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SYM Theories on \mathbb{CP}^2

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Motivation

Compute $d = 4 \ N = 2$ SYM partition functions on compact manifolds with a T^2 -action and a Killing vector with isolated fixed points

Two conjectures:

- Fluxes enter the partition functions as a shift of the Coulomb branch parameter [Nekrasov (2005)]
- Any distribution of instanton or anti-instantons at each fixed point gives rise to a supersymmetric theory [Festuccia, Qiu, Winding, Zabzine (2018)]

 \Rightarrow Donaldson-Witten theory on S^4 corresponds to instantons at both poles. Flipping one of them to an anti-instanton gives rise to Pestun theory on S^4

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Introduction: $5d \mathcal{N} = 1 \text{ SYM}$

Five dimensional N = 1 SYM on simply connected Sasaki-Einstein manifolds with T^3 -action and a Killing vector v with isolated fixed fibers

 \Rightarrow Only configuration invariant under the T^3 -action contribute, and localize around the fixed orbits of the Killing vector [Qiu, Zabzine (2016)]

$$F_{H}^{+} = 0, \quad \iota_{v}F = 0 \Rightarrow \text{Contact instanton}: \star F = -\kappa \wedge F$$

 $D_{\mu}\sigma = 0$

Around each fixed fiber the manifold looks like twisted $\mathbb{C}^2 imes S^1$

$$Z = \int_{\mathfrak{h}} d\sigma_0 e^{-\frac{8\pi^3 r}{g_{YM}^2} \varrho \operatorname{Tr}[\sigma_0^2]} \cdot \det'_{adj} S_3^{\mathcal{C}}(i\sigma_0|v) \prod_{i=1}^r Z_{\mathbb{C}^2 \times S^1}^{\operatorname{Nekrasov}}(\beta_i, \epsilon_i, \epsilon'_i)$$

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Introduction: S^5

Perturbative partition function on squashed $S^1 \hookrightarrow S^5 \to \mathbb{CP}^2$

$$Z_{S^5}^{pert} = \prod_{\alpha \in roots} \prod_{n_1, n_2, n_3 \ge 0} (\mathbf{n} \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega} + i\alpha(\sigma_0)) \prod_{n_1, n_2, n_3 \ge 1} (\mathbf{n} \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega} - i\alpha(\sigma_0))$$

where $\mathbf{n} = (n_1, n_2, n_3)$ are eigenvalues under T^3 -action and squashing parameters $\boldsymbol{\omega} = (\omega_1, \omega_2, \omega_3)$

To localize one needs to pick a pair of supercharges $Q + \overline{Q}$, $Q - \overline{Q}$ squaring to bosonic transformations which include a $U(1) \subset T^3$

 \Rightarrow The Killing vector field generating this transformation

$$\mathbf{v} = \omega_1 \mathbf{e}_1 + \omega_2 \mathbf{e}_2 + \omega_3 \mathbf{e}_3$$

where (e_1, e_2, e_3) is the vector field of T^3 -action on \mathbb{C}^3

Dimensional Reduction 1

Two choices of fiber, with respect to v, for dimensional reduction

•
$$x^{top} = +e_1 + e_2 + e_3 \sim v$$

•
$$x^{ex} = -e_1 + e_2 + e_3$$
 orthogonal to v

Two different quantum numbers for rotation along the fiber

$$t^{top,ex} = \pm n_1 + n_2 + n_3$$

On the (squashed) \mathbb{CP}^2 base manifold we find two theories

- (Equivariant) topologically twisted Donaldson-Witten theory, $v_{4d} = 0$ in the unsquashed limit
- Exotic theory, closely related to Pestun's theory on S^4 , $v_{4d} \neq 0$ in the unsquashed limit

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Perturbative Partition Function on S^5

We substitute t^{top} , t^{ex} in the perturbative partition function

$$Z_{S^{5}}^{top} = \prod_{t^{top} \ge n_{2}+n_{3}} \prod_{n_{2},n_{3} \ge 0} (\omega_{1}t^{top} + \epsilon_{1}^{top}n_{2} + \epsilon_{2}^{top}n_{3} + i\alpha(\sigma_{0})) \times (...)$$
$$Z_{S^{5}}^{ex} = \prod_{t^{ex} \le n_{2}+n_{3}} \prod_{n_{2},n_{3} \ge 0} (-\omega_{1}t^{ex} + \epsilon_{1}^{ex}n_{2} + \epsilon_{2}^{ex}n_{3} + i\alpha(\sigma_{0})) \times (...)$$
$$\epsilon_{1}^{top} = \omega_{2} - \omega_{1}, \quad \epsilon_{2}^{top} = \omega_{3} - \omega_{1}$$
$$\epsilon_{1}^{ex} = \omega_{2} + \omega_{1}, \quad \epsilon_{2}^{ex} = \omega_{3} + \omega_{1}$$

Around each of the three fixed fibers the manifold looks like $\mathbb{C}^2 \times S^1$

$$\Rightarrow \mathsf{Factorized result:} \quad \mathsf{Z}^{\mathsf{pert}}_{\mathcal{S}^5} = \prod_{\alpha \in \mathsf{roots}} \prod_{i=1}^3 \mathsf{Z}^{\mathsf{pert}}_{\mathbb{C}^2 \times \mathcal{S}^1}$$

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Lens Space

To perform dimensional reduction we introduce a \mathbb{Z}_p quotient acting freely on the fiber $L^5(p,\pm 1)\equiv S^5/\mathbb{Z}_p$

