Anti-deuteron production in WIMP annihilations

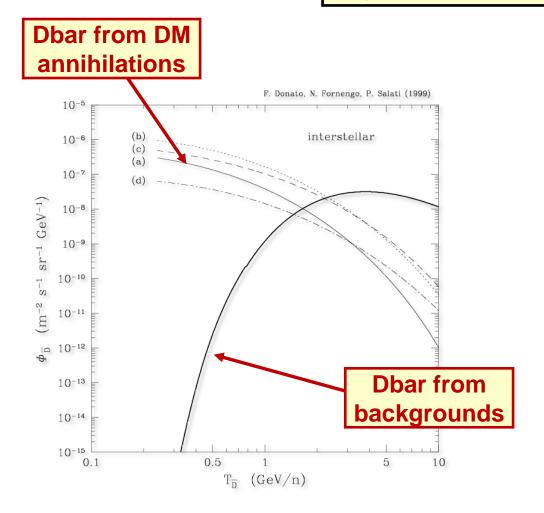
Chris Savage

University of Utah

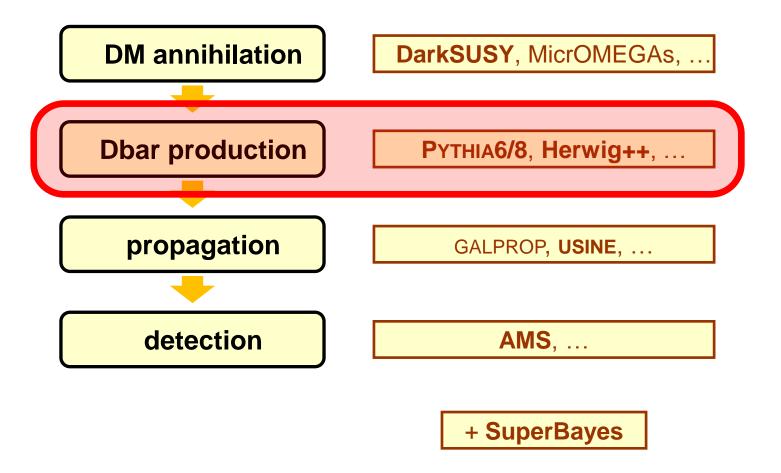
With J. Cornell, J. Edsjö, N. Karpenka, A. Putze, P. Scott

Overview

Donato, Fornengo & Salati, Phys. Rev. **D62**, 043003 (2000)



Overview



Dbar production: MC generators

- PYTHIA6: Joakim Edsjö
- PYTHIA8: CS
- Herwig++: Jonathan Cornell (in progress)
- Herzog: (Doug?)
- Results:
 - Mainly PYTHIA8
 - Some very preliminary

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Rest of analysis: A. Putze (USINE) P. Scott (SuperBayeS) N. Karpenka

(complete)

(nearly complete)

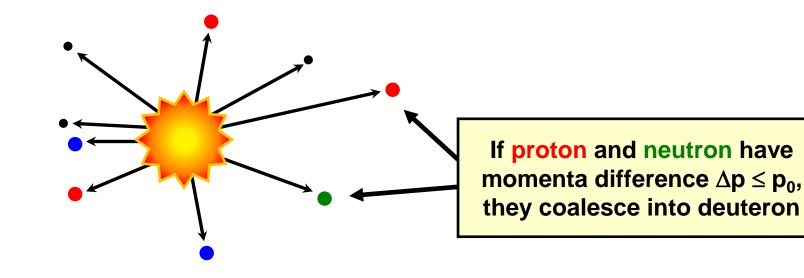
Outline

- Coalescence model
- Results
- Issues: vertex cut and relaxation
- MC generator comparison

Coalescence model

Coalescence model

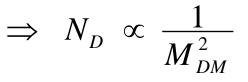
J. Kapusta, Phys. Rev. C21, 1301 (1980)



