Search for SUSY in the dilepton final state with ATLAS

Partikeldagarna 2017

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SUSY searches in ATLAS

Intro



- Searches are grouped around production channels
- Targeting a wide range of final states
- Each analysis defines a set of selections with high sensitivity for considered models









Strong production with a dilepton final state Strong 2L

Edge search

- Two leptons from a cascade decay through sleptons or an off-shell Z boson
- Kinematic edge in the dilepton invariant mass distribution
- Binned search across mll spectrum

On-shell Z search

- Two leptons from an on-shell Z boson
- Peak in the dilepton invariant mass distribution around the Z boson mass
- Cut-and-count analysis in Z window



2 opposite-sign same-flavour leptons (ee or $\mu\mu$), jets and missing transverse energy E_T^{miss} in the final state

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Candidate dimuon event

Strong 2L





[http://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PAPERS/SUSY-2016-05/]

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Analysis history



- First run-2 analysis in the 2 lepton final state published earlier this year
 - Included the first I 4.7 fb⁻¹ of 2015+2016 13 TeV data
- New paper is now in preparation
 - Reoptimised analysis
 - Including the full 36.1 fb⁻¹ of 2015+2016 13 TeV data
 - Similar background estimation techniques

Today's talk presents the reoptimised analysis

Exemplifying with some plots from 14.7 fb⁻¹ paper



Regular Article - Experimental Physics

Search for new phenomena in events containing a same-flavour opposite-sign dilepton pair, jets, and large missing transverse momentum in $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV *pp* collisions with the ATLAS detector

ATLAS Collaboration*

CERN, 1211 Geneva 23, Switzerland

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Signal and validation regions defined with varying $E_{T}{}^{miss}$ and H_{T} requirements

Edge:

Three signal regions binned in m

On-shell Z:

Edge result in on-Z bin (81 GeV < m_{II} < 101 GeV) of edge spectrum interpreted separately in terms of the on-shell Z models





Three main Standard Model processes mimic the signal

Flavour-symmetric processes

Z+jets

Data-driven estimation method

Data-driven estimation method

Dibosons

Estimated from MC simulation Dedicated validation regions







Flavour symmetric processes: **tt**, **WW**, **Wt**, **Z** → *tt*

- The two leptons come from independent decays the lepton flavours are independent
- Assume a **true** ratio of 1:1:2 for ee:µµ:eµ
- Estimate the ee and µµ yields in the signal region from a control region with an eµ selection
- Correct for trigger and identification efficiency differences between e and μ









MC closure test of the flavour symmetry estimate

400

500

600

700

800

900 1000

m_∥ [GeV]

300

200

Z+jets background



Z+jets events with large ET^{miss} from the neutrino, jet mis-reconstruction or lepton mis-measurement

- Use a control sample of γ +jets events
- Reweight γ p_T-spectrum to match Z p_T-spectrum.
- Smear γ resolution to match Z resolution







- The data is compatible with the Standard Model background across the m_{II} spectrum in all three regions
- Excluding gluino masses up to 1.7 TeV







Signal and validation regions defined with varying $E_{T}{}^{miss}$ and H_{T} requirements

Edge:

Three signal regions binned in m_{ll}

On-shell Z:

Edge result in on-Z bin (81 GeV < m_{\parallel} < 101 GeV) of edge spectrum interpreted separately in terms of the on-shell Z models







Background estimates are validated in dedicated regions at lower ET^{miss}



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SUSY exclusion limits 14.7 fb⁻¹ analysis

Results



- Excluding gluino masses up to 1.7 TeV
- Excluding squark masses up to 980 GeV



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