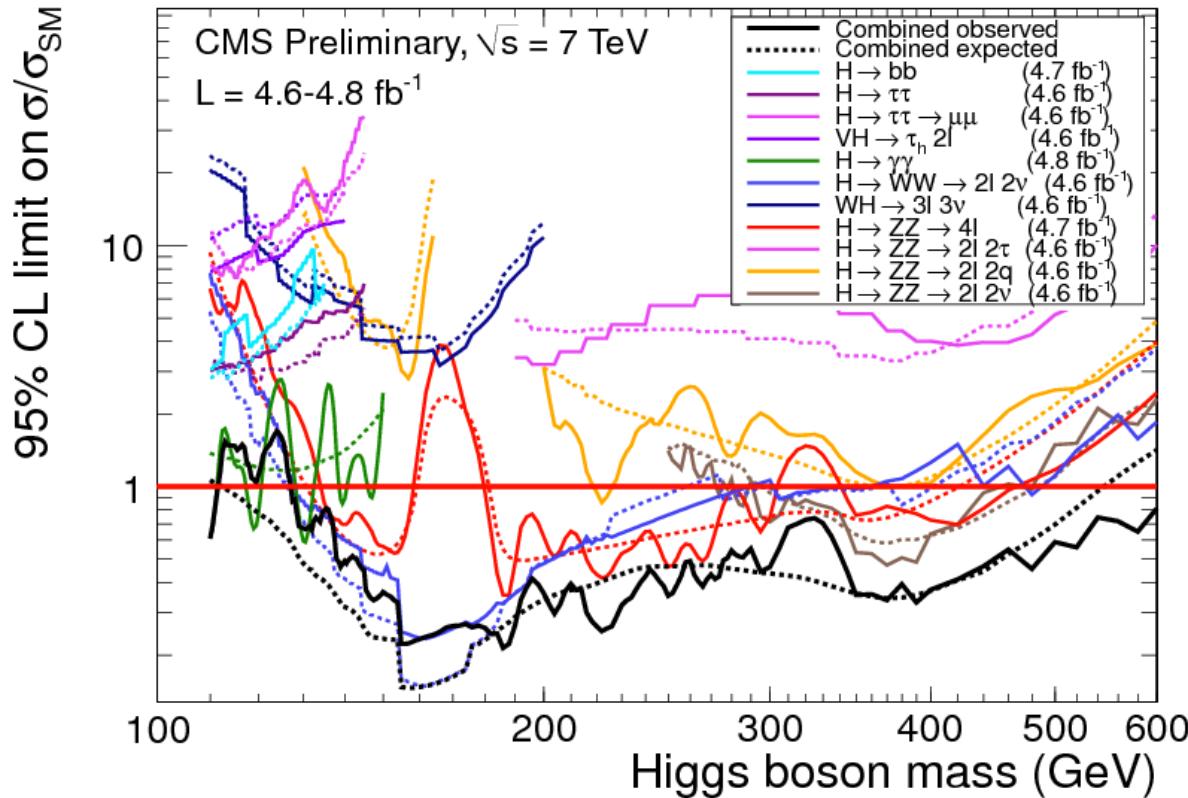


Combination !



G. Petrucciani

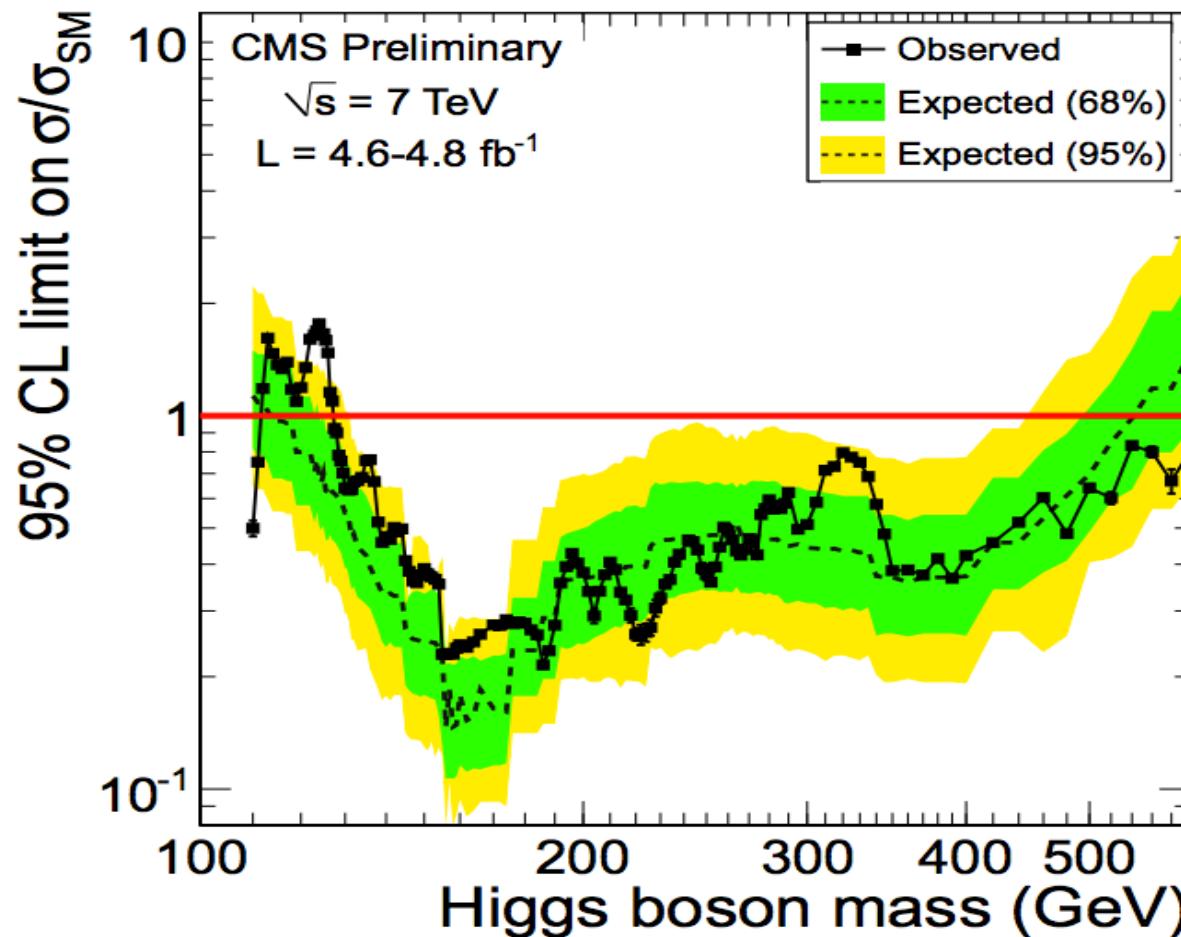
Channel by channel



11 channels:

- Correlated uncertainties (Jet energy scale, Luminosity etc) are taken into account
- When data driven method are used, systematic are not correlated
- Theory uncertainties are carefully taken into account across channels using the recommendation of the LHC H XS WG

CMS: the SM Higgs as of today



Expected at 95% CL:

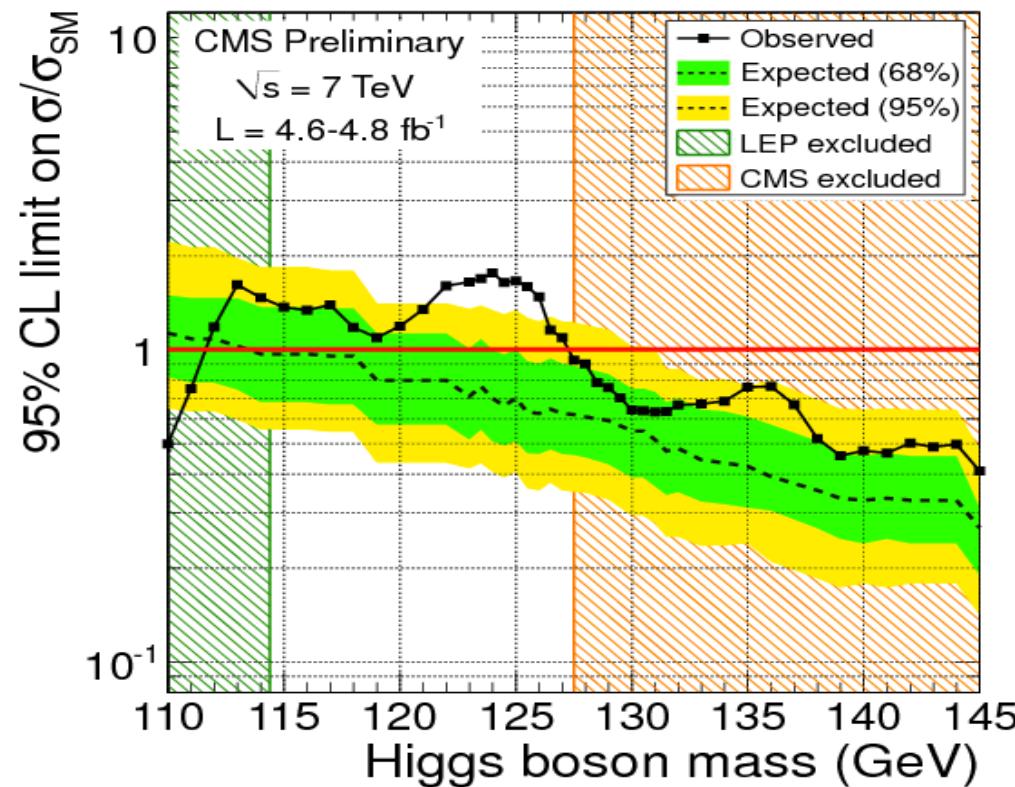
$$114.5 < M_H < 543 \text{ GeV}$$

Observed at 95% CL:

$$127.5 < m_H < 600 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\text{Observed at 99% CL: } 129. < m_H < 525 \text{ GeV}$$

Low Mass Range



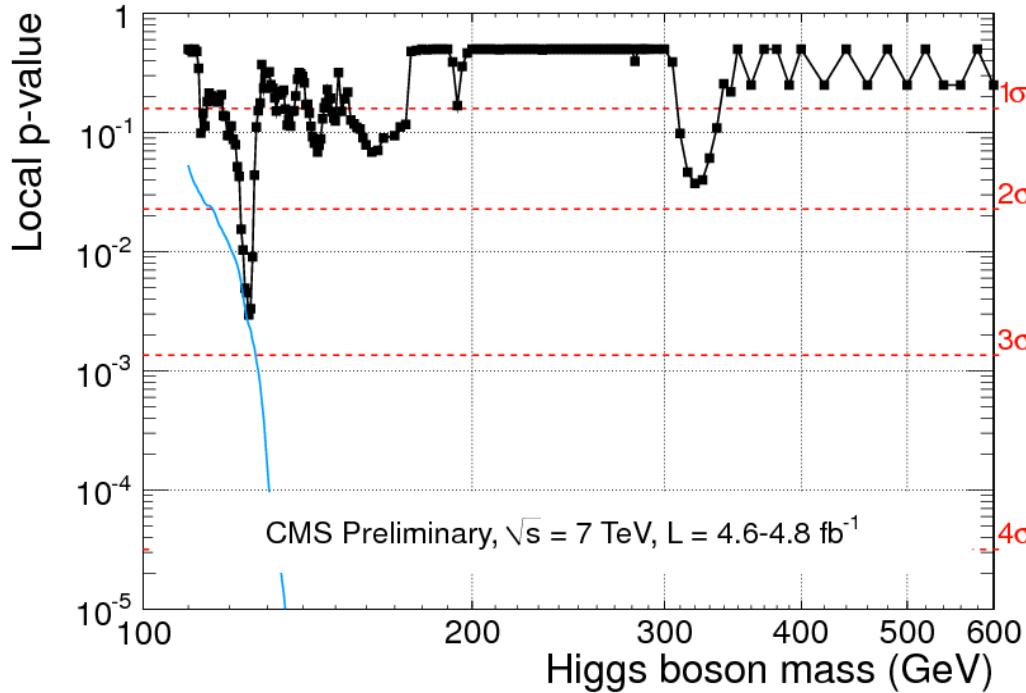
Observed at 95% CL:
 $127.5 < m_H < 600 \text{ GeV}$

Expected at 95% CL:
 $114.5 < M_H < 543 \text{ GeV}$

the observed exclusion
is weaker than expected

Consistency with B only Hypothesis

- Excesses are quantified using p-values: use to reject a background only hypothesis

