Hyperbolic Extra Dimensions at the Large Hadron Collider

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Outline

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- Motivation and description of the model
- Possible signals at the LHC
- Conclusions

The paper

- Based on arXiv:0806.1841 [hep-ph]
- In collaboration with Tommy Ohlsson

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- Alternative solution: Large extra dimensions

Extra dimensions — the ADD model

- The ADD model:
 - Arkani-Hamed, Dimopolous, and Dvali (1998)
 - d extra spatial dimensions
 - Compactified on a torus (a flat space)
 - SM fields confined to a 4-dimensional brane
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- \bullet The extra dimensions can be large, \sim 10 $\mu m_{\rm h}$ i.e., Large extra dimensions

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- However, if $M_*=1~{\rm TeV}$, then $L\sim 10^{31/d}~{\rm TeV}^{-1}\gg M_*^{-1}$
- New hierarchy between M_* and L^{-1}



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- Hyperbolic geometry: constant negative curvature v
- Hyperbolic disc of radius *L*:

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- Our model: two extra dimensions with the geometry of a hyperbolic disc

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The hyperbolic disc model

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- The main SM background, from $p+p \to {
 m jet}/\gamma + Z(\to \nu \bar{\nu})$, has been simulated in PYTHIA

Cross sections — hadronic jet production

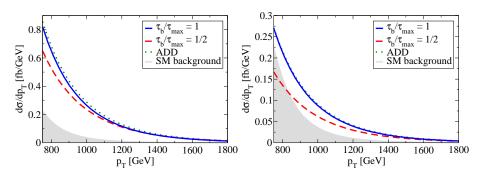


Figure: The differential cross section for graviton plus jet production with respect to $p_{\rm T}$. Left panel: $M_*=1.5~{\rm TeV}$. Right panel: $M_*=2~{\rm TeV}$.

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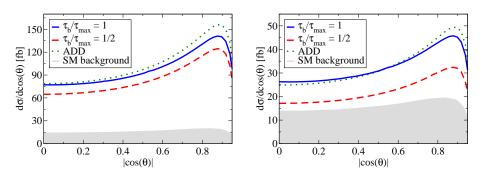


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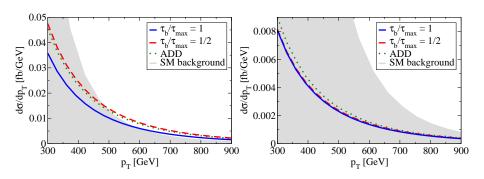


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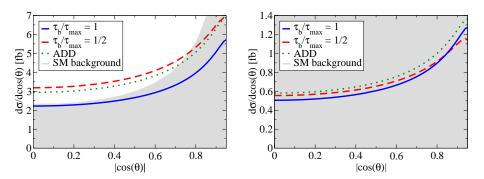


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