
AXIONS IN STOCKHOLM, NORDITA

Non-linear Evolution of Primordial Parity Violation

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Based on work with E. Komatsu, D. Jamieson, T. Kurita

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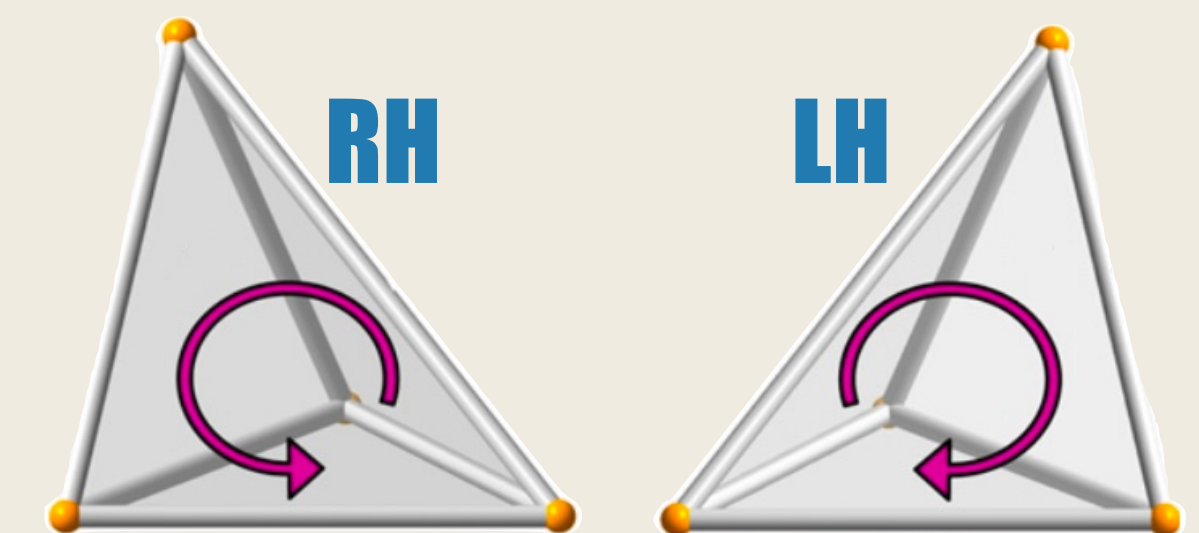


Summary

- A **violation of parity symmetry** is a **new probe of the primordial universe!**
- Parity violation in primordial density fluctuations is a generic prediction of **axion inflation**
- Observed **CMB anisotropies** and the **distribution of galaxies** also break parity
- To connect **theory** and **observation**, we need to model **non-linear evolution** from early to late times

Probe of Parity Violation in the LSS

- How to extract information about parity violation from the **scalar inflaton fluctuations** $\delta\phi$?
 - Evolve to **matter density perturbations** δ_m : $\delta\phi \rightarrow \zeta \rightarrow \delta_m = \delta\rho_m/\bar{\rho}_m$
 - Consider **correlation functions** of δ_m
- The **power spectrum** (2pcf) and **bispectrum** (3pcf) are not sensitive to parity violation
- The **trispectrum** (4pcf) is the lowest order statistics sensitive to parity violation [Shiraishi (2016), Cahn, Slepian, Hou (2023)]



[Figure: D. Yogev-Einot et al. 2007]

Parity Violating Matter Trispectrum

- The trispectrum can be split into the **parity-even** and **parity-odd** parts

$$\langle \delta_m(\vec{k}_1)\delta_m(\vec{k}_2)\delta_m(\vec{k}_3)\delta_m(\vec{k}_4) \rangle_c = (2\pi)^3 \delta_D(\vec{k}_{1234}) (T_{m,+}(\vec{k}_1, \vec{k}_2, \vec{k}_3, \vec{k}_4) + i T_{m,-}(\vec{k}_1, \vec{k}_2, \vec{k}_3, \vec{k}_4))$$

- We compute the **non-linear** corrections at **1-loop** order in Eulerian perturbation theory

$$T_{m,-} = T_{m,-}^{lin} + T_{m,-}^{1-loop} + \dots$$

$$T_{m,-}^{1-loop} \propto \int T_{m,-}^{lin} P_m^{lin} \times (\text{SPT Kernel})$$

[SA, Komatsu, Jamieson, Kurita in preparation]

Parity Violating Matter Trispectrum

$$T_{m,-}(\vec{k}_1, \vec{k}_2, \vec{k}_3, \vec{k}_4) = T_{m,-}^{lin}(\vec{k}_1, \vec{k}_2, \vec{k}_3, \vec{k}_4) + (T_{m,-}^{1122}(\vec{k}_1, \vec{k}_2, \vec{k}_3, \vec{k}_4) + 5 \text{ Perm.}) + (T_{m,-}^{1113}(\vec{k}_1, \vec{k}_2, \vec{k}_3, \vec{k}_4) + 3 \text{ Perm.}) + \dots$$

$$T_{m,-}^{lin}(\vec{k}_1, \vec{k}_2, \vec{k}_3, \vec{k}_4) = \mathcal{T}(k_1)\mathcal{T}(k_2)\mathcal{T}(k_3)\mathcal{T}(k_4) T_{\zeta,-}(\vec{k}_1, \vec{k}_2, \vec{k}_3, \vec{k}_4)$$