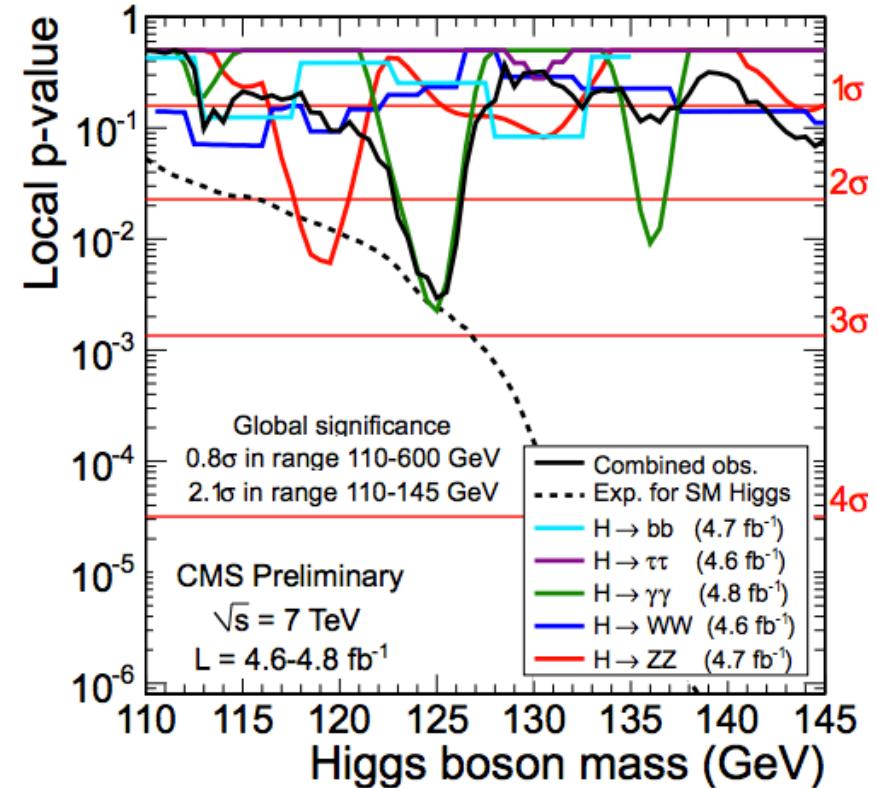


Max. deviation from background-only observed for $m_H \sim 125 \text{ GeV}$

119 GeV: 3 $H \rightarrow 4l$ events

124 GeV: $H \rightarrow 2\gamma$ events

325 GeV: 9 $H \rightarrow 4l$ events



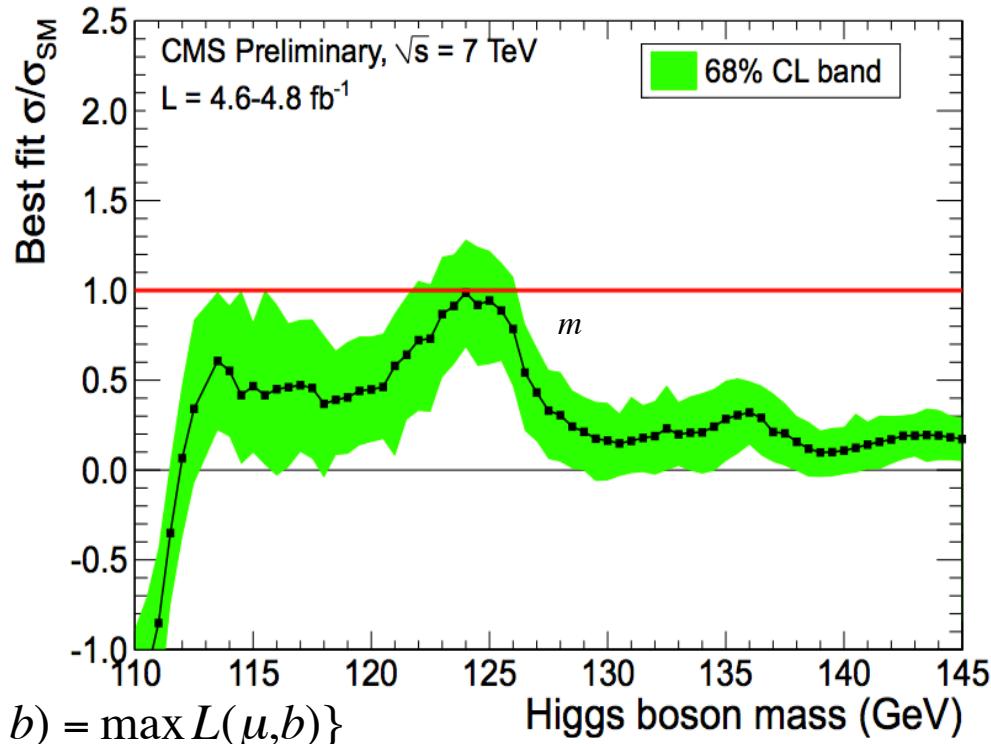
$\gamma\gamma$: 2.9σ at 125 GeV

$4l$: 2.5σ at 119.5 GeV

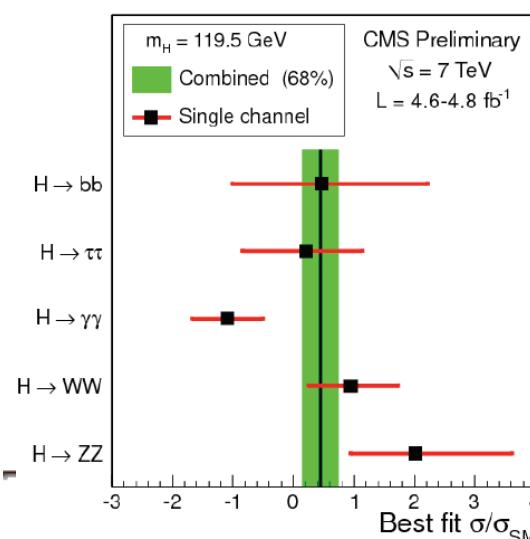
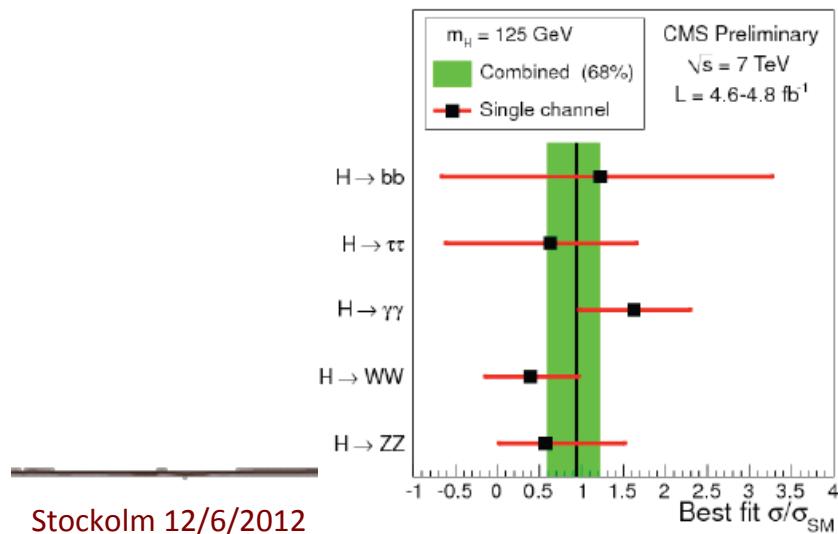
Observed local significance 2.8σ
at 125 GeV (expected 2.9σ)
Global 2.1σ

Best Fit for Signal Strength w.r.t. SM Rate

$$\mu = \sigma / \sigma_{\text{SM}}$$



$$\hat{\mu} = \{\mu \mid L(\mu s(\mu_H) + b) = \max L(\mu, b)\}$$



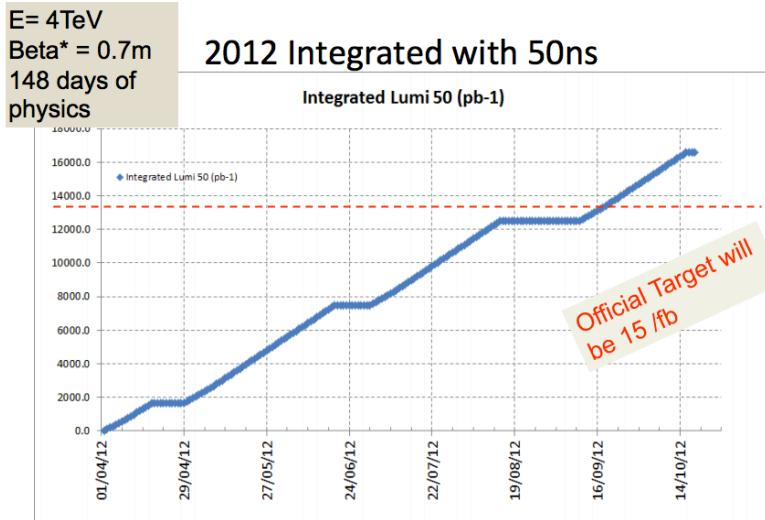

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Near future

By the end of the 8 TeV run in 2012, the luminosity collected will hopefully allow us to have 5 sigma everywhere.

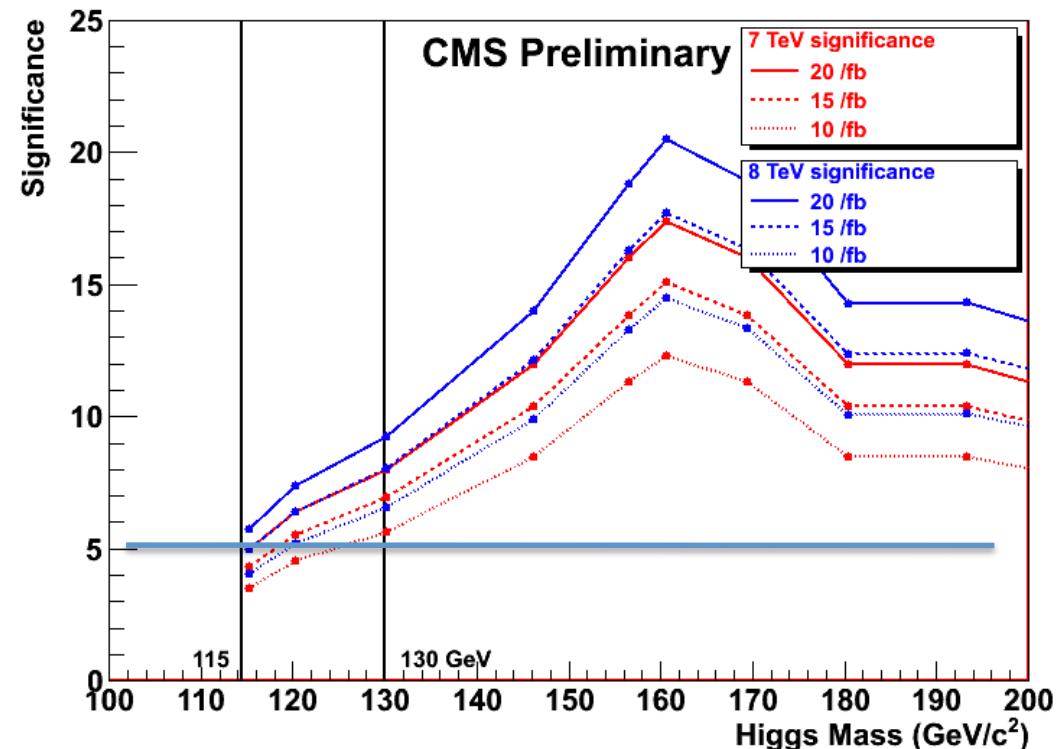
Maybe difficult at 115 GeV

The very high mass will be investigated as well.