- Problem: HEP event generators do not do nucleon coalescence/fusion (no deuterons)
- Must generate D/Dbar from nucleons ourselves

Analytic approximation

 Treat proton and neutron spectra as *independently* isotropic

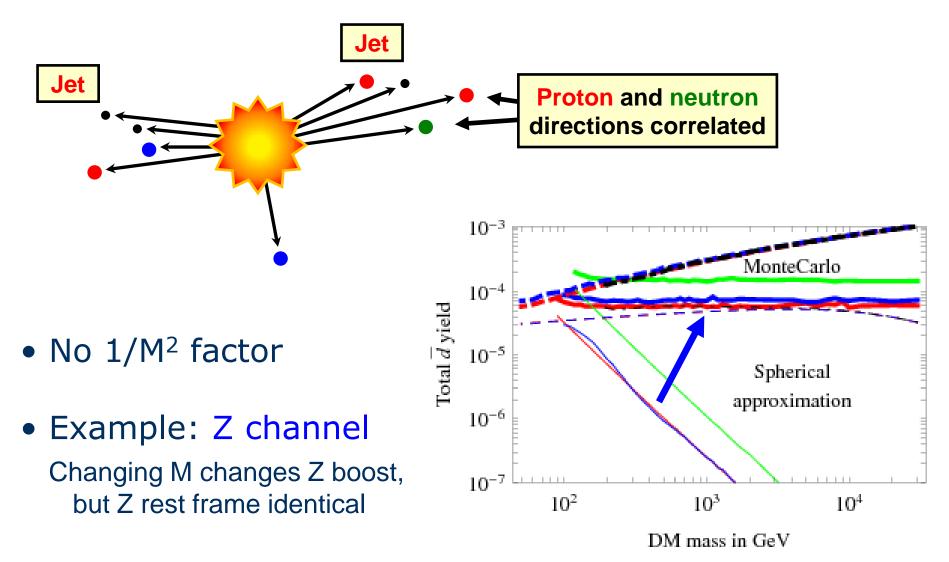


- Advantage: simple, easy to calculate
 - Simply tabulate ^{dN}/_{dp} for each nucleon [O(1) nucleon / annihilation]
- **Disadvantage:** results are wrong

Jets: directions are correlated

Monte carlo (event-level) modeling

Kadastik, Raidal & Strumia, Phys.Lett. B683, 248 (2010)



ALEPH Collab., Phys. Rev. Lett. 639, 192 (2006)

ALEPH:

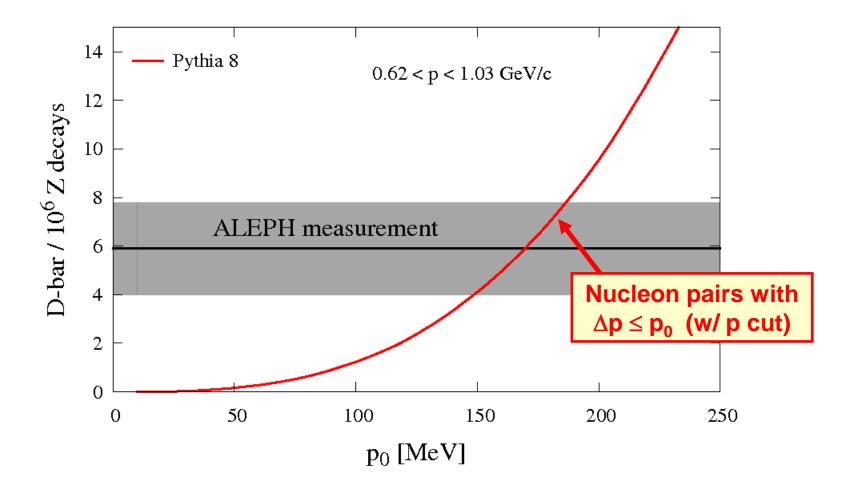
Dbars produced per 10⁶ Z hadronic resonance decays over $0.62 \le p \le 1.03$ GeV/c

