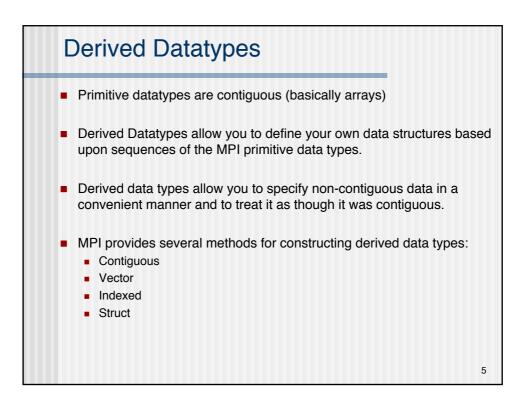
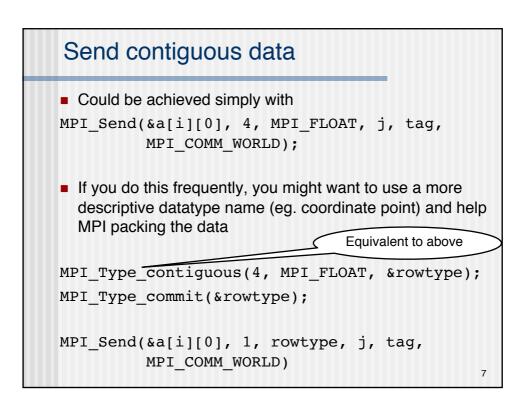
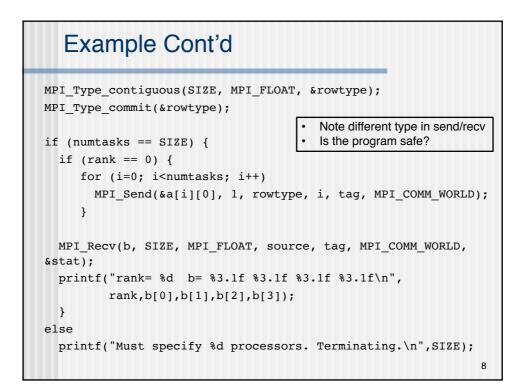


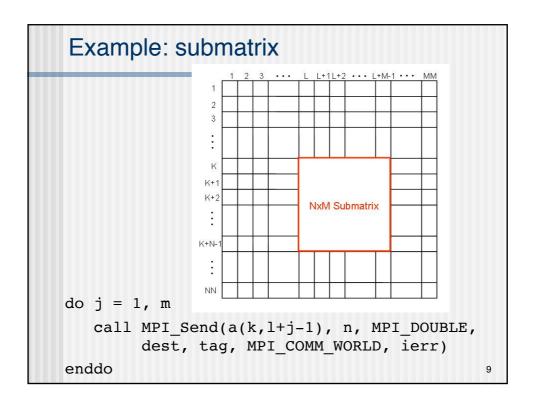
Reca	Recap: MPI Datatypes				
	MPI Datatype	Fortran Datatype			
	MPI_INTEGER	INTEGER			
	MPI_REAL	REAL			
	MPI_DOUBLE_PRECISION	DOUBLE_PRECISION			
	MPI_COMPLEX	COMPLEX			
	MPI_LOGICAL	LOGICAL			
	MPI_CHARACTER	CHARACTER(1)			
	MPI_BYTE				
	MPI_PACKED				
	Note: the names of the MPI C	datatypes are slightly different			