~ 5 fb^{-1} by ICHEP

~ 15 fb^{-1} by Nov



By the end of 2012 five sigma everywhere, maybe difficult at 115 GeV

Summary

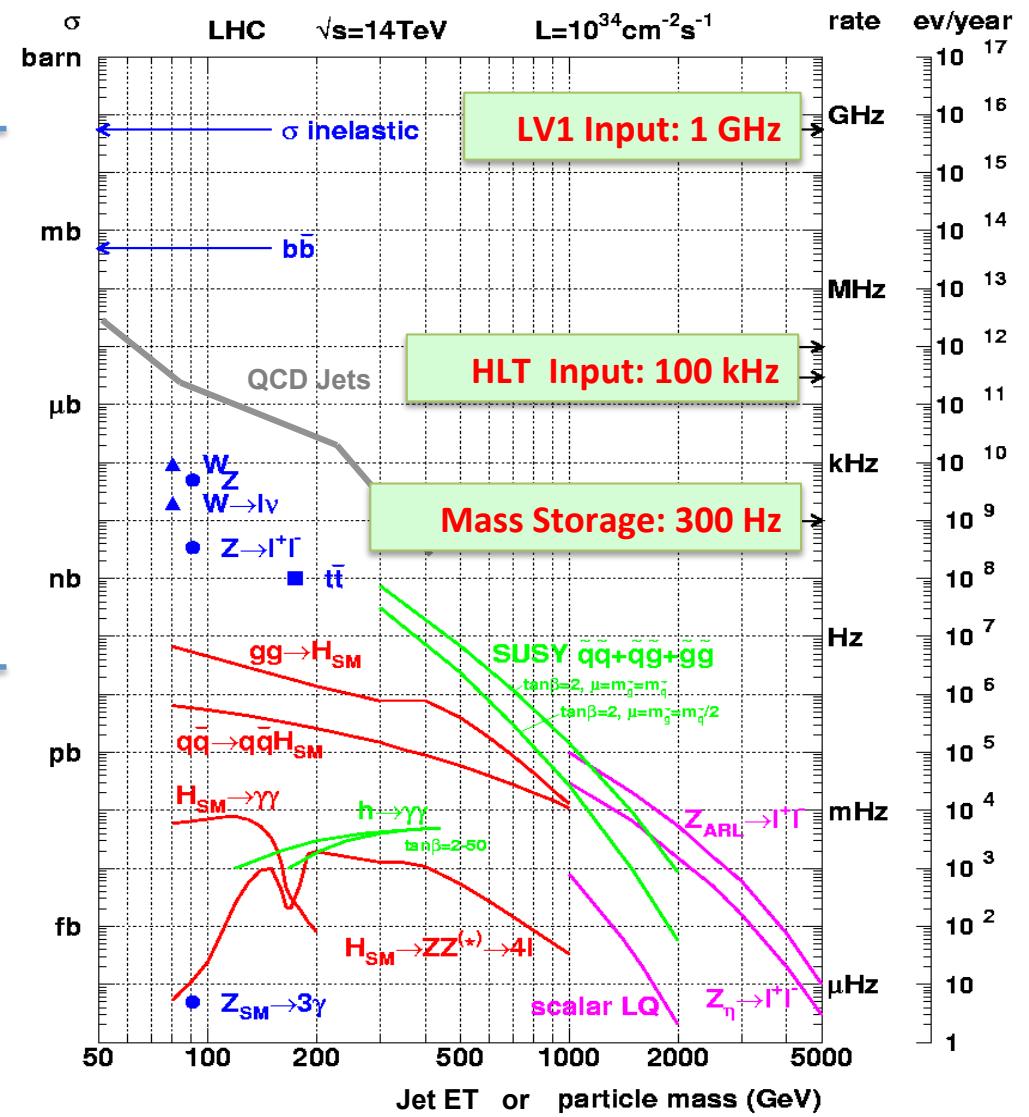
- Fantastic years at LHC and CMS: lots of data and analyses, measurements and searches...
- We did things we never imagined would be possible 2 years ago.
- Unfortunately we did not discover anything up to now/
Fortunately we did not exclude everything up to now!
- But more luminosity and higher energy will come.
- We do not yet know what is in front of us:
maybe another unexpected interpretation
of our world!

backup

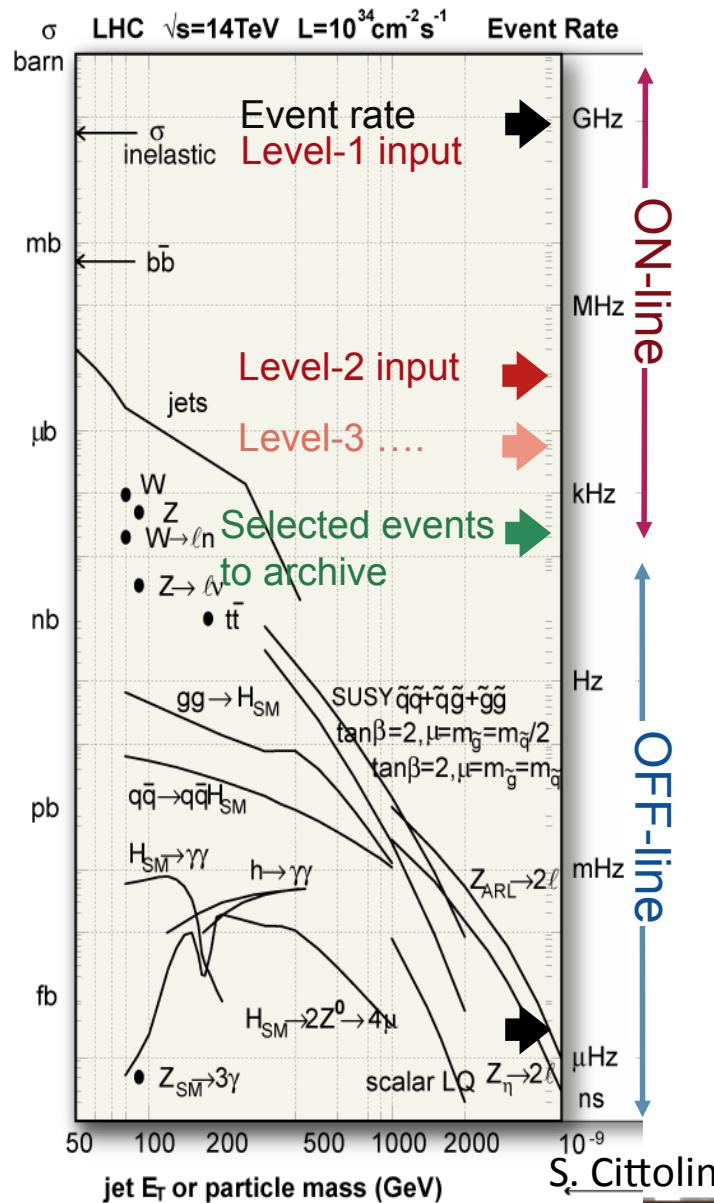
Production rates at LHC

10^{10}

“At LEP every event is signal.
At LHC every event is background.”
Sam Ting, LEPC, Sept-2000



Trigger



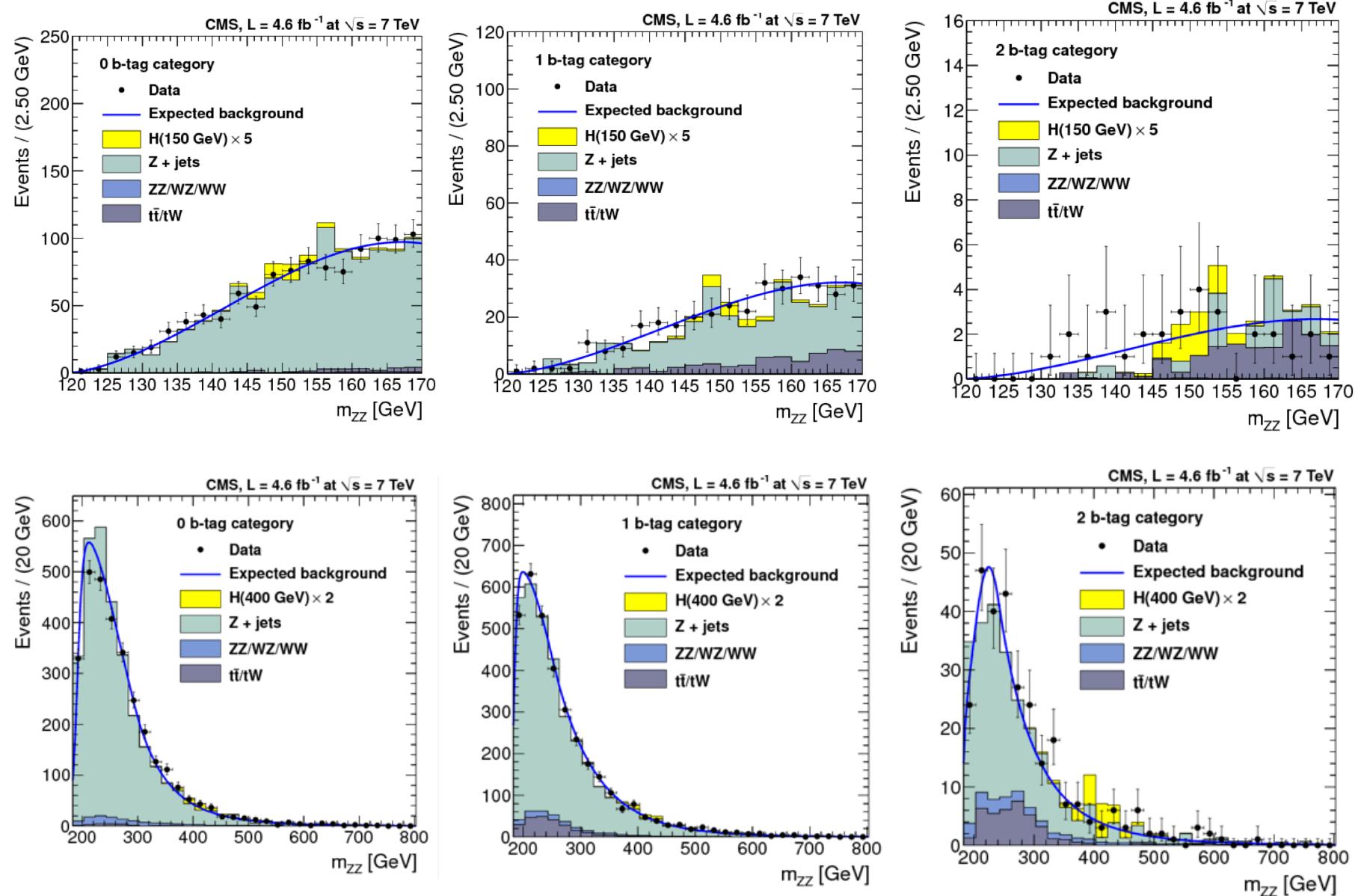
- At LHC the collision rate will be 40 MHz
The Event size ~1 Mbyte

Band width limit ~ 100 Gbyte →
Mass storage rate ~100 Hz

Thus we should select the events with
“the Trigger”

