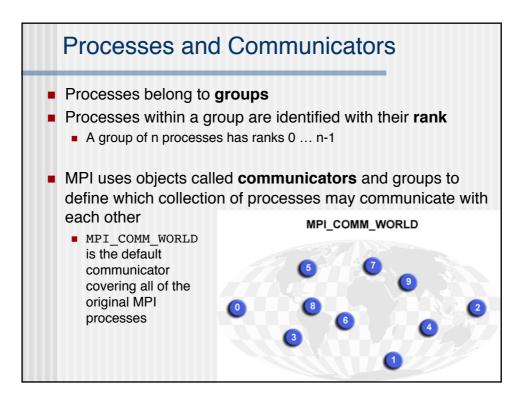
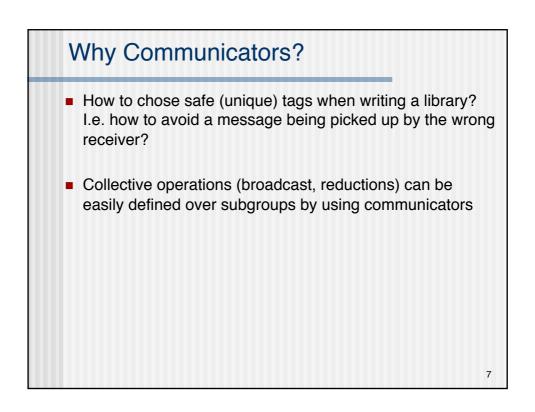
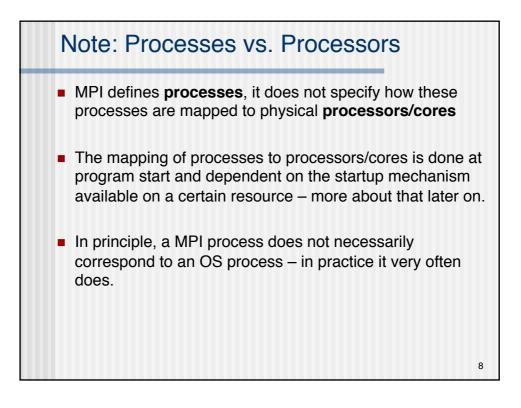
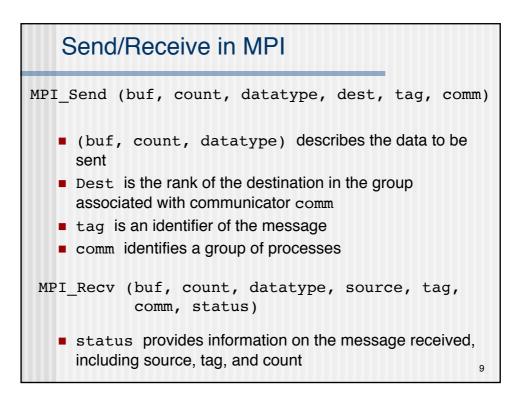


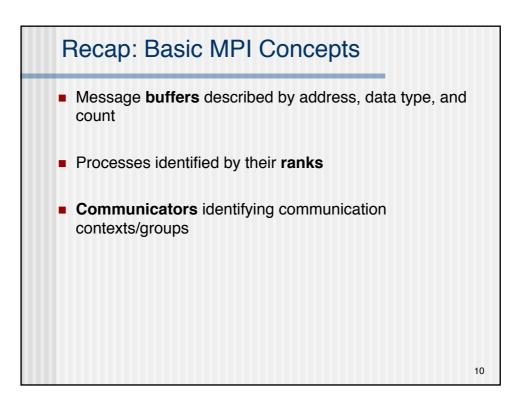
IPI_INTEGERINTEGIPI REALREAL	GER
IPI REAL REAL	
IPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION DOUB	BLE_PRECISIO
IPI_COMPLEX COMP	PLEX
IPI_LOGICAL LOGIC	CAL
IPI_CHARACTER CHAR	RACTER(1)
IPI_BYTE	
IPI_PACKED	