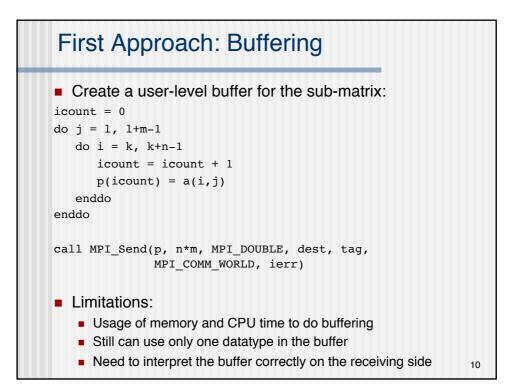


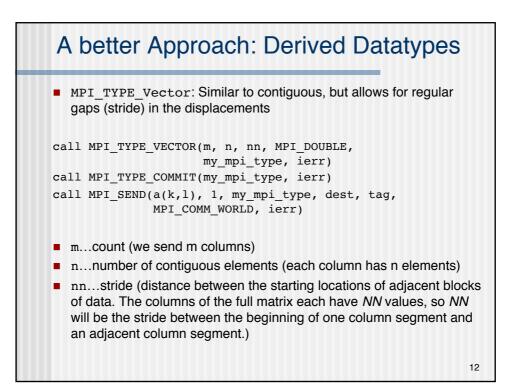
Example	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0
Send one row of a matrix:	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0
<ul> <li>Data is contiguous in C; can simply send</li> </ul>	9.0	10.0	11.0	12.0
<ul> <li>But it is not contiguous in Fortran</li> </ul>	13.0	14.0	15.0	16.0
<ul> <li>Send one column of a matrix:</li> <li>Same as above but</li> </ul>	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0
contiguous in Fortran	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0
<ul> <li>How to solve non-contiguous case?</li> <li>Send each element in separate message</li> </ul>	9.0	10.0	11.0	12.0
Overhead and error prone	13.0	14.0	15.0	16.0
			1	U

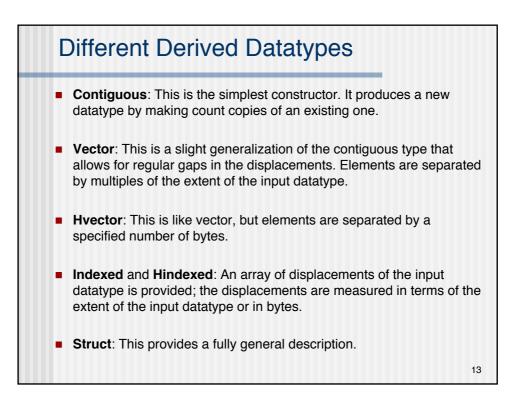


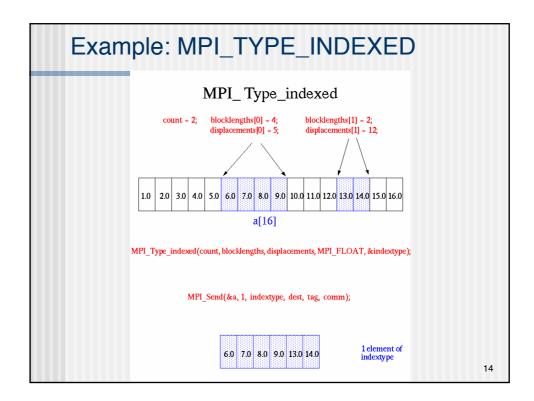


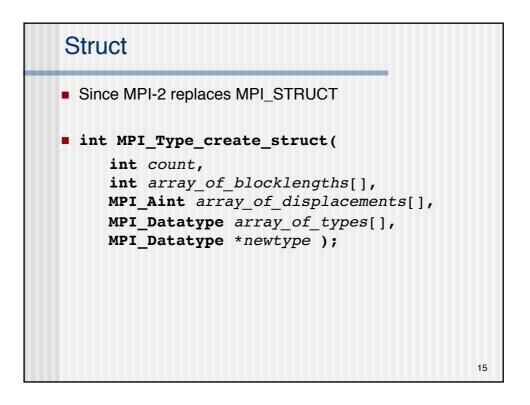












## Struct Example

A word of offsets					
<pre>typedef struct {    float x, y, z,         velocity    int n, type} Particle;</pre>	<pre>MPI_Get_address(    &amp;particles, &amp;p_address); MPI_Get_address(    &amp;particles.n,&amp;n_address);</pre>				
<ul> <li>Particle particles;</li> <li>Depending on the system, sizeof(x) might not include padding (alignment)</li> <li>To find the exact offset one can use the MPI_Get_address function</li> <li>In case of misalignment even more might be needed – eg. MPI_Type_create_resized</li> </ul>	<pre>n_offset = n_address - p_address; /* MPI_Aint disp[2] = {0, 4*sizeof(double)}; */ MPI_Aint disp[2] = {0, n_offset}; MPI_Type_create_struct(2, blocklen, disp, type, &amp;particletype); 17</pre>				