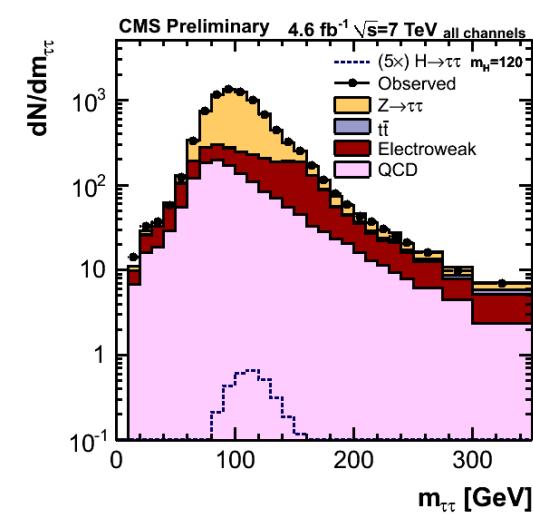
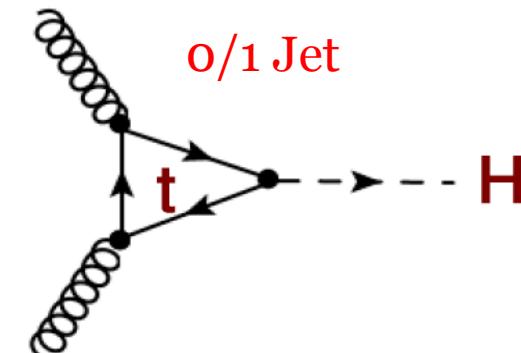
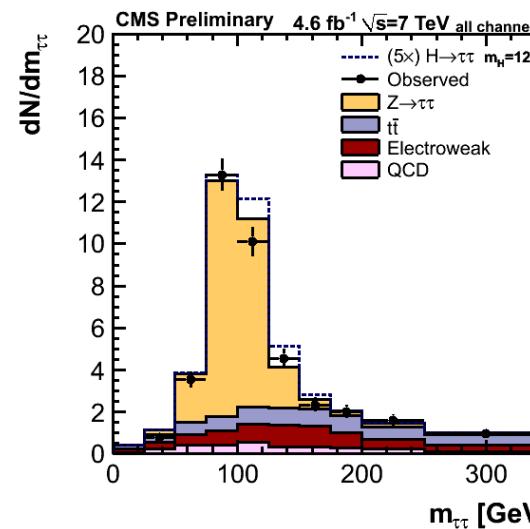
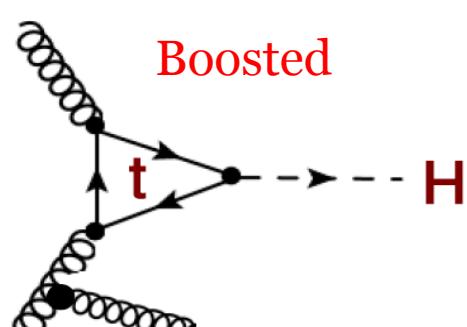
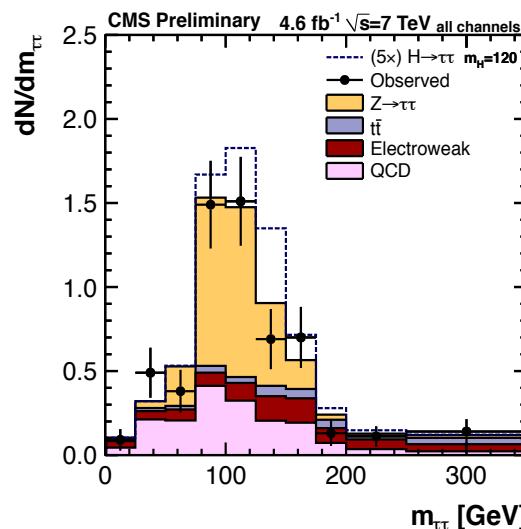
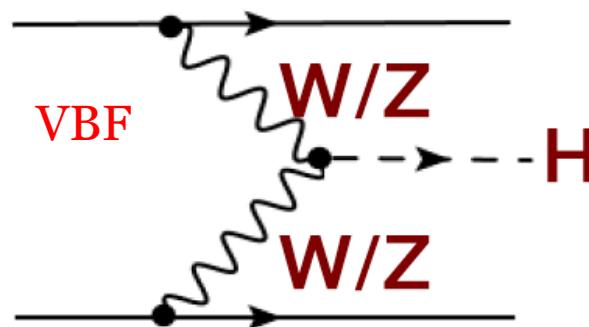
- Level-1 Trigger input 40 MHz
- Level-2 Trigger input 100 kHz (HLT for CMS)
- Level-3 Trigger input xx kHz (HLT for Atlas)

M_{ZZ}



CMS: $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

optimize sensitivity by splitting in jet/topology categories: VBF highest sensitivity
 but all production modes considered: $gg \rightarrow H$, VBF, $W(Z)H$, $t\bar{t}H$



Sig/BG

1/24

1/75

1/460

Signal

6 ± 1

14 ± 2

180 ± 20

Stockholm 12/6/12

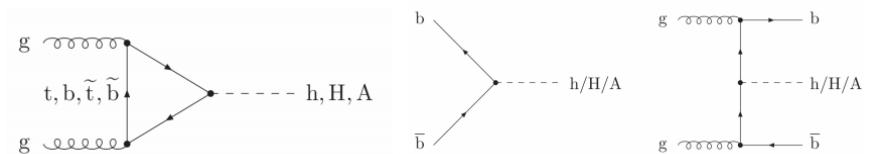
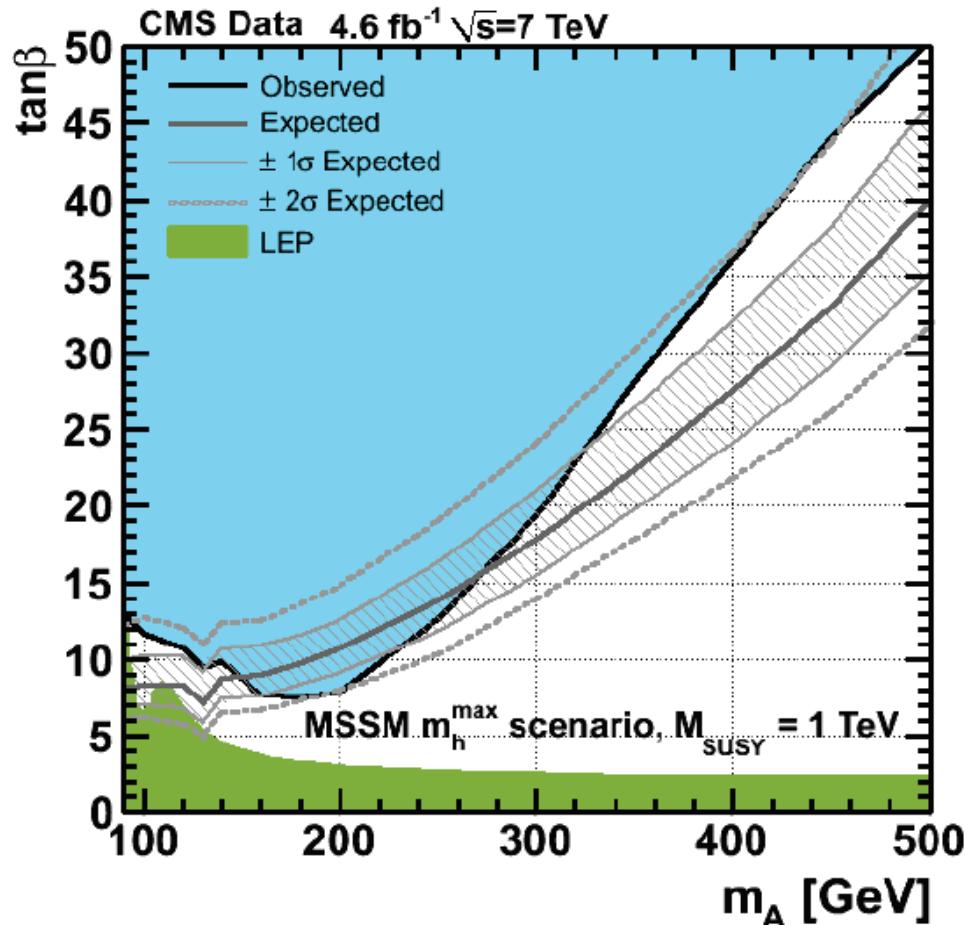
Background

140 ± 10

1050 ± 170

83000 ± 4000

MSSM ϕ

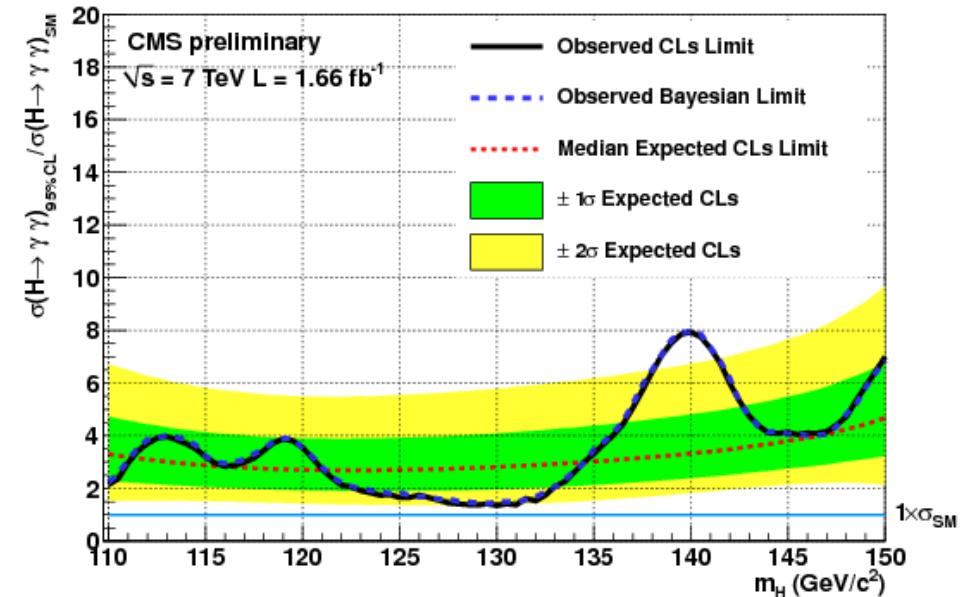
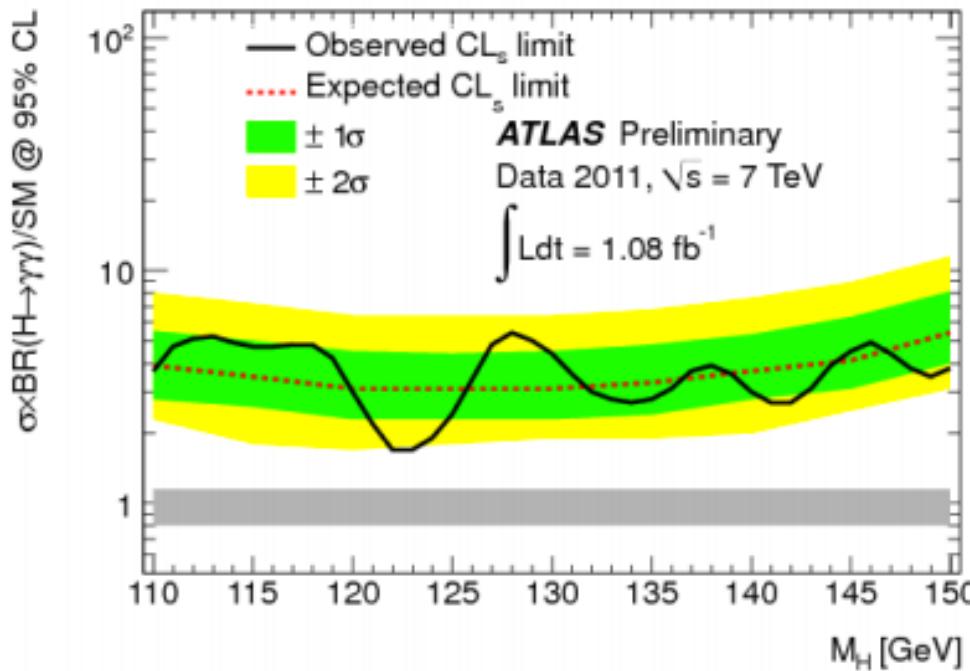


$\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$
Combining btag
and non btag events

- Most sensitive channel for neutral Higgs searches in the context of SUSY models
 - Large portion of $\tan\beta$ - M_A plane excluded

H → γγ, in the summer

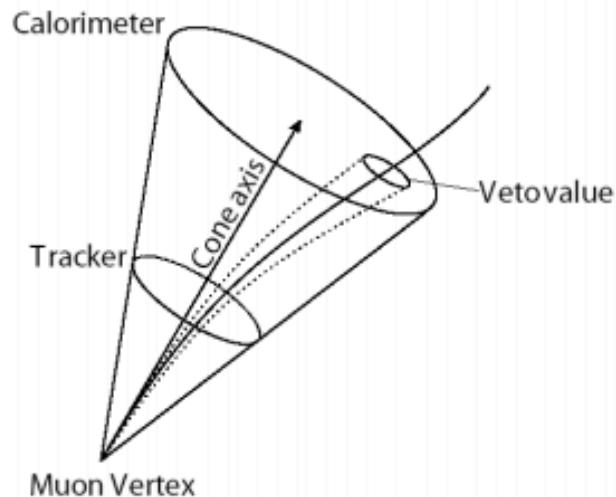
Dominated by gg-fusion



- Two high pt, isolated photons, pointing to a PV
- Different photon categories treated differently.
- $M(\gamma\gamma)$ resolution very similar.
- Results very similar
- Fluctuations: excess and deficit.... We will see!

Isolation

The requirement that the energy flow in the vicinity of a muon is below a certain threshold helps discriminating muons from W/Z from muons produced as a result of QCD processes.