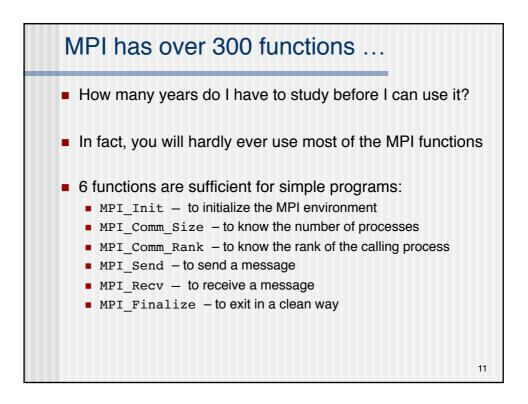


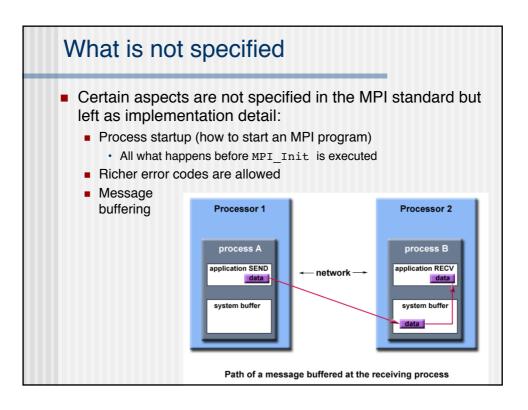


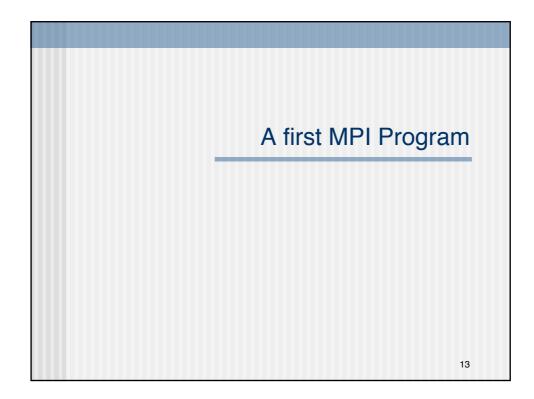


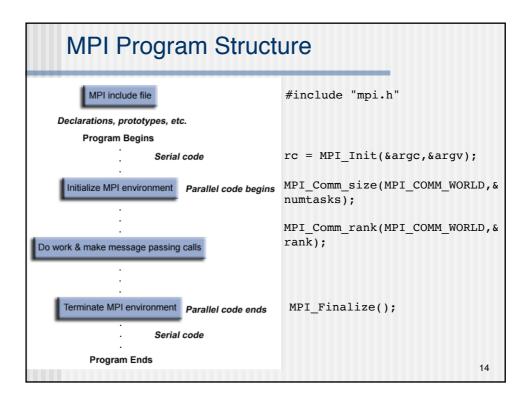




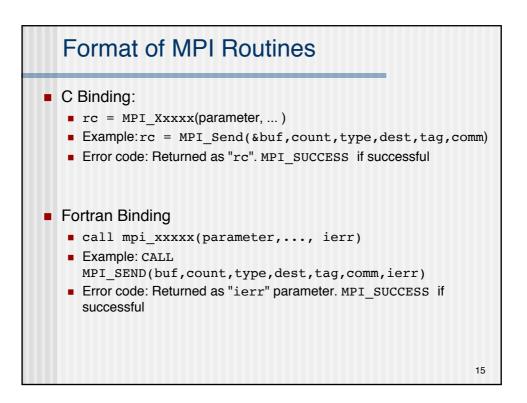








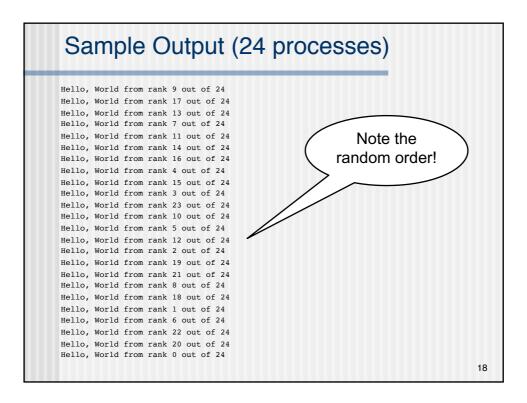
7

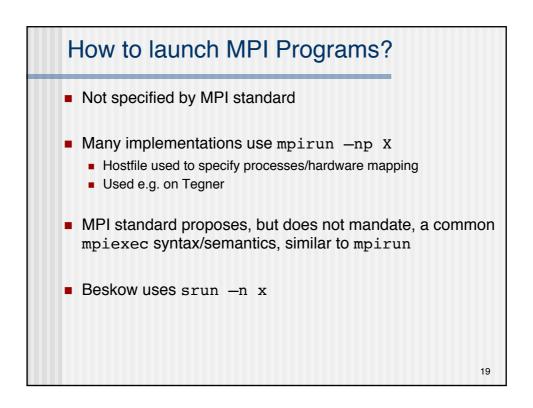


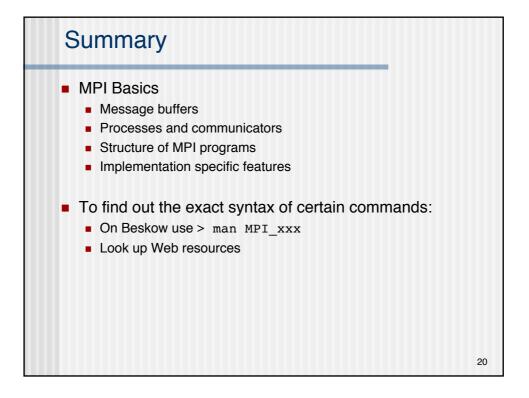
Example: Hello, World (C)	
<pre>#include "mpi.h" #include <stdio.h></stdio.h></pre>	
<pre>int main(argc,argv) int argc; char *argv[]; { int numtasks, rank, rc;</pre>	
<pre>rc = MPI_Init(&argc,&argv); if (rc != MPI_SUCCESS) { printf ("Error starting MPI program. Terminating.\n"); MPI_Abort(MPI_COMM_WORLD, rc); }</pre>	
<pre>MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&numtasks); MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&rank); printf ("Hello, World from rank %d out of %d\n", rank, numtasks); MPI_Finalize(); }</pre>	
	16

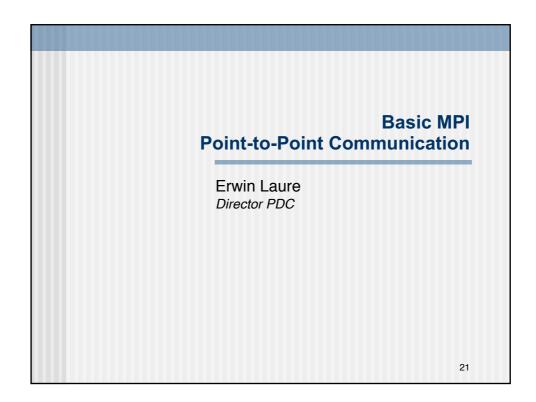
Example: Hello, World (Fortran)

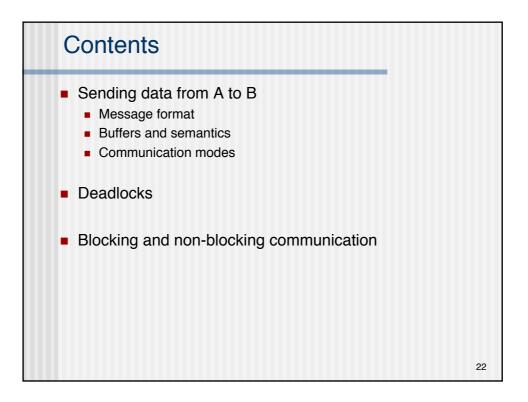
```
program simple
include 'mpif.h'
integer numtasks, rank, ierr, rc
call MPI_INIT(ierr)
if (ierr .ne. MPI_SUCCESS) then
    print *,'Error starting MPI program. Terminating.'
    call MPI_ABORT(MPI_COMM_WORLD, rc, ierr)
end if
call MPI_COMM_RANK(MPI_COMM_WORLD, rank, ierr)
print *, 'Hello, World from rank ',rank, ' out of=',numtasks
call MPI_FINALIZE(ierr)
end
```