5.9 ±1.8 (stat) ±0.5 (sys)

Determine p_0 :

- Simulate Z resonance decays
- Bin by △p of proton-neutron pairs
- Find p_0 such that pairs with $\Delta p \le p_0$ represent above fraction

Different physics models/implementations \Rightarrow *MC generator specific* p_0



2 ×10⁹ Z resonance decays (each)

	Herwig++	Рутніа6	PYTHIA8	
no vertex cut	117.3	172.6	169.7 ± 0.3	MeV

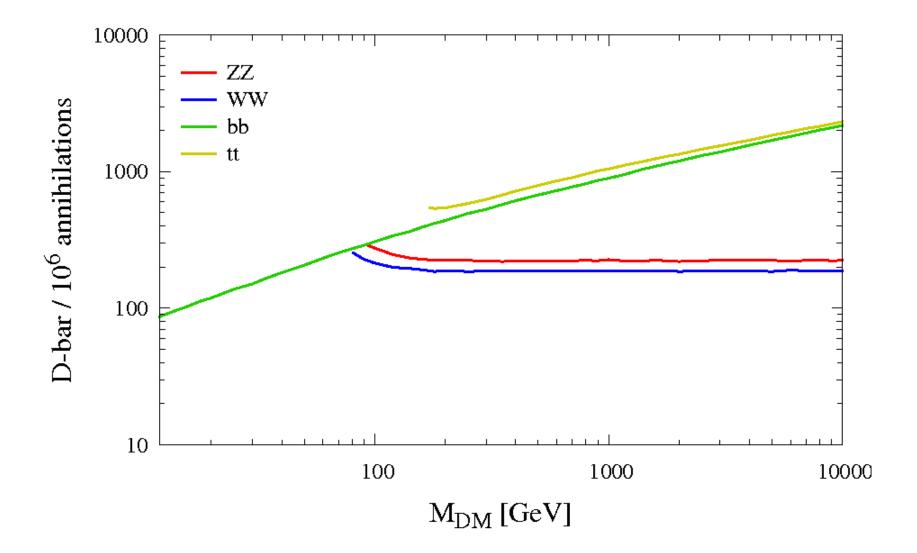
ALEPH measurement: ± 20 MeV

Hadronization

- PYTHIA: string fragmentation (Lund model)
- Herwig: cluster fragmentation

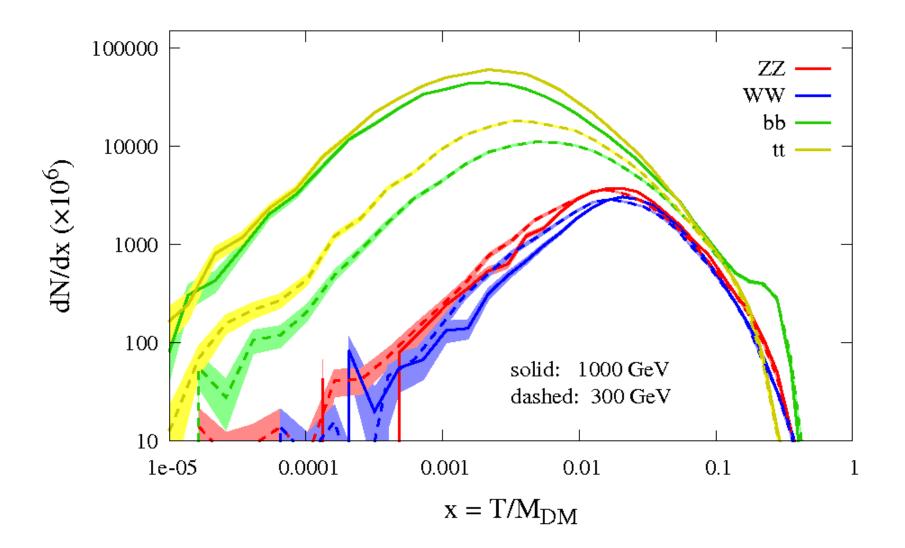