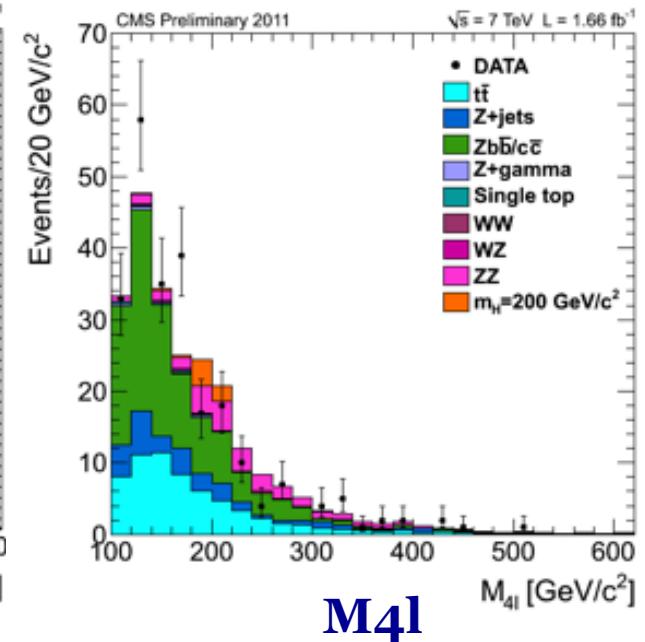
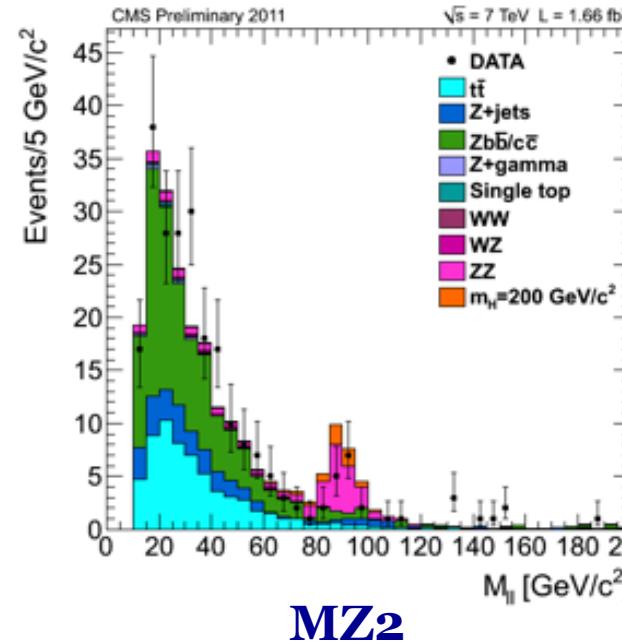
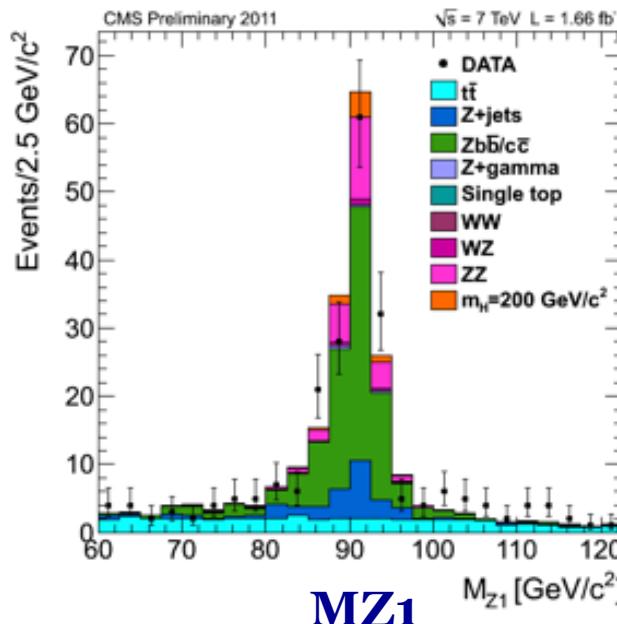


- $R^{Tk}_{Iso} = [Tk_{iso03} / p_T]$
- $R_{Iso} = [(Tk_{iso03} + ECAL_{iso03} + HCAL_{iso03}) / p_T]$
- H->4l analysis: a cut on the sum of R_{Iso} of the two least isolated leptons < 0.35 is chosen
 - $R_{Iso} < 0.15$ usual working point for W/Z lepton selection

ECAL and HCAL contributions are affected by pile-up conditions

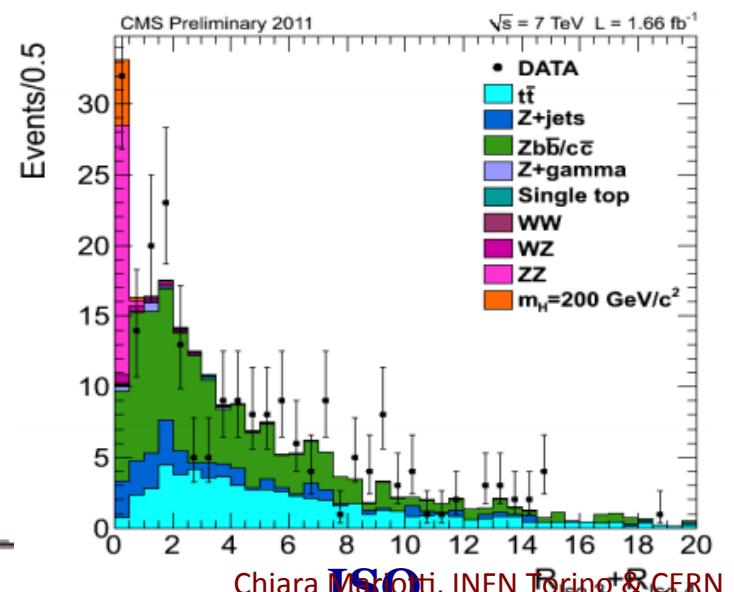
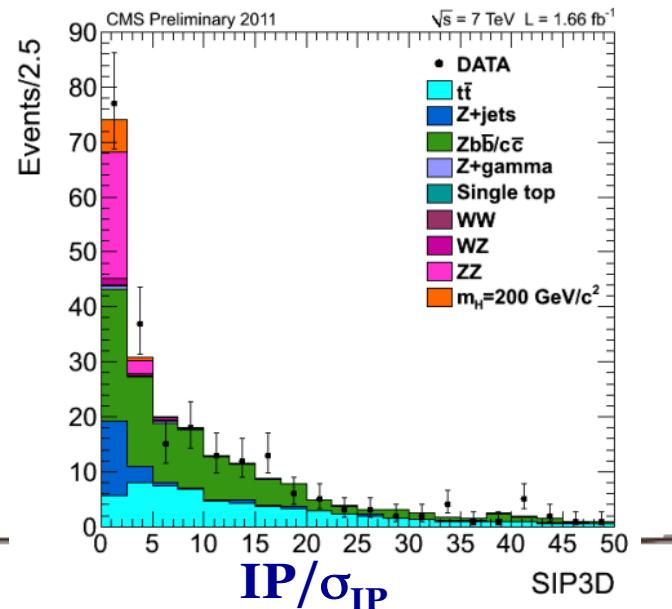
To have a pile-up robust analysis R_{Iso} must be corrected by the average energy flow in the event
[Fast-jet correction]

H → ZZ → 4l

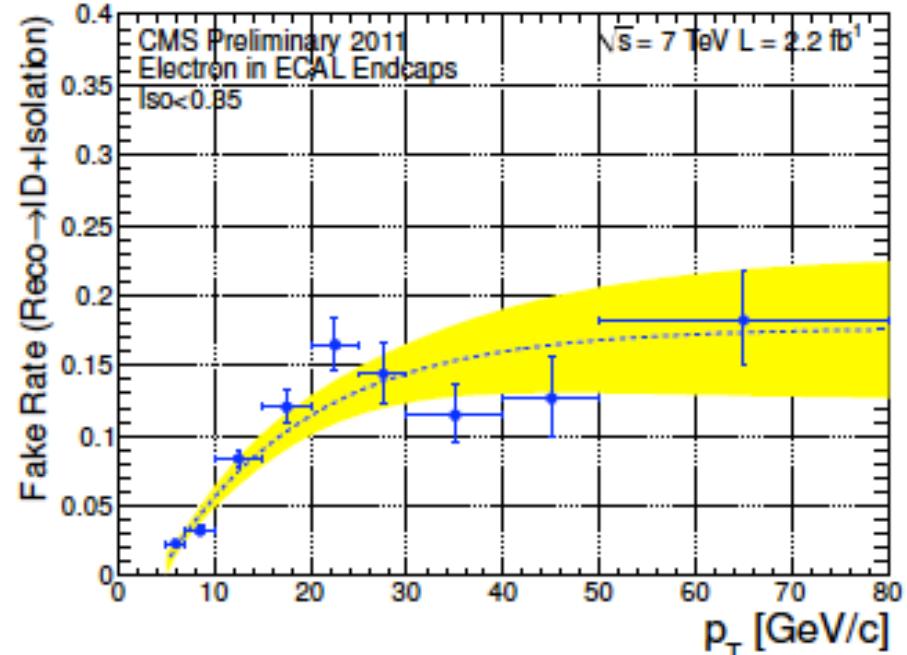
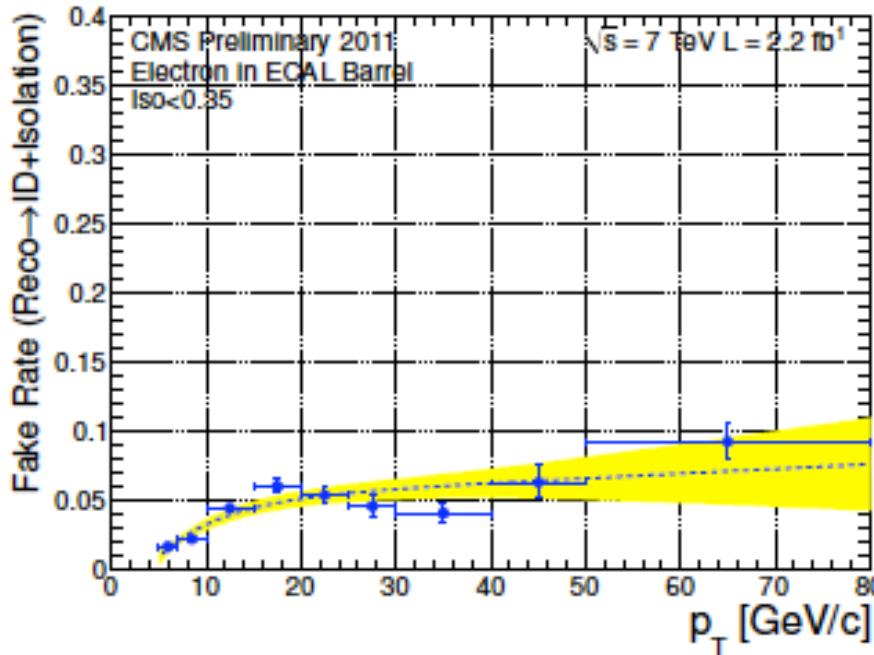


2 leptons of pT>20, 10 GeV
Isolated and from PV ->
the couple closest to MZ

PLUS
2 leptons of pT>5 (7) GeV
with M>20 GeV
Isolated and from PV



Z+jets



In the Z1+1 leptons sample:
the probability that a muon/electron with relaxed ID and ISO
passes the analysis requests

More checks done on the Z1+SS vs Z1+OS samples.