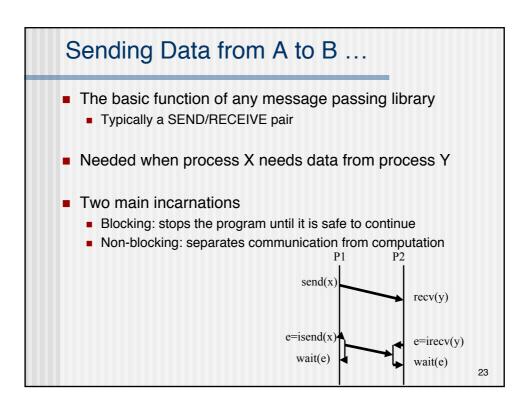


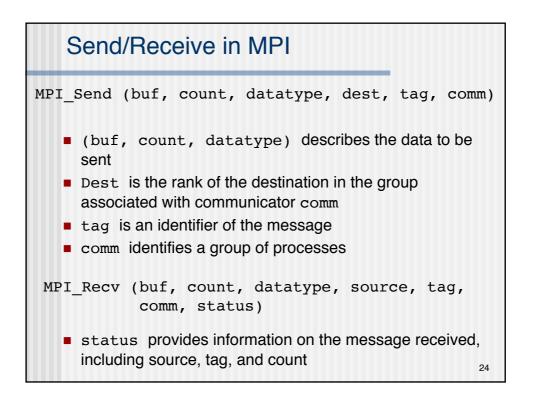


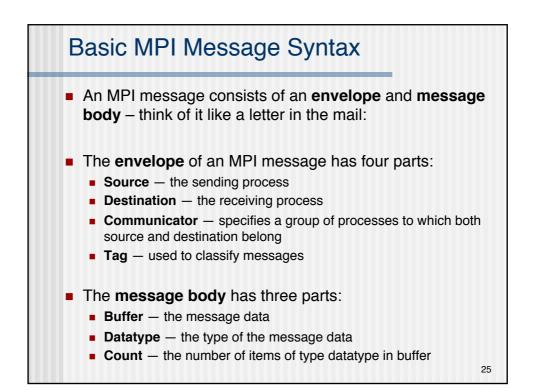




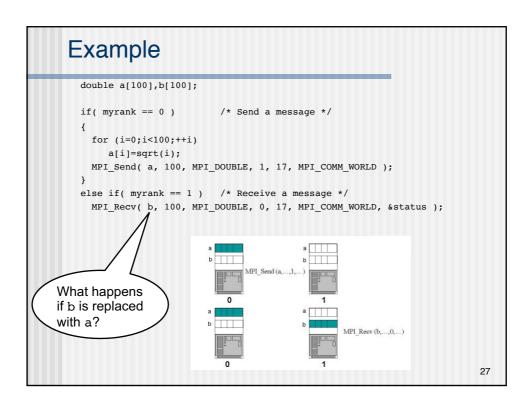


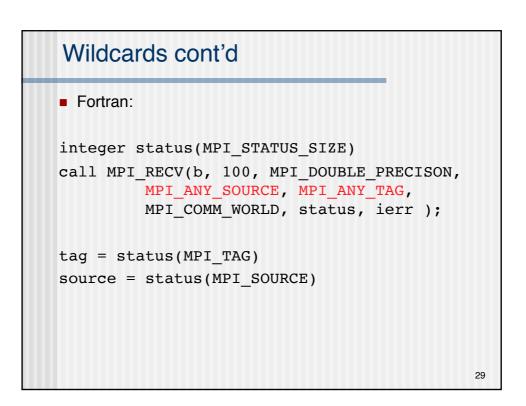


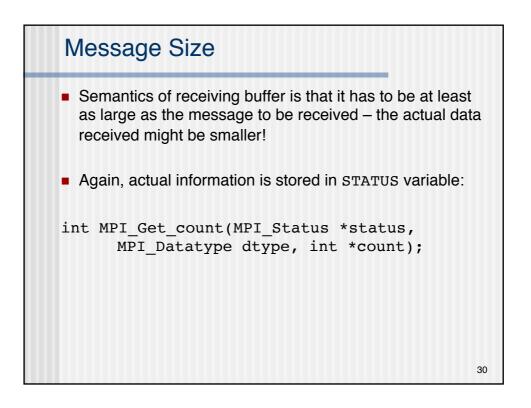


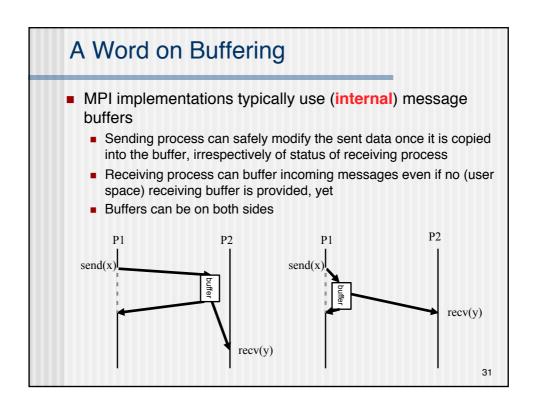


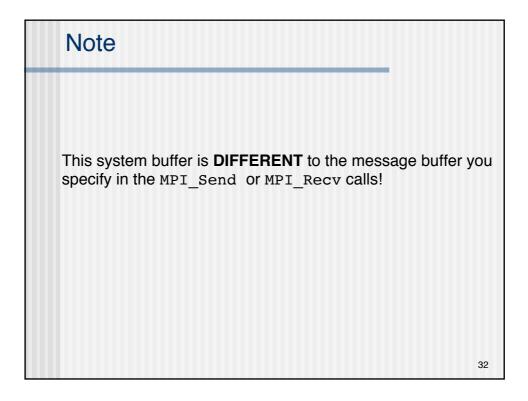
Basic Send/Receive Commands
<pre>int MPI_Send(void *buf, int count, MPI_Datatype dtype, int dest, int tag, MPI_Comm comm);</pre>
MPI_SEND(BUF, COUNT, DTYPE, DEST, TAG, COMM, IERR)
Buffer Count Datatype Body Tag Communicator Envelope
<pre>int MPI_Recv(void *buf, int count, MPI_Datatype dtype, int source, int tag, MPI_Comm comm, MPI_Status *status);</pre>
MPI_RECV(BUF, COUNT, DTYPE, SOURCE, TAG, COMM, STATUS, IERR) 26