PRIMORDIAL PARITY-ODD TRISPECTRUM

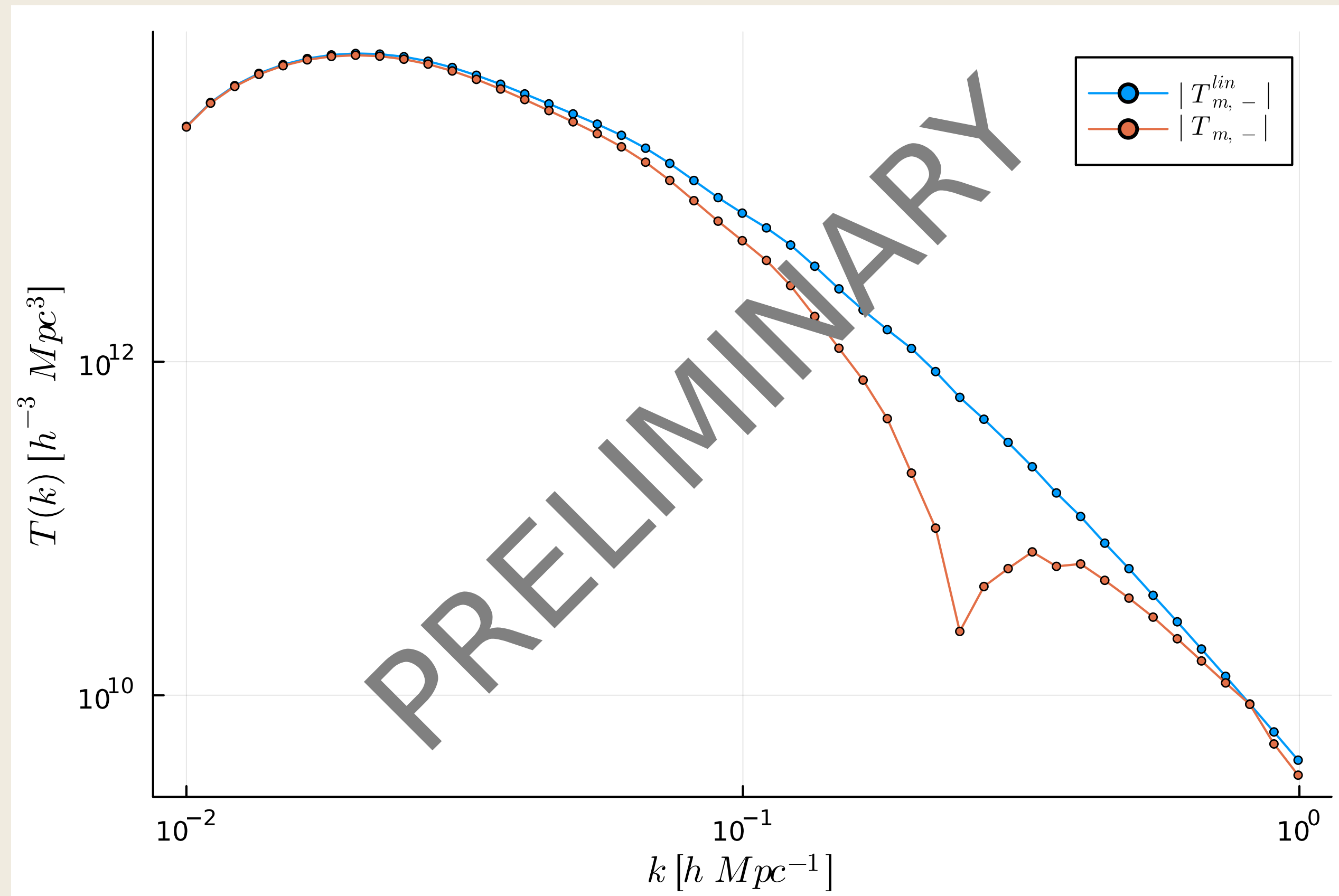
$$T_{m,-}^{1122}(\vec{k}_1, \vec{k}_2, \vec{k}_3, \vec{k}_4) = 4 \int_{\vec{q}} F_2^{(s)}(\vec{q}, \vec{k}_3 - \vec{q}) F_2^{(s)}(-\vec{q}, \vec{k}_4 + \vec{q}) P_m^{11}(q) T_{m,-}^{lin}(\vec{k}_1, \vec{k}_2, \vec{k}_3 - \vec{q}, \vec{k}_4 + \vec{q})$$

$$T_{m,-}^{1113}(\vec{k}_1, \vec{k}_2, \vec{k}_3, \vec{k}_4) = T_{m,-}^{lin}(\vec{k}_1, \vec{k}_2, \vec{k}_3, \vec{k}_4) \frac{P_m^{13}(k_4)}{P_m^{lin}(k_4)} + 3 P_m^{11}(k_1) \int_{\vec{q}} F_3^{(s)}(\vec{q}, -\vec{k}_1, \vec{k}_1 + \vec{k}_4 - \vec{q}) T_{m,-}^{lin}(\vec{k}_2, \vec{k}_3, \vec{q}, \vec{k}_1 + \vec{k}_4 - \vec{q}) + (\vec{k}_1 \leftrightarrow \vec{k}_2) + (\vec{k}_1 \leftrightarrow \vec{k}_3)$$

[SA, Komatsu, Jamieson, Kurita in preparation]

Parity Violating Matter Trispectrum

With
primordial
parity-odd
template



Squeezed
configuration
 $k_1 \ll k_2 \sim k_3 \sim k_4$

[SA, Komatsu, Jamieson, Kurita in preparation]

SHA AZYZY - NON-LINEAR EVOLUTION OF PARITY VIOLATION

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Thank you for your attention!