ZZ continuum

- Directly from MC:

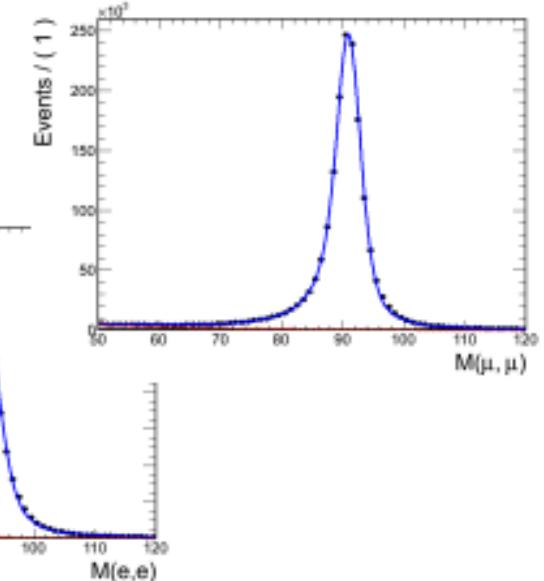
$$\left(\sigma_{NLO}^{q\bar{q} \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l} \times \varepsilon_{MC}^{q\bar{q} \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l} + \sigma_{LO}^{gg \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l} \times \varepsilon_{MC}^{gg \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l} \right) \times L$$

- Normalization to Z rate in data

$$\frac{\sigma_{NLO}^{q\bar{q} \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l} + \sigma_{LO}^{gg \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l}}{\sigma_{NNLO}^{q\bar{q} \rightarrow Z \rightarrow 2l}} \times \frac{\varepsilon_{MC}^{ZZ \rightarrow 4l}}{\varepsilon_{MC}^{Z \rightarrow 2l}} \times N_{data}^{Z \rightarrow ll}$$

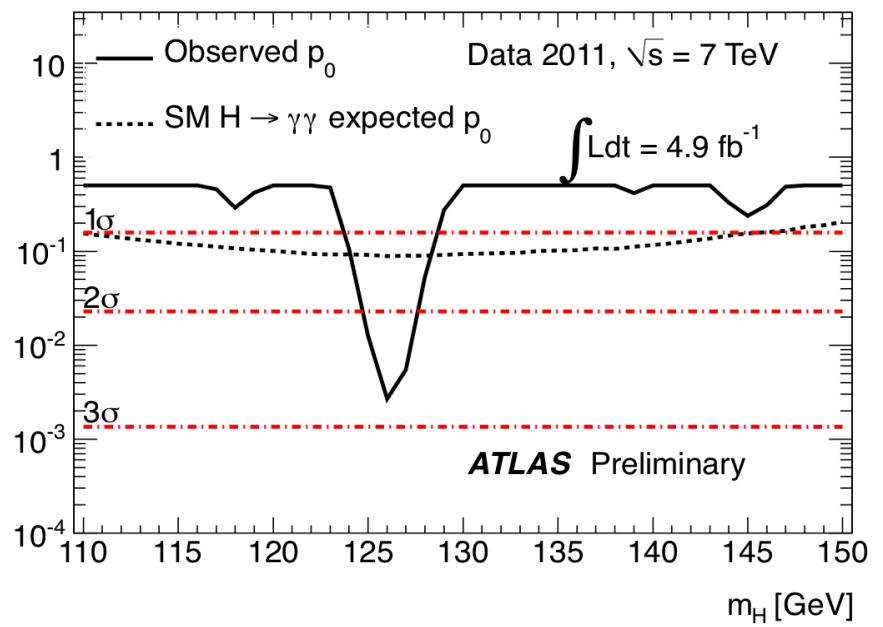
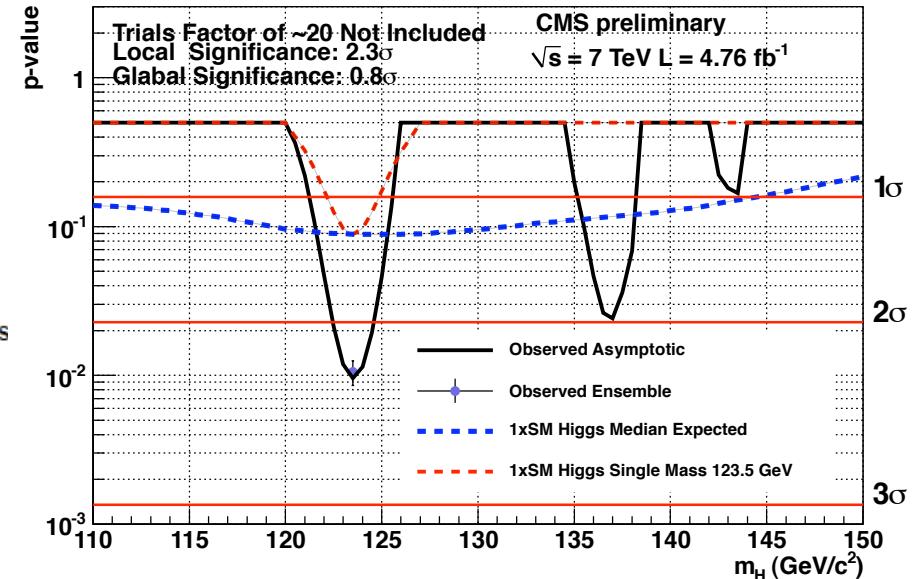
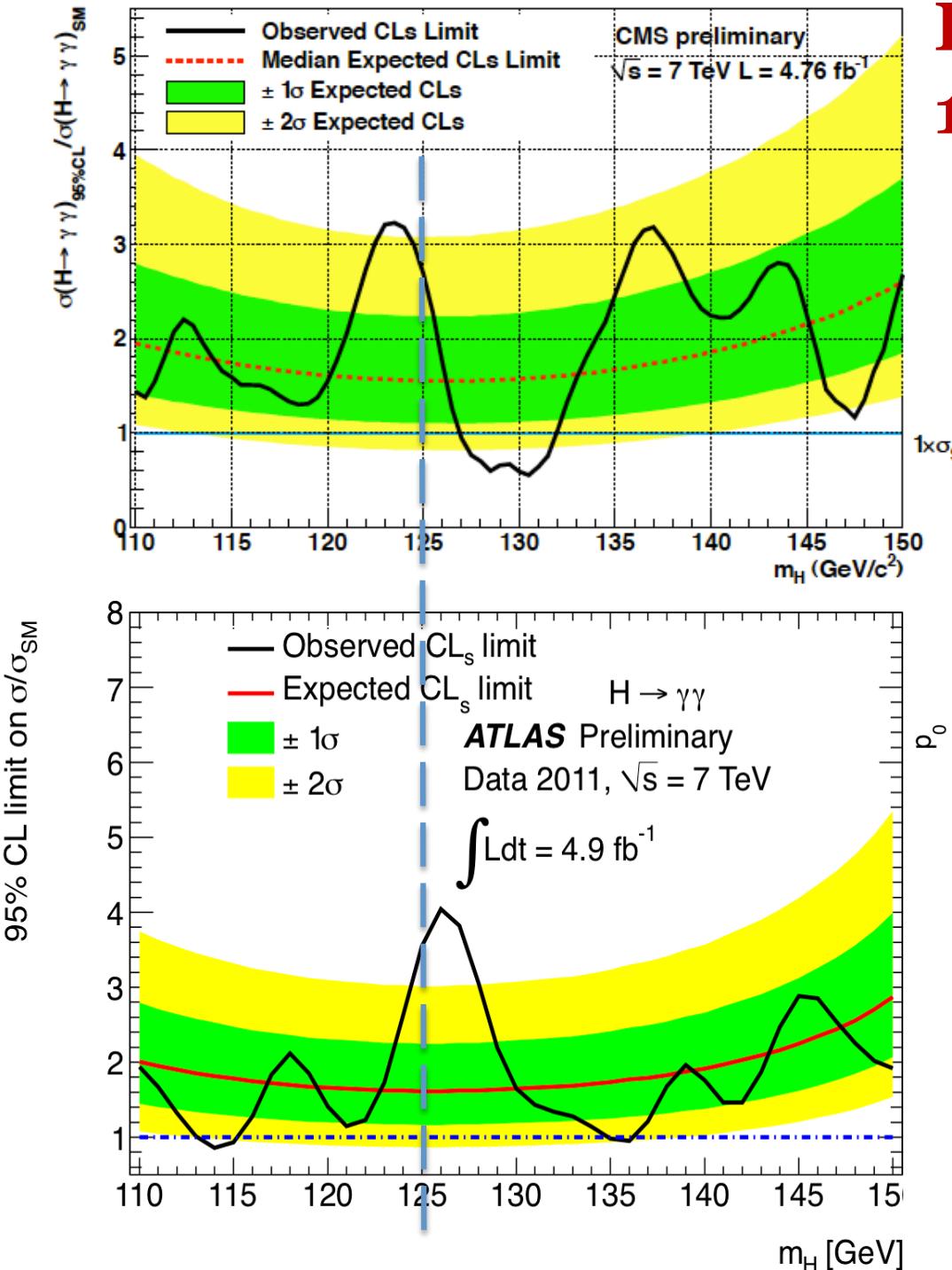
- The luminosity uncert. cancel in the ratio
- The TH uncertainties as YR prescription
~ 10% (PDF4LHC prescription + QCD scale)