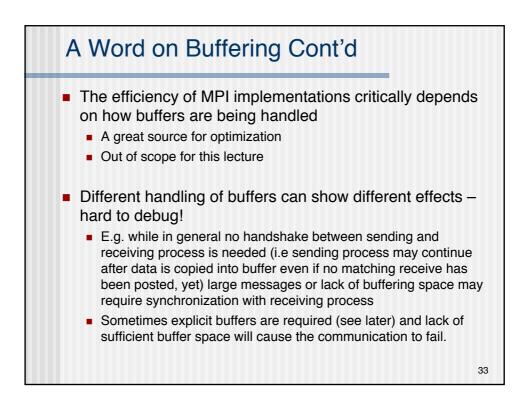


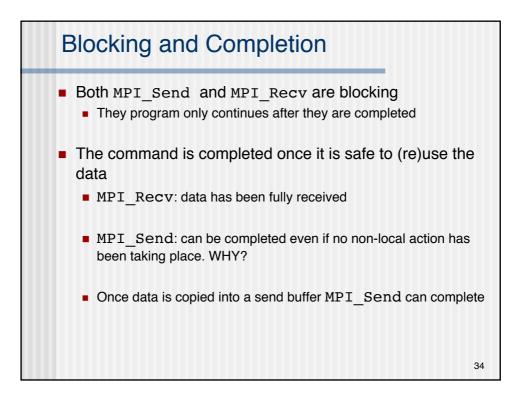


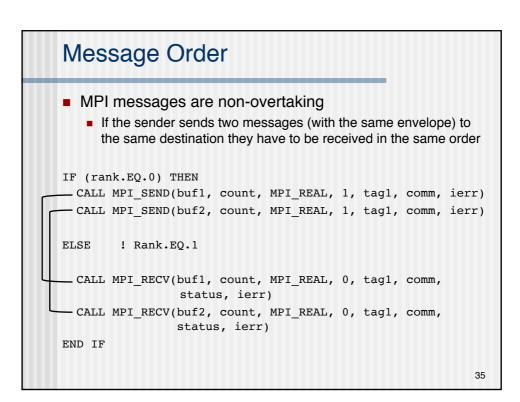


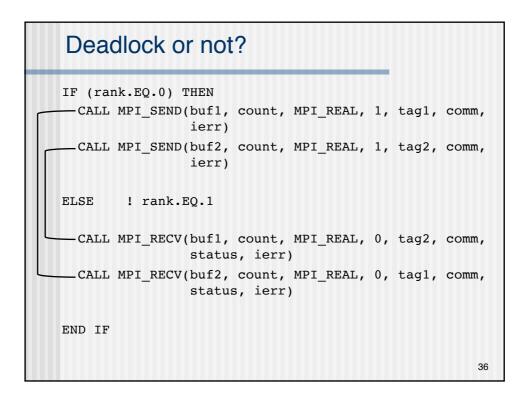


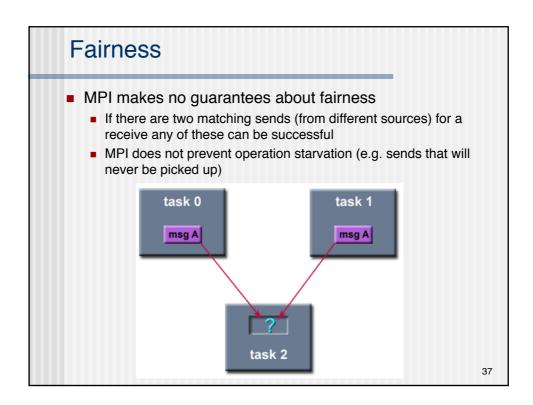


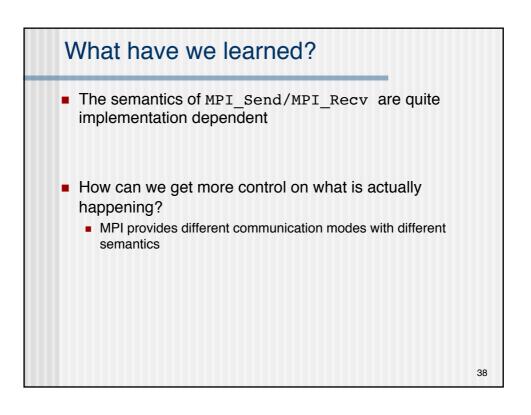


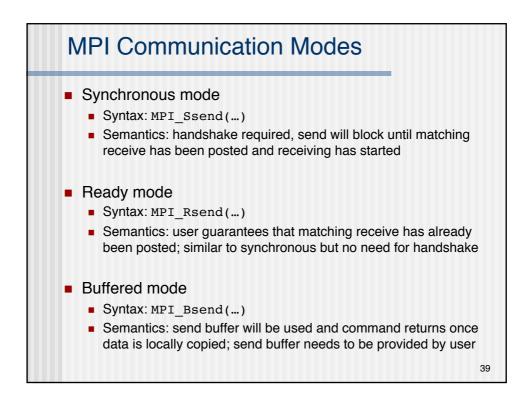


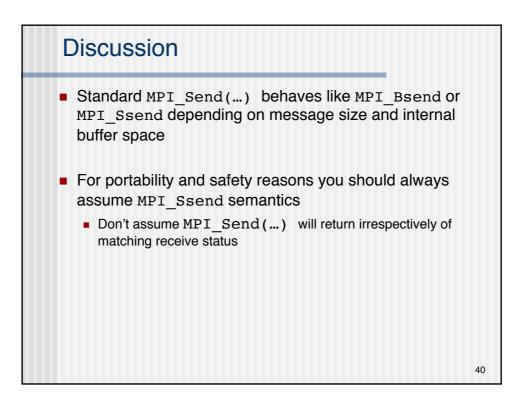


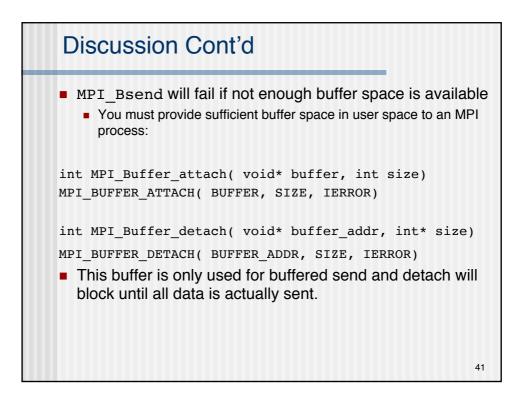




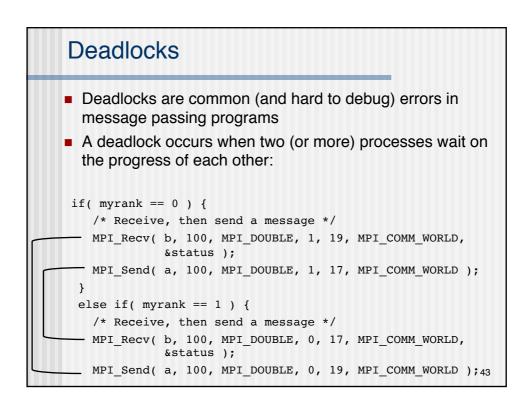


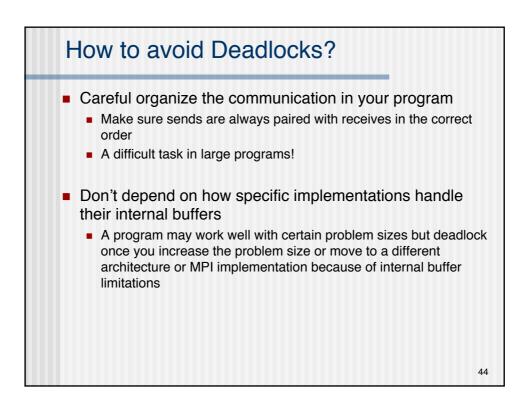




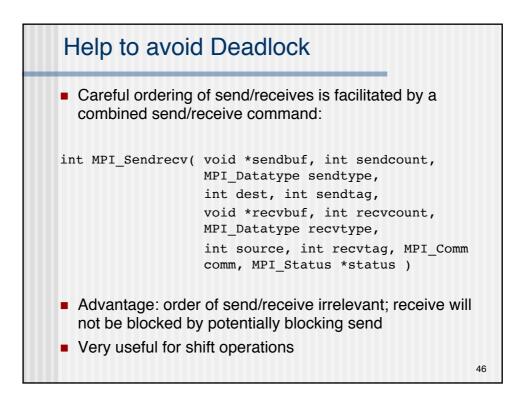


Pros and Cons of	different modes		
Advantages	Disadvantages		
Synchronous Mode			
Safest, most portable	Can occur substantial synchronization overhead		
Ready Mode			
Lowest total overhead	Difficult to guarantee that receive precedes send		
Buffe	ered Mode		
Decouples send from receive	Potentially substantial overhead through buffering		
Stan	dard Mode		
Most flexible, general purpose	Implementation dependent		



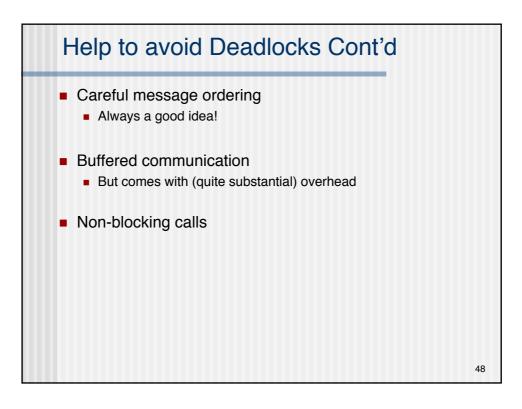