Dbar production rates



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Dbar spectrum



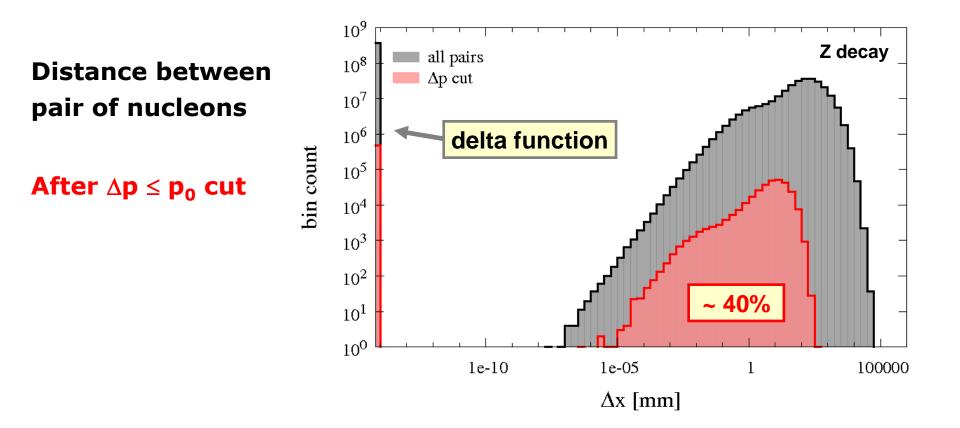
Vertex Cut

Where are the nucleons produced?

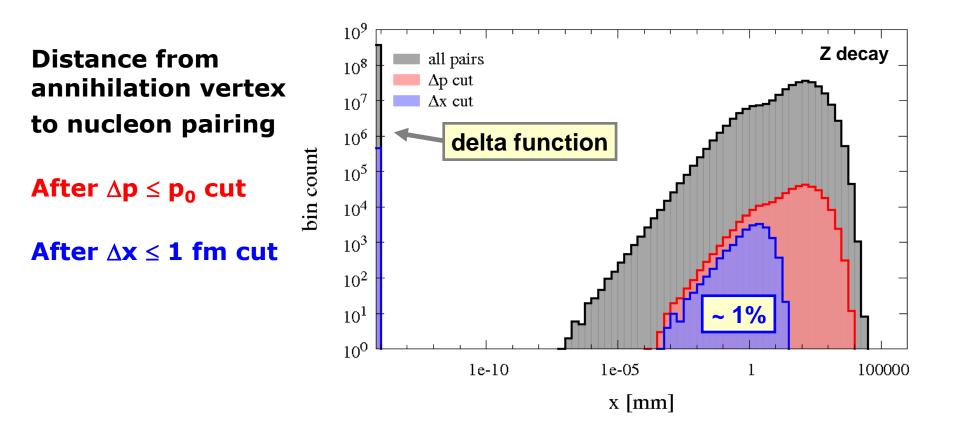
- WIMP annihilation hadronization process: many nucleons produced at initial vertex
- ...but heavier baryons & mesons also produced. Later decays produced nucleons away from initial vertex
- Can nucleons produced at different locations have similar momentum (i.e. small ∆p)?
 - Ax usually (always?) neglected
 - Jet structure?