 $\Rightarrow \pi_1(L^5(p,\pm 1)) \cong \mathbb{Z}_p$, p inequivalent complex line bundles

$$A = ext{diag}(A_p^{m_1}, ..., A_p^{m_k}), \quad 0 \leq m_i$$

Quotient introduces a projection condition on the modes

$$t^{top,ex} = \pm n_1 + n_2 + n_3 = lpha(\mathfrak{m}) \mod p, \quad \mathfrak{m} = \operatorname{diag}(m_1,...,m_k)$$

and a sum over inequivalent flat connections in the partition function

$$Z_{L^{5}(p,\pm 1)} = \sum_{[\mathfrak{m}]} \int d\sigma_{0} e^{-S_{cl}} Z_{L^{5}(p,\pm 1)}^{pert}(\sigma_{0},\mathfrak{m}) Z_{L^{5}(p,\pm 1)}^{non-pert}(\sigma_{0},\mathfrak{m})$$

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Dimensional Reduction 2

At large p the quotient shrinks the fiber to a point and the manifold effectively resembles \mathbb{CP}^2

- The projection conditions set $t^{top} = \alpha(\mathfrak{m})$ and $t^{ex} = \alpha(\mathfrak{m})$
- The sum over flat connections becomes a sum over flux sectors labeled by their magnetic charge \mathfrak{m}

$$Z_{\mathbb{CP}^2} = \sum_{[\mathfrak{m}]} \int d\sigma_0 e^{-S_{cl}} Z_{\mathbb{CP}^2}^{pert}(\sigma_0, \mathfrak{m}) Z_{\mathbb{CP}^2}^{non-pert}(\sigma_0, \mathfrak{m})$$

- Reducing along $v \sim x^{top}$ contact instantons give anti-self-dual instantons at each of the three fixed points
- Reducing along x^{ex} a contact instanton at one fixed fiber of S^5 is flipped into a self-dual anti-instanton at one fixed point of \mathbb{CP}^2

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Factorized Expressions

Reducing along $v \sim x^{top}$ we find an equivariant version of topologically twisted Donaldson-Witten theory

$$Z_{\mathbb{CP}^2}^{pert,top} = \prod_{\alpha(\mathfrak{m}) \ge n_2 + n_3} \prod_{n_2, n_3 \ge 0} \left(\epsilon_1 n_2 + \epsilon_2 n_3 + i\alpha(\sigma_0) + \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_1 + \epsilon_2}{3}\right) \alpha(\mathfrak{m}) \right) (...)$$

Reducing along $x^{\rm ex}$ we find exotic theories, closely related to Pestun's theory on S^4

$$Z_{\mathbb{CP}^2}^{pert,ex} = \prod_{\alpha(\mathfrak{m}) \le n_2 + n_3} \prod_{n_2, n_3 \ge 0} \left(\epsilon_1 n_2 + \epsilon_2 n_3 + i\alpha(\sigma_0) + \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{\epsilon_1 + \epsilon_2}{3}\right) \alpha(\mathfrak{m}) \right) (\dots)$$

Difference due to fermionic generators Q, \overline{Q} squaring to different isometries on the base manifold

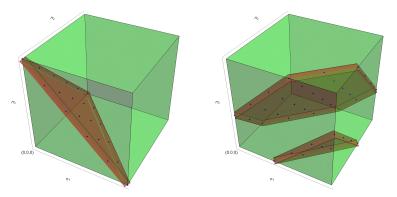
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More on Unfactorized Expressions

At values of $t^{top,ex} = \alpha(\mathfrak{m})$ we plot the slices of (n_2, n_3) contributing to $Z_{\mathbb{CP}^2}^{pert}$



Left plot is a finite slice for $t^{top} = 5$ and right plot are infinite slices for $t^{ex} = \pm 2$.

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Factorized Expression

Similarly we can reduce the factorized expression \Rightarrow at each fixed point of \mathbb{CP}^2 the manifold looks like \mathbb{C}^2

 \Rightarrow Fluxes only enter as a shift of the Coulomb branch parameter σ_{0}

$$I = 1 \quad \text{top:} \ i\alpha(\sigma_0) + \alpha(\mathfrak{m}) \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_1 + \epsilon_2}{3}\right)$$
$$\text{ex:} \ i\alpha(\sigma_0) + \alpha(\mathfrak{m}) \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{\epsilon_1 + \epsilon_2}{3}\right),$$

Similarly for I = 2, 3 fixed points.

Factorized expressions need to be regularized. We use regularization coming from ${\cal S}^5$

 \Rightarrow Ongoing work with R. Mauch [2112.xxxx] to derive a purely d = 4 approach to regularization

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Conclusions

We have found results for the perturbative partition function, at all flux sector, on \mathbb{CP}^2 , both for topologically twisted and exotic theories:

- We find shifts due to fluxes consistent with Nekrasov's conjecture
- We show how both DW and Pestun-like theories arise from dimensional reduction of same 5d $\mathcal{N}=1$ SYM theory on S^5
- We find sum over a single integer labeling different flux sectors

The procedure is generalizable into two directions:

- Extend reduction to generic d = 5 Sasaki-Einstein manifolds
- Consider quaternion projective space $\mathbb{HP}^1 = S^4$
 - \Rightarrow Hopf fibration $S^3 \hookrightarrow S^7 \to S^4$

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