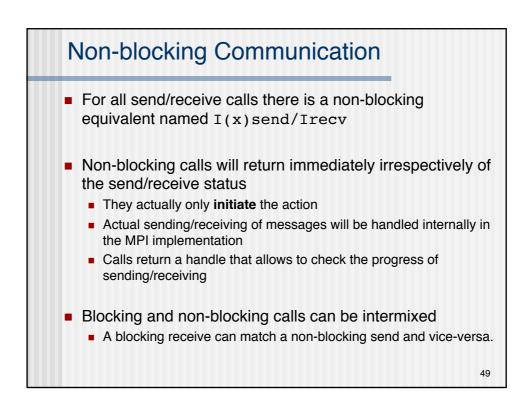
	Communication modes revisited	
	<pre>IF (rank.EQ.0) THEN CALL MPI_SSEND(buf1, count, MPI_REAL, 1, tag1, comm, ierr) CALL MPI_SEND(buf2, count, MPI_REAL, 1, tag2, comm, ierr) ELSE ! rank.EQ.1 CALL MPI_RECV(buf1, count, MPI_REAL, 0, tag2, comm, status, ierr) CALL MPI_RECV(buf2, count, MPI_REAL, 0, tag1, comm, status, ierr) END IF</pre>	
	<pre>IND IT IF (rank.EQ.0) THEN CALL MPI_SEND(buf1, count, MPI_REAL, 1, tag1, comm, ierr) CALL MPI_SEND(buf2, count, MPI_REAL, 1, tag2, comm, ierr) ELSE ! rank.EQ.1 CALL MPI_RECV(buf1, count, MPI_REAL, 0, tag2, comm, status, ierr) CALL MPI_RECV(buf2, count, MPI_REAL, 0, tag1, comm, status, ierr) END IF</pre>	
X =	<pre>IF (rank.EQ.0) THEN CALL MPI_BSEND(buf1, count, MPI_REAL, 1, tag1, comm, ierr) CALL MPI_SEND(buf2, count, MPI_REAL, 1, tag2, comm, ierr) ELSE ! rank.EQ.1 CALL MPI_RECV(buf1, count, MPI_REAL, 0, tag2, comm, status, ierr) CALL MPI_RECV(buf2, count, MPI_REAL, 0, tag1, comm, status, ierr) END IF</pre>	5