Fornengo, Maccione & Vittino, arxiv:1306.4171

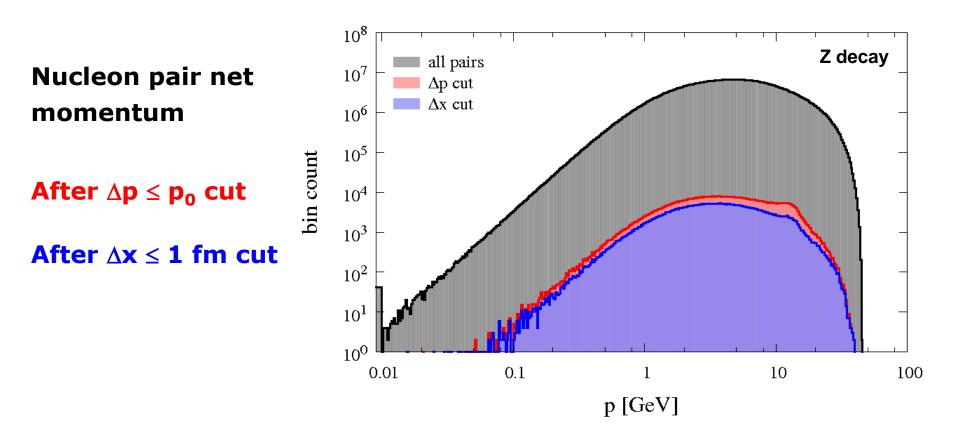
Nucleon pair separation Δx

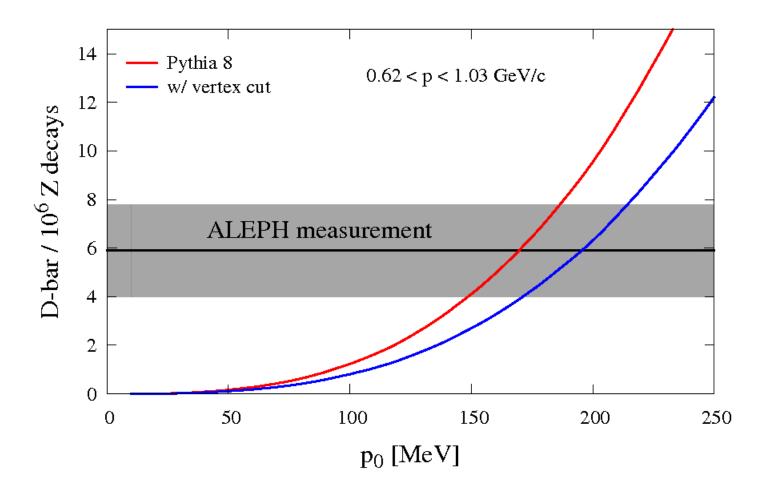


Nucleon pairing distance



Momentum distribution



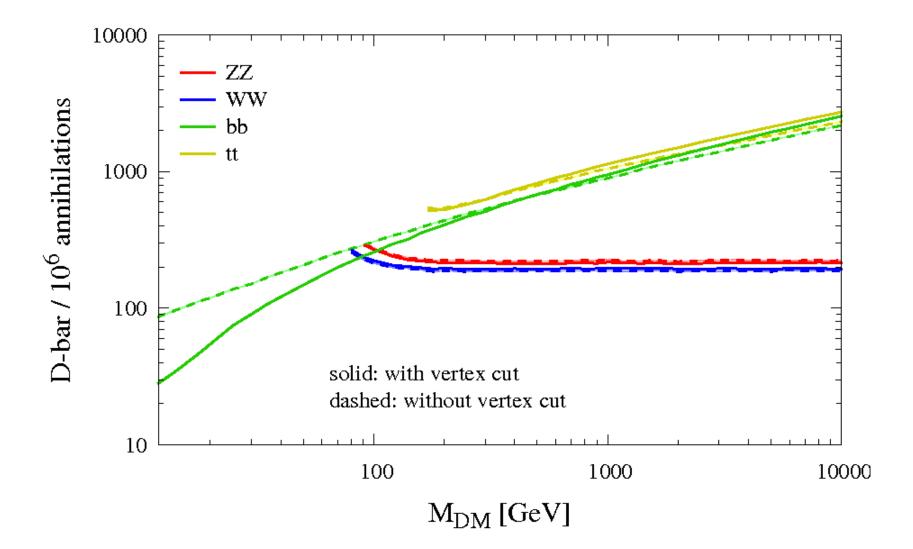


	Herwig++	Рутніа6	PYTHIA8	
no vertex cut	117.3	172.6	169.7 ± 0.3	MeV
vertex cut	160.0	201.5	195.6 ± 0.4	