- Results: the two agree within %

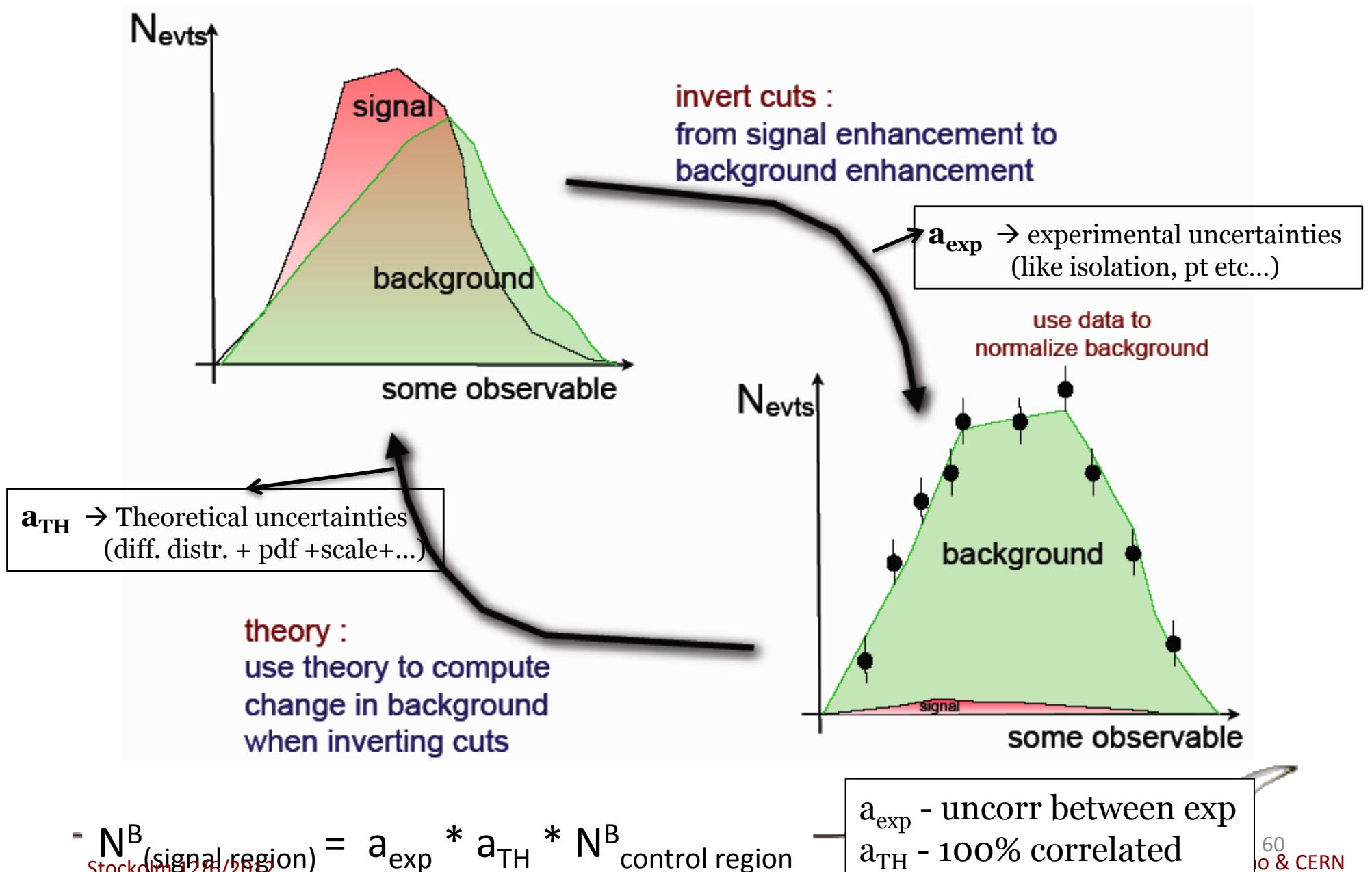


Results : R and p-value

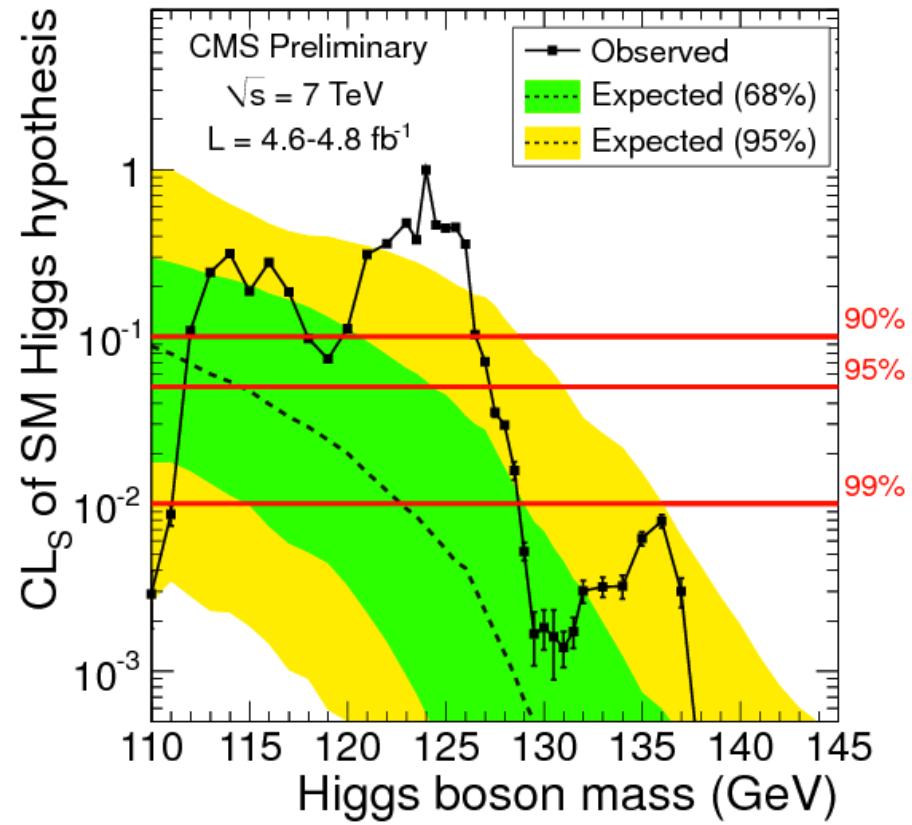
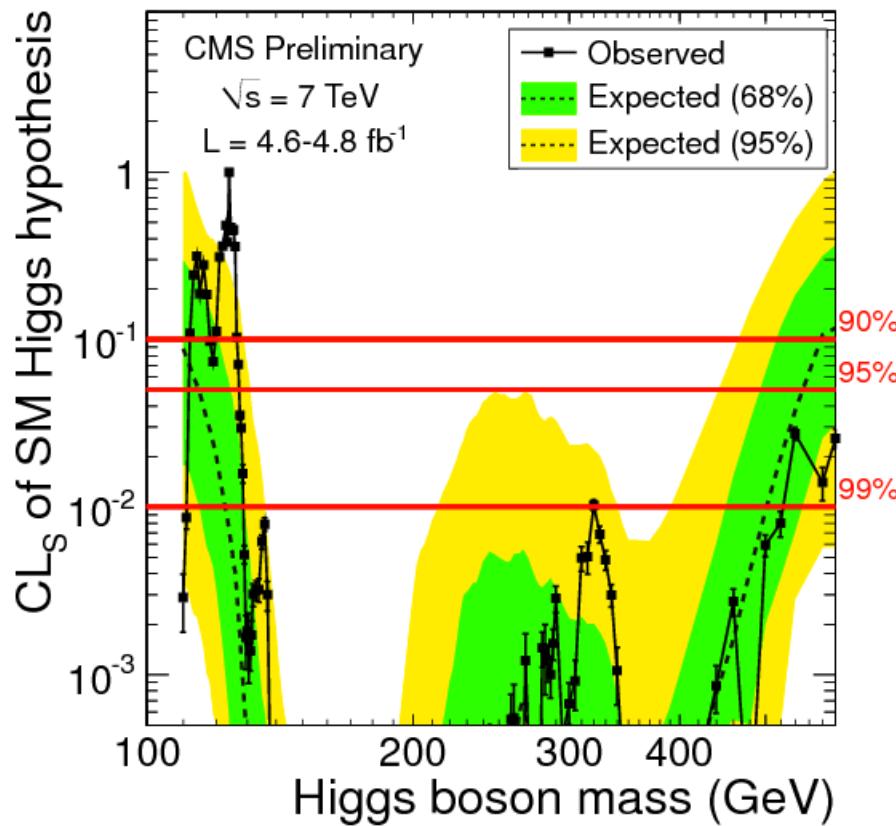
13 -Dec - 2012

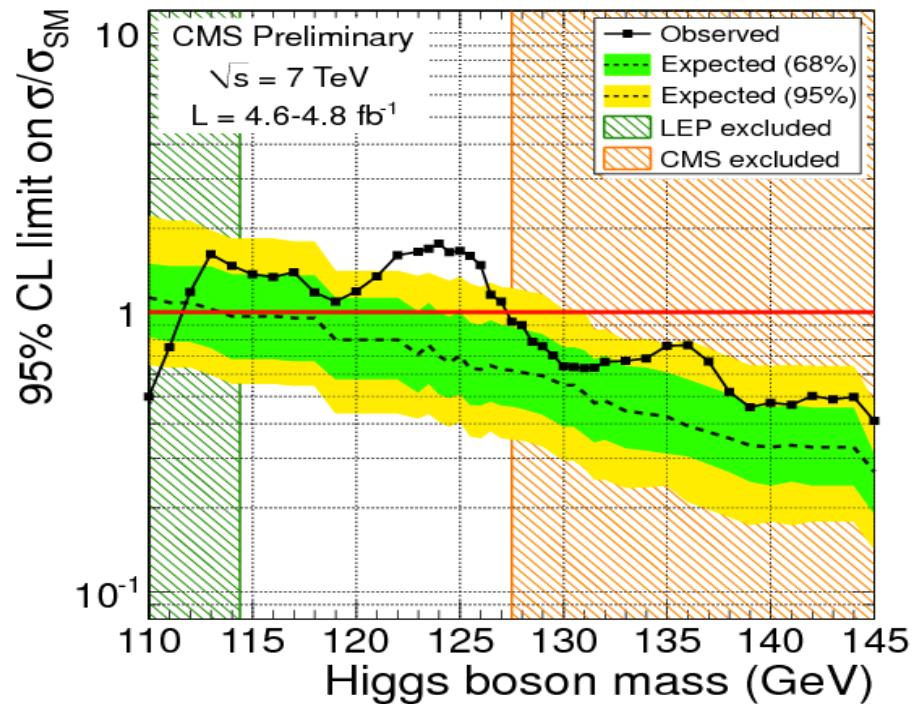
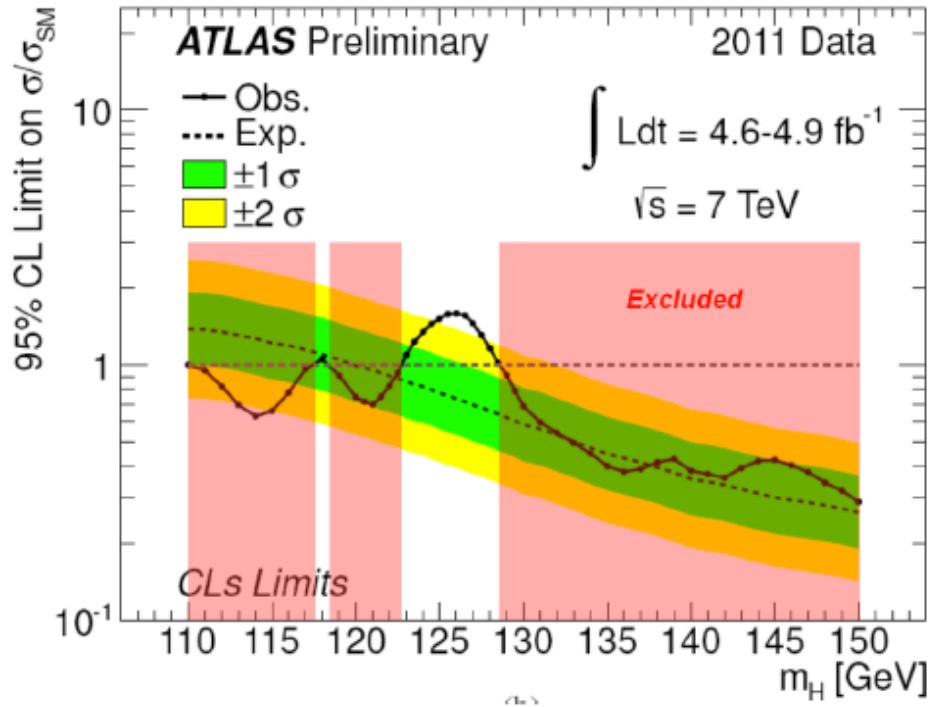


The control of the background

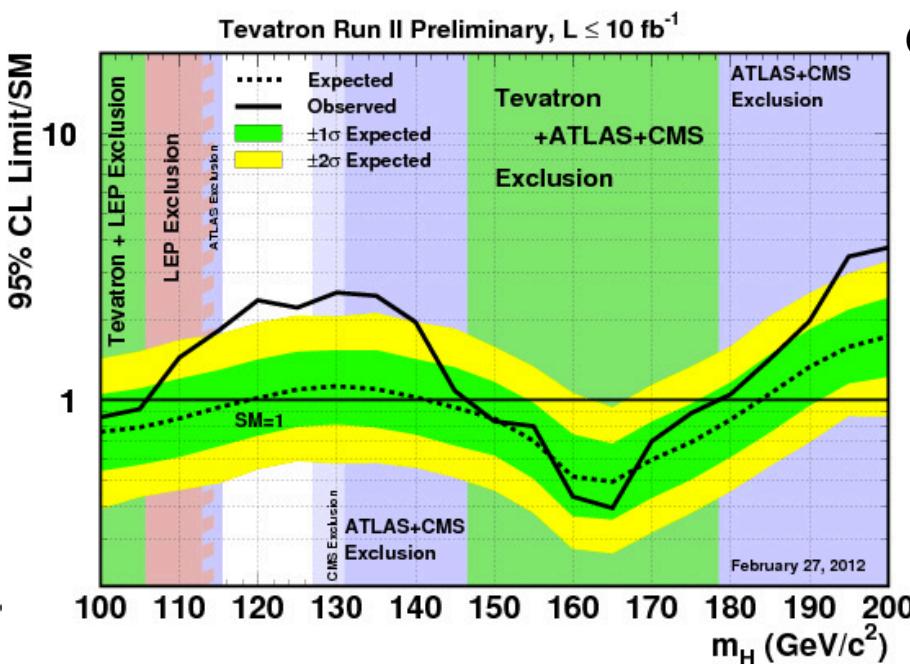
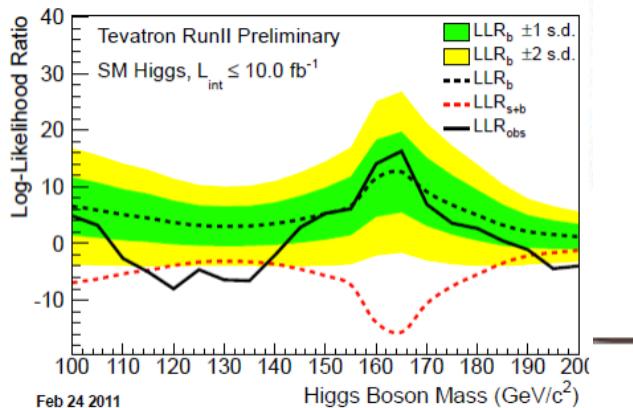