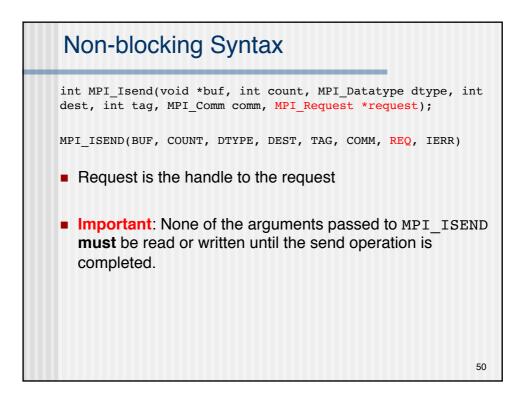


Sendrcv Example

```
if (myid == 0) then
   call mpi_send(a,1,mpi_real,1,tag,MPI_COMM_WORLD,ierr)
   call mpi_recv(b,1,mpi_real,1,tag,MPI_COMM_WORLD,
                 status, ierr)
elseif (myid == 1) then
   call mpi_send(b,1,mpi_real,0,tag,MPI_COMM_WORLD,ierr)
   call mpi_recv(a,1,mpi_real,0,tag,MPI_COMM_WORLD,
                 status, ierr)
end if
if (myid == 0) then
   call mpi_sendrecv(a,1,mpi_real,1,tag1,
                     b,1,mpi_real,1,tag2,
                     MPI_COMM_WORLD, status,ierr)
elseif (myid == 1) then
   call mpi_sendrecv(b,1,mpi_real,0,tag2,
                     a,1,mpi_real,0,tag1,
                     MPI COMM WORLD, status, ierr)
                                                              47
end if
```







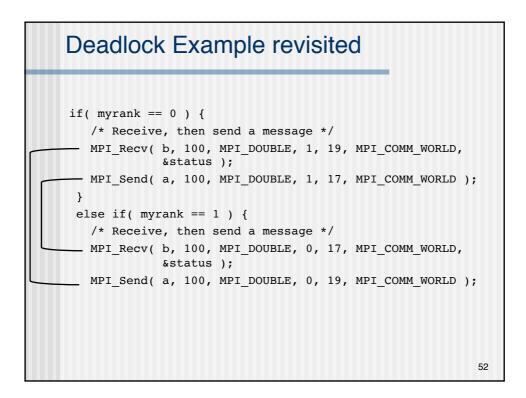
Completion of non-blocking send/receives

```
int MPI_Wait( MPI_Request *request, MPI_Status
*status );
MPI_WAIT(REQUEST, STATUS, IERR )
```

- MPI_Wait is blocking and will only return when the message has been sent/received
 - After MPI_Wait returns it is safe to access the data again

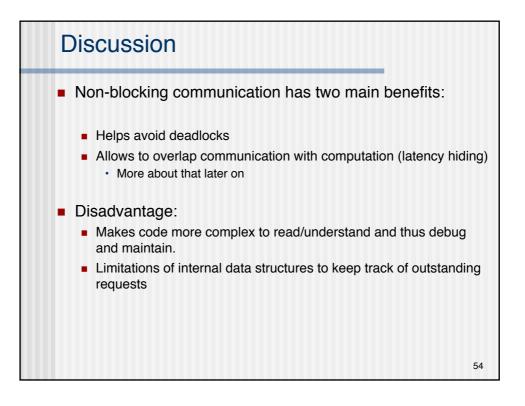
MPI_TEST(REQUEST, FLAG, STATUS, IERR)

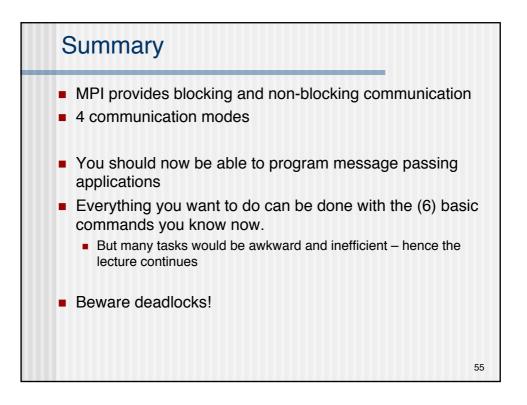
```
    MPI_Test returns immediately
    Status of request is returned in flag (true for done, false when still ongoing)
```

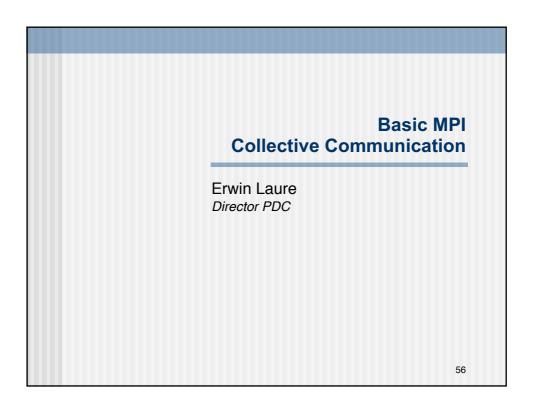


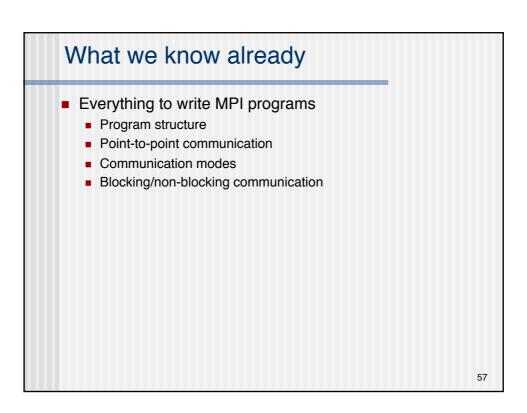
Example

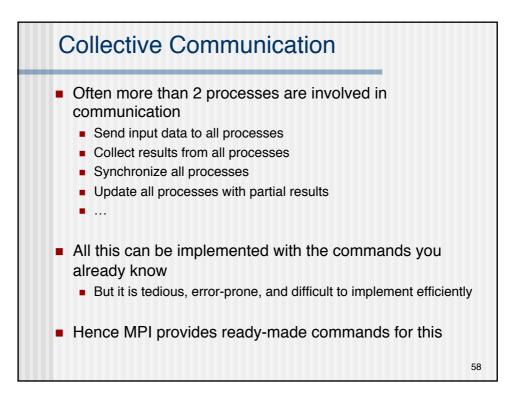
if(myrank == 0) { /* Post a receive, send a message, then wait */ -MPI_Irecv(b, 100, MPI_DOUBLE, 1, 19, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &request); MPI_Send(a, 100, MPI_DOUBLE, 1, 17, MPI_COMM_WORLD); MPI_Wait(&request, &status); } else if(myrank == 1) { /* Post a receive, send a message, then wait */ .MPI_Irecv(b, 100, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, 17, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &request); .MPI_Send(a, 100, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, 19, MPI_COMM_WORLD); MPI_Wait(&request, &status); } No deadlock because non-blocking receive is posted before send 53