O(50%) increase in pairs passing $\Delta p \le p_0$, but O(20-40%) fail to pass Δx cut: *partial* cancelation

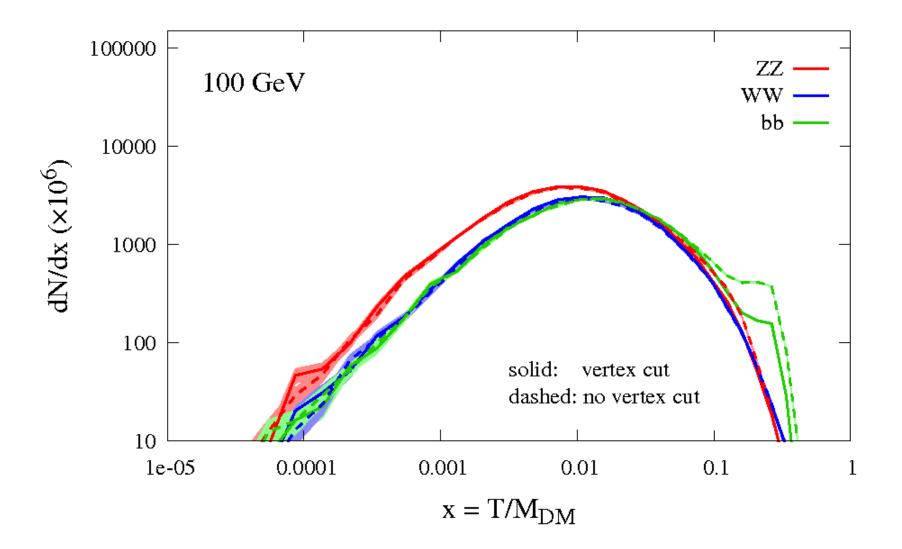
Results (with vertex cut)

Dbar production rates

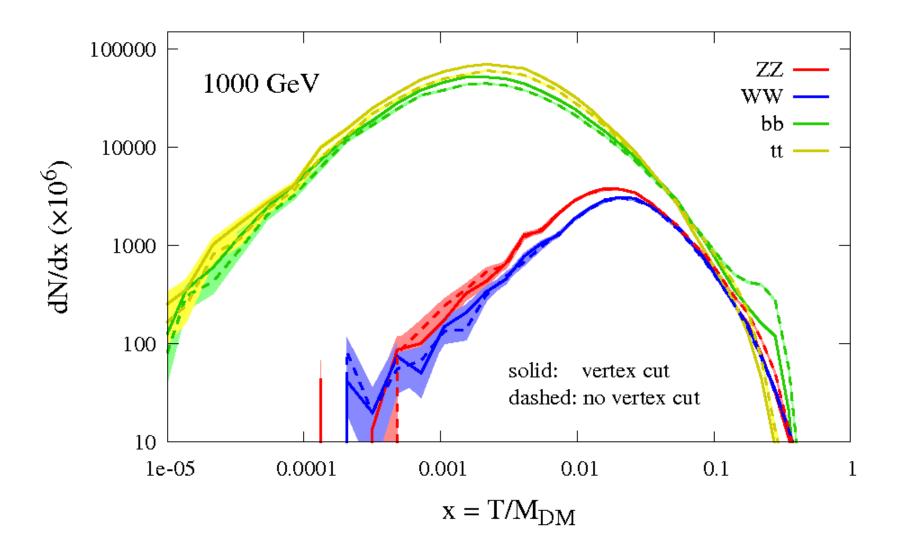


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Dbar spectrum



Dbar spectrum



Relaxation

What happens to Δp ?