CLs





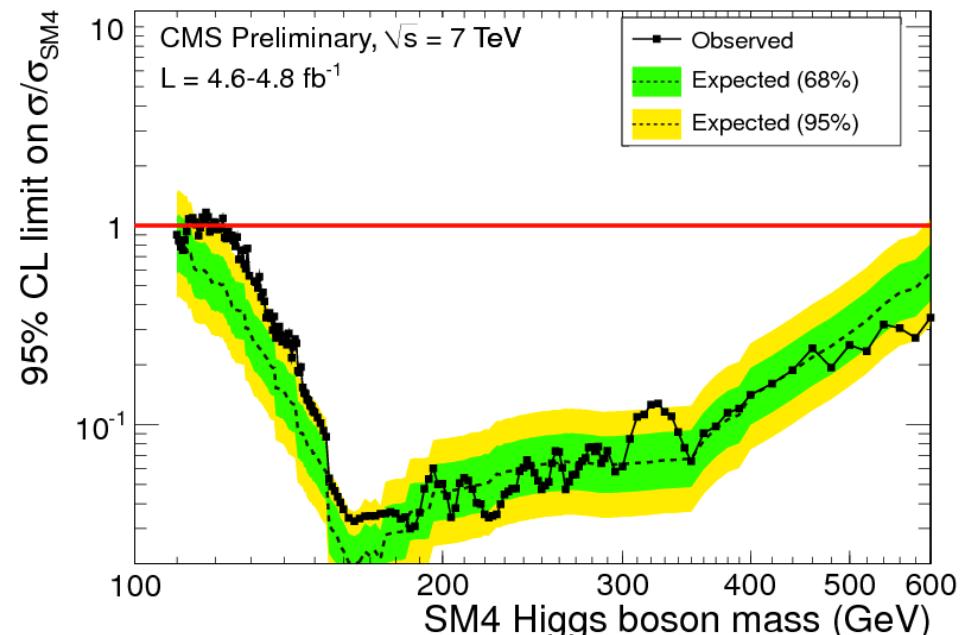
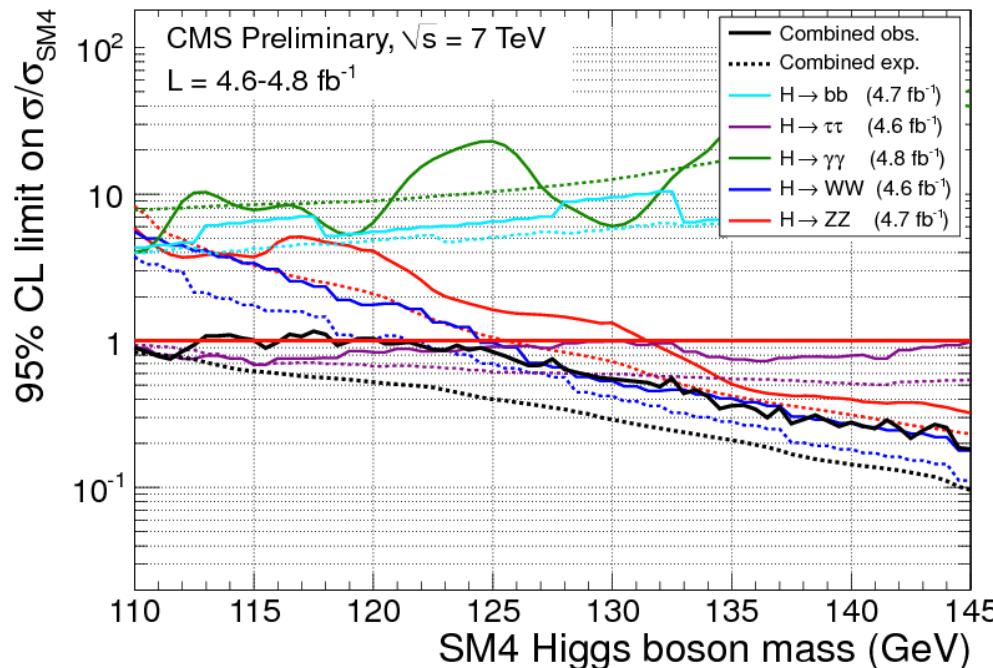
...and
TEVATRON



Global significance
 $\sim 2.2 \sigma$

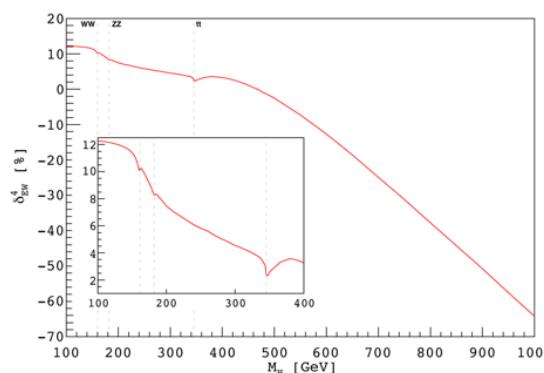
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Higgs in the SM4

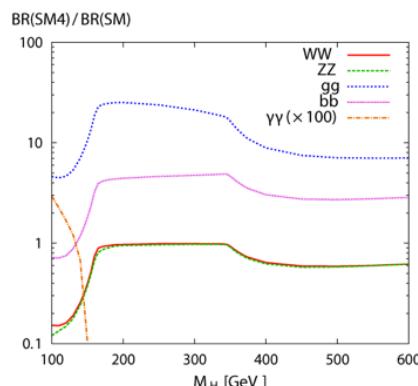


Excluded in the range: 120 - 600 GeV

New values from CERN 2012-002 including EW correction to production and decay

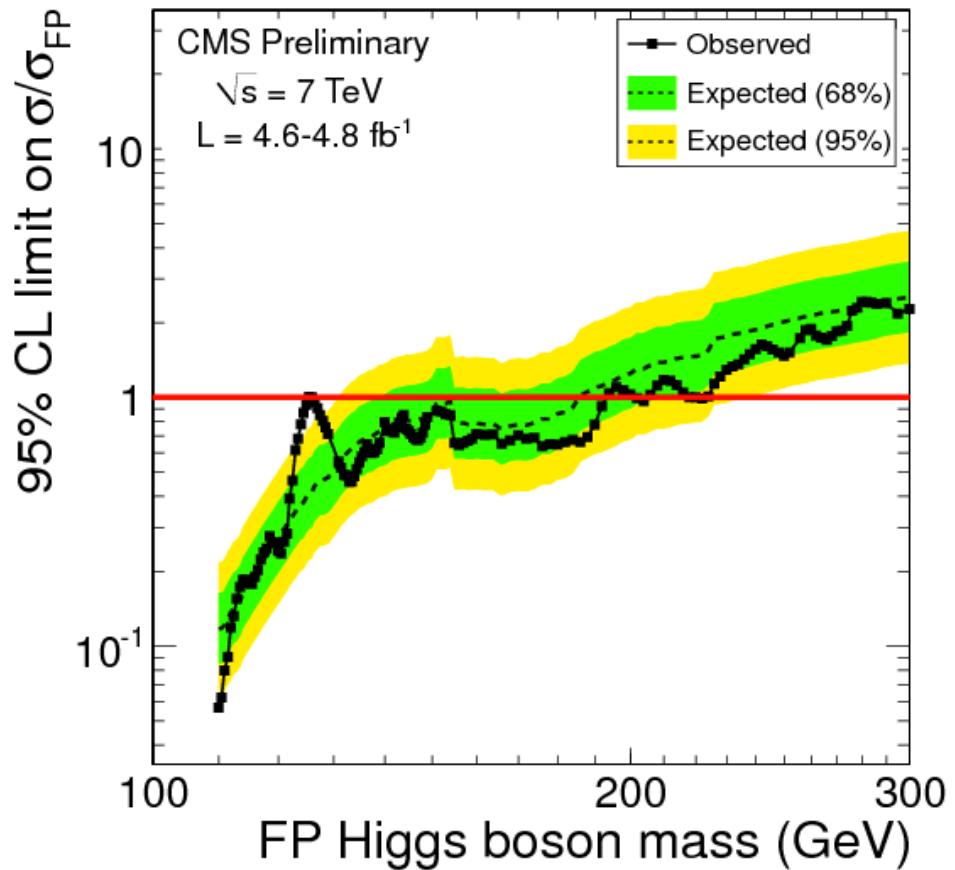
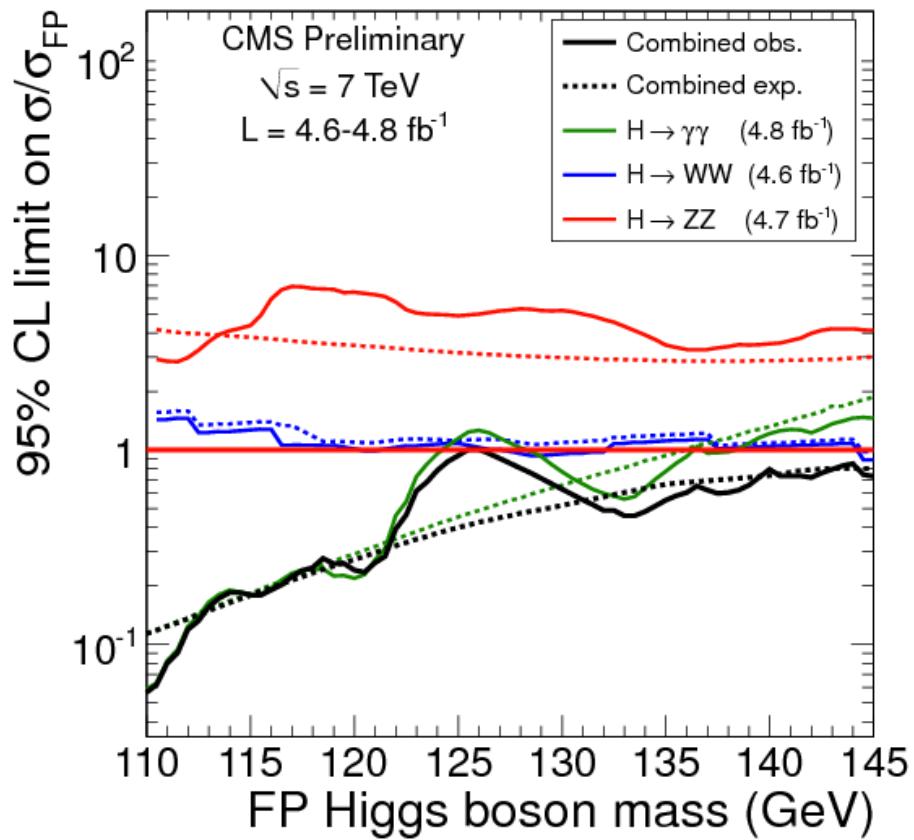


Stockholm 12/6/2012



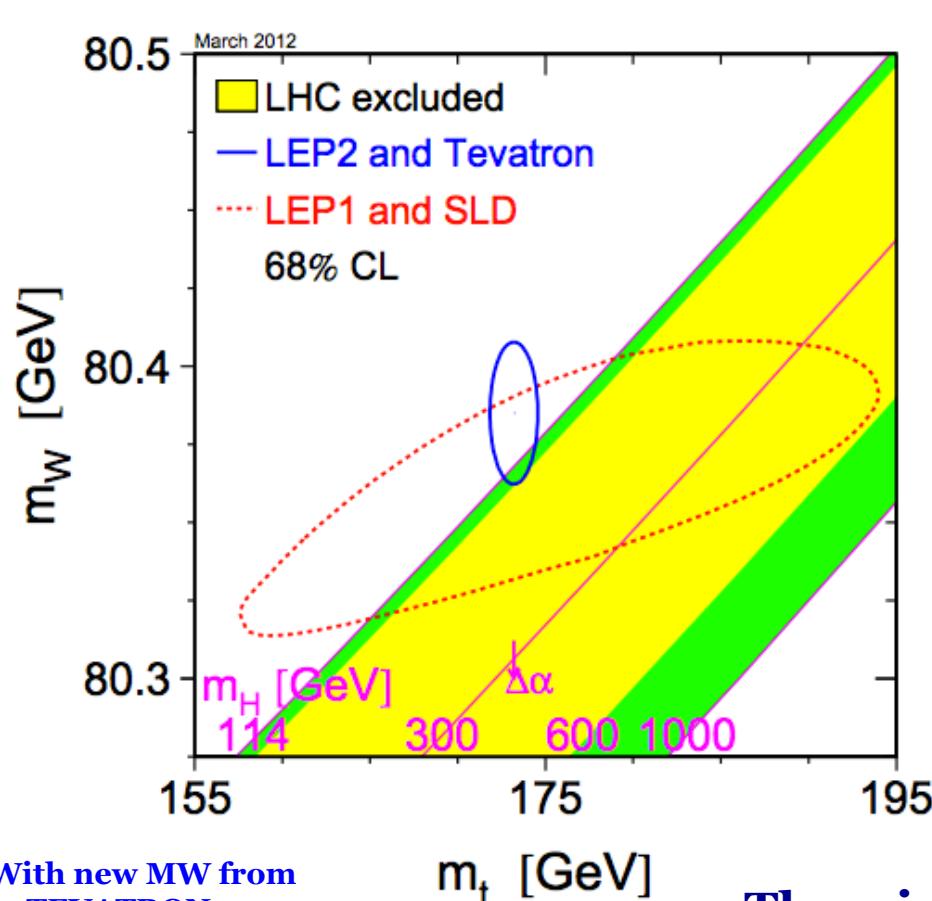
Chiara Mariotti, INFN Torino & CERN

Limits in the Fermiophobic scenario



Excluded in the range: 110 – 192 GeV

The SM Higgs as of today



With new MW from
TEVATRON
 $MW = 80.375 \pm 0.15$

The window left
is between
 $\sim 117 - 127$ GeV
in agreement with
EW precision physics