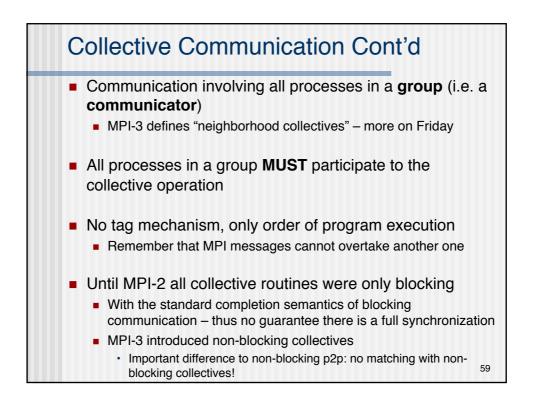


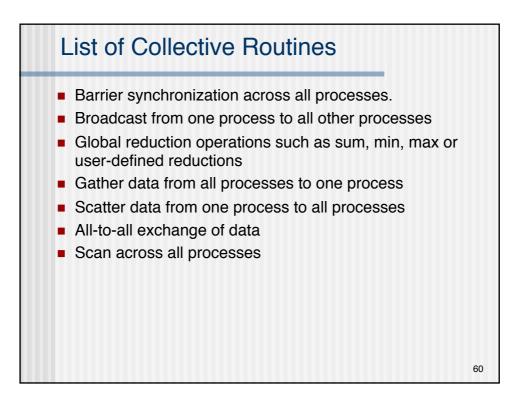


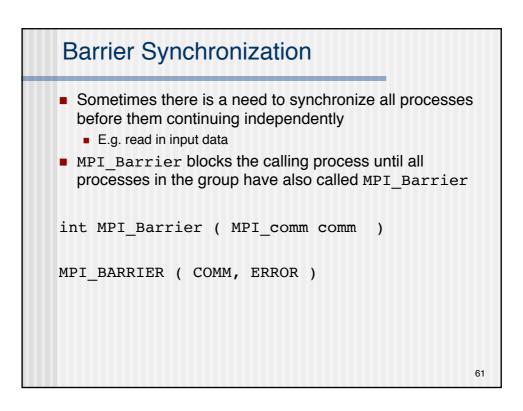


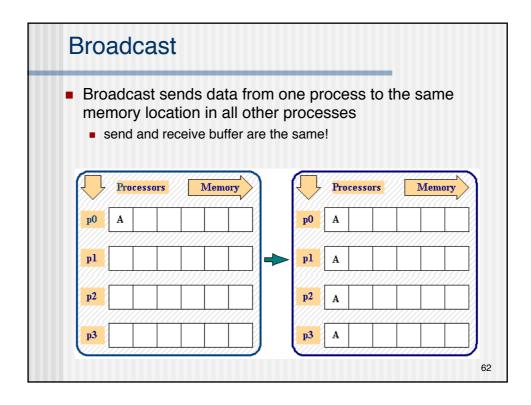


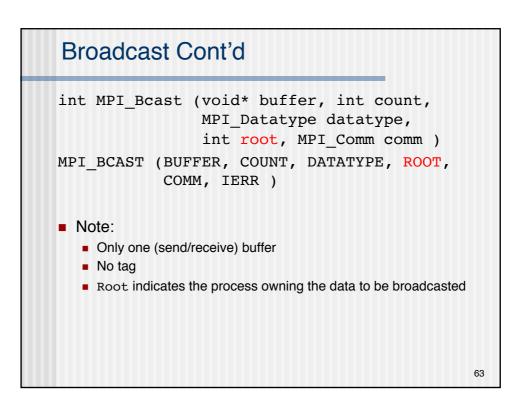




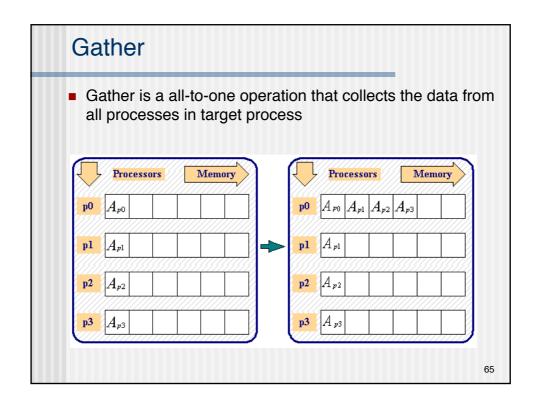


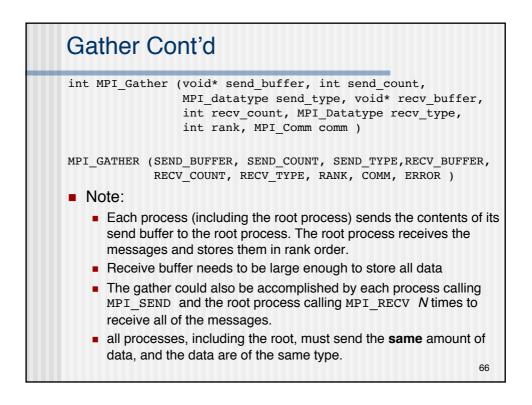




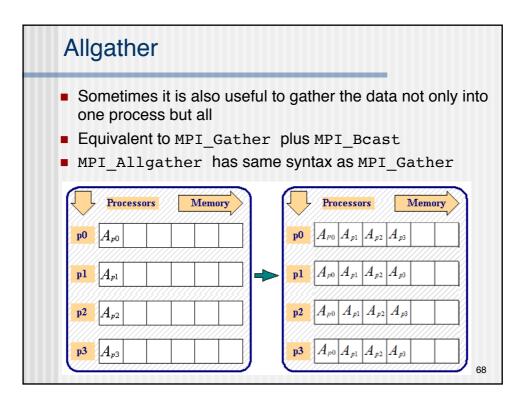


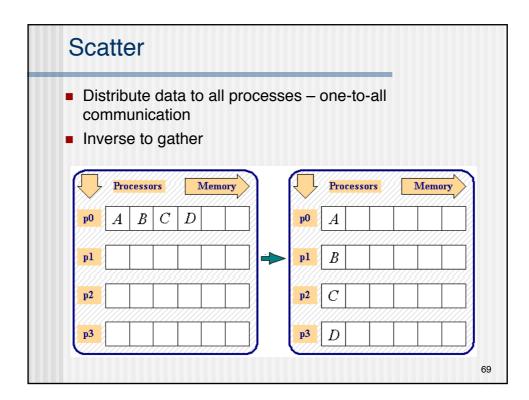
```
Bacacasa Esample
#include <mpi.h>
void main(int argc, char *argv[)) {
    int rank;
    double param;
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&rank);
    if(rank=5) param=23.0;
    MPI_Bcast(&param,1,MPI_DOUBLE,5,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    printf("P:%d after broadcast parameter is %f \n",
        rank,param);
    MPI_Finalize();
}
```

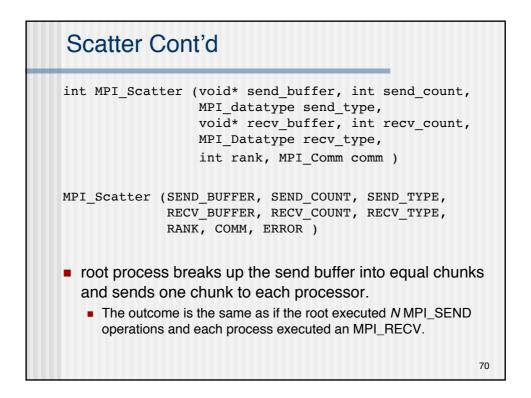




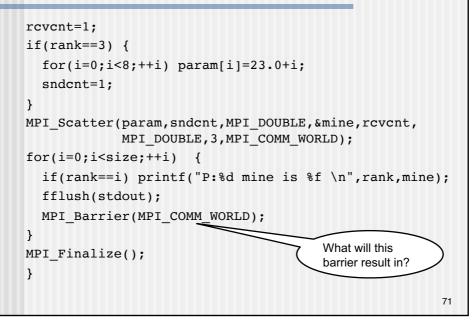
Gather Example

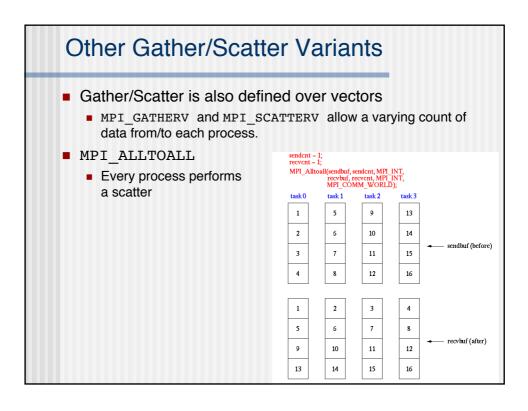


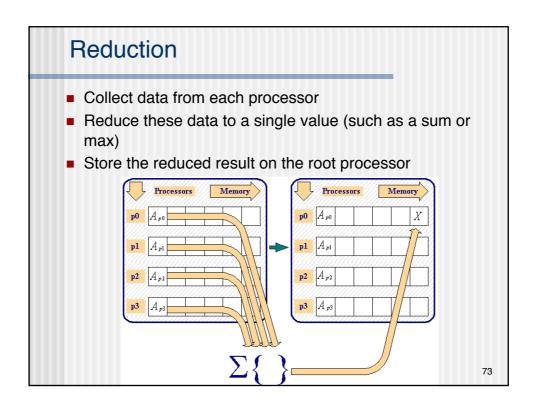


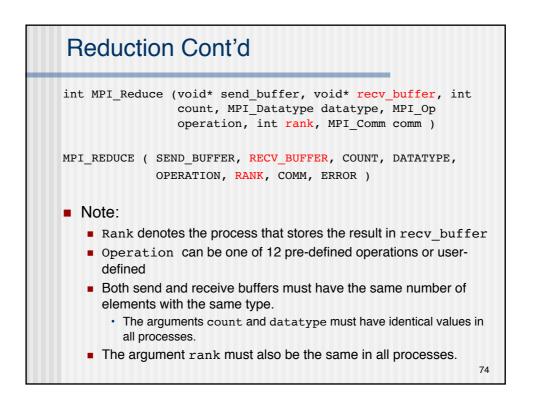


Scatter Example









Predefined Reduction Operations		
Operation	Description	
MPI_MAX	maximum	
MPI_MIN	minimum	
MPI_SUM	sum	
MPI_PROD	product	
MPI_LAND	logical and	
MPI_BAND	bit-wise and	
MPI_LOR	logical or	
MPI_BOR	bit-wise or	
MPI_LXOR	logical xor	
MPI_BXOR	bitwise xor	
MPI_MINLOC	computes a global minimum and an index attached to the minimum value can be used to determine the rank of the process containing the minimum value	
MPI_MAXLOC	computes a global maximum and an index attached to the rank of the process containing the maximum value 75	

```
Reduction Example
#include
         <stdio.h>
#include <mpi.h>
void main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
 int rank;
 int source, result, root;
  MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
  MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&rank);
  root=7;
  source=rank+1;
  MPI_Reduce(&source,&result,1, MPI_INT, MPI_PROD, root,
            MPI_COMM_WORLD);
  if(rank==root) printf("P:%d MPI_PROD result is %d \n", rank,
                        result);
MPI_Finalize();
}
                                                              76
```