• Nucleon pairs have excess energy due to $\Delta p \sim O(100 \text{ MeV})$. Also: binding energy (~2 MeV).

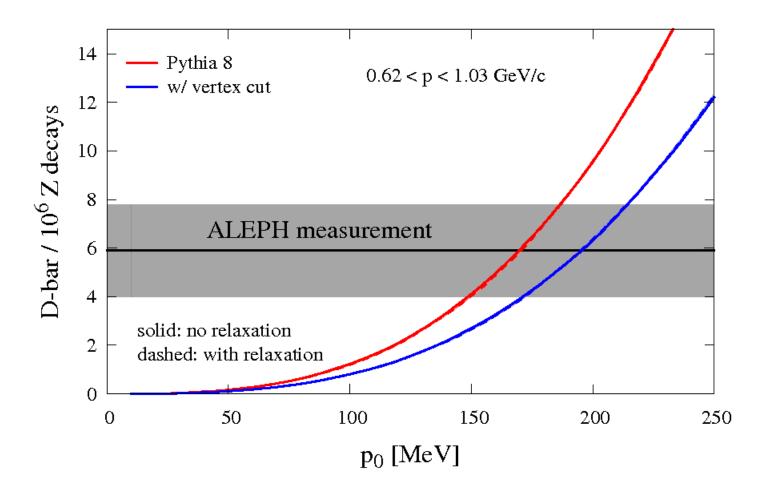
• Coalescence model: where does it go?

Energy-momentum conservation during coalescence is not considered to be a problem because the deuteron is so weakly bound. After all, in the initial state of the heavy ion collision the nucleons are off their mass shell by ~8 MeV, there may be multiple two or three body collisions in the intermediate state as well as virtual pions to boost a final state deuteron on to its mass shell.

J. Kapusta, Phys. Rev. C21, 1301 (1980)

What happens to Δp ?

- Pseudo-deuteron relaxation: emit one or more photons
- Reduction in nucleon pair effective mass
 ⇒ reduced net momentum
- Momentum kick from particle emission
 - Worst case: single photon ("one kick")
 - Best case: multiple, isotropic emission ("iso-kick")



	Herwig++	Рутніа6	Ρ ΥΤΗΙΑ8
no vertex cut	117.3	172.6	169.7 ± 0.3 MeV
vertex cut	160.0	201.5	195.6 ± 0.4
no vertex, iso-kick	117.2	172.1	170.6 \pm 0.4
<mark>vertex,</mark> iso-kick	156.6	201.0	195.2 ± 0.5
no vertex, single kick	117.2	172.1	ALEPH measurement: ± 20 MeV
<mark>vertex,</mark> single-kick	156.6	201.0	

Relaxation

- $\Delta p \sim 200 \text{ MeV} \text{ vs. } M_D = 1876 \text{ MeV.}$ Why does relaxation have negligible effect?
- Fractional excess energy:

