See discussions, stats, and author profiles for this publication at: https://www.researchgate.net/publication/306345698

Resonant modes due to electron-phonon coupling in dopped polythiophene

Working Paper · November 2014

CITATIONS		READS
0		8
1 author:		
0	Goran Pavlovic	
	27 PUBLICATIONS 218 CITATIONS	
	SEE PROFILE	

Some of the authors of this publication are also working on these related projects:

Project

Project

Topological solitons in confined systems View project

Structures of reduced dimensionality View project

All content following this page was uploaded by Goran Pavlovic on 14 September 2016.

Simulation and modeling of organic thermoelectric materials for waste heat regeneration

Resonant modes due to electron-phonon coupling in dopped polythiophene

(*We write firstly well-known matrix elements of the model*) $\tilde{\alpha 1} = 0.0; \ \tilde{\alpha 2} = 0.0; \ \tilde{\alpha 3} = 0.0; \ \tilde{\alpha 4} = 0.0; \ \tilde{\alpha 6} = 0.0;$ $\tilde{\alpha 7} = 0.0; \ \tilde{\alpha 8} = 0.0; \ \tilde{\alpha 9} = 0.0; \ \tilde{\alpha 11} = 0.0; \ s = -4.0;$ $(*\alpha i)$ is ionization potential of C atom and s standing for the same quantity for S atom, tilda stands to indicate modification of ionization energy due to disorder, here undopped values have been taken into account*) A = 123.6; B = 0.3776; c0 = 7.814; (*static lattice parameters taken from PRL 1989, vol.63,7,786-789*) Rcc = 1.557; Rcs = 1.782; (* p=1 takes into account interaction with phonons, i.e. for p=0, phonon-electron coupling is absent and the calculation goes for static lattice*) p = 1.0;(*p=1 takes into account interaction with phonons, i.e. for p=0, phonon-electron coupling is absent and the calculation goes for static lattice*) $\beta 12 = A * \exp\left[-\frac{1.441}{P}\right] + p * c0 * A * \exp\left[-\frac{1.441}{P}\right] * (1.441 - Rcc + B);$ $\beta 23 = A * \exp\left[-\frac{1.457}{B}\right] + p * c0 * A * \exp\left[-\frac{1.457}{B}\right] * (1.457 - Rcc + B);$ $\beta 34 = A * \exp\left[-\frac{1.350}{B}\right] + p * c0 * A * \exp\left[-\frac{1.350}{B}\right] * (1.350 - Rcc + B);$ $\beta 25 = A * \exp\left[-\frac{1.721}{B}\right] + p * c0 * A * \exp\left[-\frac{1.721}{B}\right] * (1.721 - Rcs + B);$ (*first part are bonds, the second expresses phonon correction. Rij are taken from Table I from aforementioned reference *) Import["C:\\Users\\gor\\Desktop\\imagePT.pdf"]

polythiophene-MONOMER in atomic basis, any other conjugated polymer is applicable as well



We write Hamiltonian of the monomer system on the atomic basis from off-diagonal elements defined above as follows

;

	αĩ	β12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M =	ß12	α 2	β23	0	β25	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	β23	α3	β3 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	β34	$\tilde{\alpha 4}$	0	β 2 3	0	0	0	0	0
	0	β25	0	0	s	β25	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	β 2 3	β 2 5	α̃6	β12	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	β12	α̈́7	β 2 3	0	β25	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	β23	αĩ8	β34	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	β34	α̃9	0	β23
	0	0	0	0	0	0	β25	0	0	s	β25
	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	β23	β25	αĩı ,

Then we introduce Hamiltonian for the sparse polymer system

```
Poly101 = MatrixForm[

SparseArray[{Band[{1, 1}] → M, Band[{11, 12}] → \beta12, Band[{12, 11}] → \beta12,

Band[{12, 12}] → M, Band[{22, 23}] → \beta12, Band[{23, 22}] → \beta12,

Band[{23, 23}] → M, Band[{33, 34}] → \beta12, Band[{34, 33}] → \beta12,

Band[{34, 34}] → M, Band[{44, 45}] → \beta12, Band[{45, 44}] → \beta12,

Band[{45, 45}] → M, Band[{55, 56}] → \beta12, Band[{56, 55}] → \beta12,

Band[{56, 56}] → M, Band[{66, 67}] → \beta12, Band[{67, 66}] → \beta12,

Band[{67, 67}] → M, Band[{77, 78}] → \beta12, Band[{78, 77}] → \beta12,

Band[{78, 78}] → M, Band[{100, 101}] → \beta12,

Band[{101, 100}] → \beta12, Band[{101, 101}] → \alpha1, {101, 101}]];
```

(*Eigen problem is solved in next step for static polymer intercting with phonons*)

{vals, vecs} = Eigensystem[%]

dat1 = vals; dat2 = vecs;

For each eigenstate $|\psi_j\rangle = \sum_{i=1}^{101} \langle i || \psi_j \rangle |i\rangle$ which are novel dressed electronic states due to disorder and coupling to phonons we can plot coefficients $\langle i || \psi_j \rangle$ in atomic basis



data3 = Table[vecs[[i]], {i, 1, 101}]
data4 = Table[vecs[[i, j]] * vecs[[i, j]], {j, 1, 101}, {i, 1, 101}];









6 el-phon_in_PT.nb