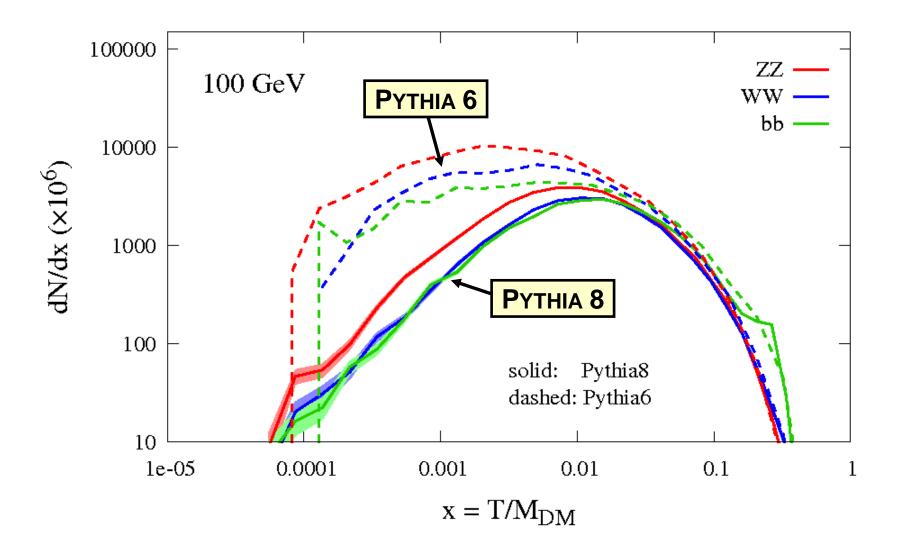
$$\frac{\Delta E}{M_D} \approx \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\Delta p}{M_D} \right)^2 \le 1\%$$

\Rightarrow Relaxation can be neglected.

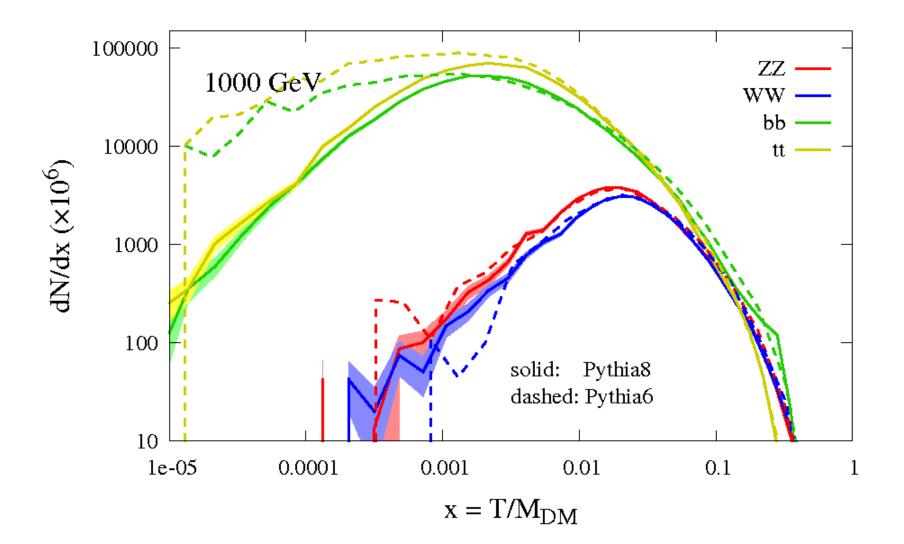
(technicalities rolled into p₀ determination)

MC Generator Comparison

Dbar spectrum



Dbar spectrum



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MC generator comparison

• PYTHIA6 nearly complete VS. PYTHIA8 complete

- Similar p₀ (w/ and w/o vertex cut)
- Similar spectra for KE > 1 GeV
- Spectra differ substantially for KE < 1 GeV (ROI) (*Reason unknown*)

Herwig++ In progress

- Substantially smaller p₀
- Preliminary indications: somewhat different vertex distribution

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See also e.g.:
Cirelli et al., JCAP 1103, 051 (2011)
Dal & Kachelriess, Phys.Rev. D86, 103536 (2012)
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Summary and Remarks

- Dbar production issues
 - Per event angular correlations (important)
 - Vertex cut (somewhat important)
 - Relaxation (not important)
- MC generators
 - Potentially significant differences even with same underlying physics models (PYTHIA6 vs. PYTHIA8)
 - Analysis incomplete: more investigation to come
- Future
 - Dbar results into DarkSUSY public release?
 - Full Dbar analysis: astrophysics, propagation, etc. [Karpenka, Putze, Scott]